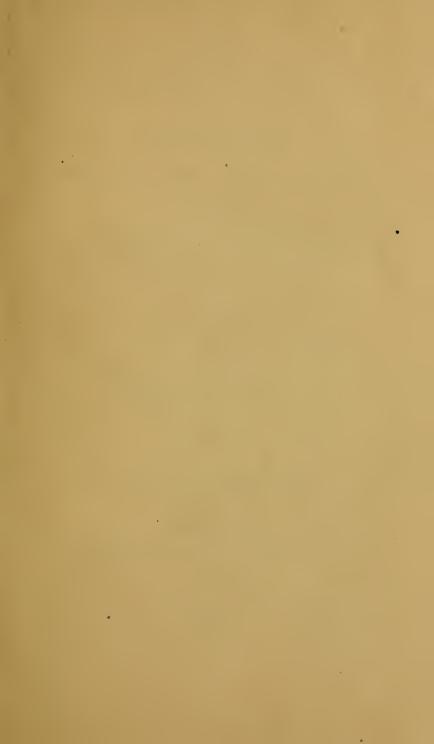
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THE

AMERICAN TRAVELLER;

or

GUIDE

THROUGH THE UNITED STATES.

CONTAINING

BRIEF NOTICES OF THE SEVERAL STATES, CITIES, PRINCIPAL TOWNS, CANALS AND RAIL ROADS, &c.

WITH

Tables of Distances,

BY STAGE, CANAL AND STEAM BOAT ROUTES.

The whole

Alphabetically arranged, with direct Reference to the accompanying Map of the Roads, Canals, and Railways of the United States.

EIGHTH EDITION.

BY H. S. TANNER.

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PREFACE.

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ENCOURAGED by an increased demand for the American Traveller, I have been induced to prepare an enlarged and greatly improved edition of the work; which now includes a great amount of fresh information regarding the Western States and Territories. This will be found to be the case, not only with respect to the recently organized Territories of Wisconsin and Iowa, but also, to a large extent, with nearly all the Western and South western States, comprehending the entire Valley of the Mississippi. In some instances the old descriptions have been either greatly modified or written anew.

New tables of distances have been added; fresh accounts of Rail-roads and Canals have been inserted, and those of an early date corrected. The entire work, in short, has been subjected to a thorough and careful revision, and is thus brought down to the present time, and rendered, I trust, worthy of that approbation of which the rapid sale of the previous editions affords the most gratifying evidence.

PREFACE TO THE FOURTH EDITION.

Brevity being an essential quality in a book designed for the pocket of the traveller, I have endeavoured to embody within the compass of a small volume, as many facts, and as much useful information, as a due regard to the leading object of the present work would admit. I have therefore omitted all such details and extraneous matters as would only serve to augment the size of the volume, without producing a corresponding increase of utility. The work will accordingly be found to consist of little else than very concise statements of such facts in relation to the several states, their population, number of

counties, area, forms of government, cities, towns, roads, canals, distances, &c. as would be most likely to prove useful

to, or deserve the notice of the traveller.

Under the head of each city, or large town, is given an account, arranged in tabular form, of all the leading routes from each, distinguishing between those by Steam-boats, Stages or Canal-boats, with the distances from place to place, carefully noted.

A brief account of the principal objects of curiosity in or near the larger towns, will also be found under the head of

each.

With regard to the canals and rail-roads of the United States, the reader will perceive, that I have entered rather more into

details than in the other parts of the work.

Regarding the subject as one of importance, I have drawn up from the most authentic sources, accounts of those works which will be found under the heads of the respective states. Those accounts will elucidate the extent, points of commencement and termination, and such other facts, as are considered important in reference to the general system of internal improvements in our country.

The accompanying map, it will be perceived, exhibits all the leading towns, roads, canals, &c. with the distances from one place to another, distinctly indicated by figures. The numbers contained in each of the rhombs, formed by the intersecting lines of latitude and longitude, refer to corresponding

numbers in the descriptive volume.

By consulting either the book or map, the place sought for

in the other can be found with great facility.

In addition to the information contained in the body of the map, there are appended to the same sheet, the following supplementary maps, plans, &c.—1. Environs of Boston. 2. Of Providence. 3. Of New York. 4. Of Philadelphia. 5. Of Baltimore and Washington, with a plan of the City of Washington. 6. Of Richmond, Va. 7. Of Charleston. 8. Of Quebec. 9. Of Montreal. 10. Of the falls of Niagara. 11. Of Albany. 12. Of Pottsville, Pa. 13. Pittsburg. 14. Map of the Hudson River. 15. Plan of Cincinnati. 16. Of Louisville, Ohio. 17. Of New Orleans. Four additional plans on a more extended scale, of Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, respectively, will be found opposite the description of each of those places in the volume.

THE

AMERICAN TRAVELLER, &c.

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EXPLANATION.

To find the position of any place on the map, observe the number in brackets, thus, (100,) immediately succeeding the name in the volume. Look for the corresponding number on the map and within the rhomb containing that number, the place sought for will be found. The map itself contains in each of the rhombs, figures which refer to the index; thus reciprocally tending to facilitate their use

and application, one to the other.

and application, one to the other.

Abbreviations. Me. Maine. N. H. New Hampshire. Vt. Vermont. Nass. Massachusetts. R. I. Rhode Island. Ct. Connecticut. N. Y. New York. N. J. New Jersey. Pa. Pennsylvania. D. Delaware. Md. Maryland. Va. Virginia. N. C. North Carolina. S. C. South Carolina. G. Georgia. F. Florida. Al. Alabama. Miss. Mississippi. L. Louisiana. Ark. Arkansas. Ten. Tennessee. K. Kentucky. Mo. Missouri. 11. Illinois. In. Indiana. Mic. Michigan. O. Ohio. Wis. Wisconsin. Io. Iowa. Can. Canada. C. H. Courthouse. R. River. The population of the several states, &c. is given, according to the census of 1830, unless otherwise expressed.

The great leading roads can be found by referring to the cities and towns through which they pass, thus for example, if the road from Washington to New Orleans be required, turn to the article "Washington," where will be found the route to Richmond, Va. then to that of "Richmond," where the road to Raleigh is given, and so on. where will be found the route to Richmond, Va. then to

Alabama, state of, (247,) is divided into forty-nine counties, and contained in 1830, a population of 300,527, including 117,549 slaves. Area 52,000 square miles. Capital, Tuscaloosa. Metropolis, Mobile, Lat. 30° 41'. Long. 11° 12' W.

General Election, first Monday in August. Legislature meet, fourth Monday in October. Constitution formed, 1819.

Government.—The Governor is elected for two years; salary \$3500. Secretary of State, \$1000 and fees. Treasurer and Comptroller of Public Accounts,—salary of each, \$1000; all elected by the Legislature.

Legislature.—The legislative power is vested in two branches, a Senate and House of Representatives, which together are styled the General Assembly of the state of Alabama.

The representatives are elected annually, and are apportioned among the different counties in proportion to the white population; the whole number cannot exceed 100, nor fall short of 60. The senators are elected for three years, and one-third of them are chosen every year. Their number cannot be more than one-third, nor less than one-fourth the number of the representatives.

Judiciary.—The judicial power is vested in a supreme court, in circuit courts, and such inferior courts as the General Assembly may, from time to time, direct or establish. The Judges are elected by joint votes of both houses of the General

Assembly, every six years.

The supreme court, which has appellate jurisdiction only, consists of one chief justice and two associate judges: each receives a salary of \$2,500 per annum. It holds its sessions at the capital of the state on the first Mondays of January and June. The circuit court has original jurisdiction in civil and criminal cases, and appellate jurisdiction in all appeals from inferior courts; it is composed of nine judges, one for each of the nine circuits into which the state is divided. Each of the judges receives \$2000 a year, except the judge of the fifth circuit, whose salary is \$1,500. This court is invested with chancery powers, each judge is chancellor in his particular district.

Education.—In addition to the numerous common schools established by the legislature, there are many academies distributed throughout the state, in which the Greek and Latin languages are taught along with the higher branches of an

English education.

The University of Alabama, incorporated in 1820, is situated near Tuscaloosa, and is now in successful operation. La Grange College, established by the Methodists, is in the northern part of the state, a few miles from Florence on the Tennessee river. Incorporated in 1830. College of Spring-Hill, a Catholic institution, occupies a pleasant situation a few miles

South Alabama Institute in Perry county, west of Mobile.

was opened in 1835.

Military Force-Consists of ten divisions, each under the command of a major-general; twenty brigades and eighty-one regiments. All able-bodied white men, with some exceptions, from the ages of 18 to 45, are required to perform military duty. The militia assemble four times a year, two days for drill, one for regimental muster and one day for battalion muster. A new organization of the militia of this state is

contemplated.

Physical Structure.—In the northern part of Alabama, mountains of considerable elevation occur between the valley of the Tennessee and the head waters of the Tombeebee, Black Warrior, &c. Here the forests consist chiefly of oak, ash, hickory, elm, poplar, &c. The central and southern portions of the state, are nearly destitute of mountains, which wholly disappear in the south. The products of the forests here, are similar to those in the north, but interspersed with pine, which increases towards the south, forming, with the long leaved-pine, cypress, gum, swamp oak, holly, &c. the immense forest which still exists there.

Rivers.—Tennessee, Alabama, Talapoosa, Coosa, Cahawba, Tombeebee, Black Warrior, Chattahooche, &c.

Productions.—Cotton and corn are the chief, rice and sugar.

Gold has been found in the northern part of this state.

Internal Improvements.—Consist of a rail-road from Tuscumbia to Decatur on the Tennessee river, length 47 miles. One from Pensacola in Florida to Montgomery on the Alabama: length 190 miles. One from Montgomery to West Point on the Chattahoochee in Georgia. Length 90 miles. Of a canal from Huntsville to Triano on the Tennessee: of a canal from the head of the Muscle Shoals to Florence on the Tennessee. Length 37 miles. Rail-reads are proposed to extend from Daleville to Greensboro, 50 miles. From Erie to Greensboro, 17 miles. From Mobile to the Tennessee river, about 450 miles. From Demopolis to Woodville. From Livingston to Moscow. From Benton to Haysville, 18 miles.

Principal Towns. Mobile, Blakely, Montgomery, Tusca-

loosa, Tuscumbia, Florence, Huntsville, &c.

Alachua Ferry, Fl. (329.) Alaqua, Fl. (313.) Alatamaha R., G. (304.) Albemarle Sound, N. C. Alatamaha Canal, see Geor-(238.)

gia, (304.) Albion, Il. (166.)

Albany, N. Y. (83.) Capital of the state of New York,

contains a population of about 35,000. The principal buildings are: the Capitol in State-street. Academy, in which the lyceum of the Albany Institute is established. City Hall near the capitol, and about 20 churches, some of which are handsome edifices; theatre, museum, public library, several banks, &c. The canal pier, and basin, deserve particular attention. Steam-boats, stages and canal-boats depart in every direction almost hourly.

ROUTES FROM ALBANY.

To New York by	Steam	Schenectady,	19 28
Boats.		Amsterdam,	18 46
	Miles.	Schoharie Cr.	7 53
Coeymans,	13	Caughnawaga,	4 57
Coxackie,	7 20	Canajoharie,	12 69
Hudson,	8 28	Little Falls,	19 88
Catskill,		Herkimer,	7 95
(thence to Pine Orch	l-	Frankfort,	5 100
ard 14 miles.)		Utica,	10 110
Red Hook Landing,	11 45	Whitesboro,	4 114
Kingston,	10 55	Rome,	11 125
Hyde Park,	10 65	New London,	7 132
Pokeepsie,	5 70	Canistota,	14 146
Newburg,	15 85	New Boston,	4 150
West Point,	8 93	Chitteningo,	4 154
Peekskill,	10 103	Manlius,	8 162
Singsing,	10 113	Syracuse,	9 171
Phillipsburg,	16 129	Geddesburg,	2 173
New York,	16 145	Canton,	12 185
		Jordan,	6 191
To Utica by Rail.	Road.	Wcedsport,	6 197
Schenectady,	16	Montezuma, (Lake	
Amsterdam,	15 31	Port)	9 206
Caughnawaga,	9 40	Clyde,	11 217
Palatine Bridge,	12 52	Lyons,	9 226
Little Falls of Mo-		Lockville,	6 232
hawk,	20 72	Palmyra,	9 241
Herkimer,	7 79	Fairport,	11 252
Utica,	17 96	Pittsford,	8 260
		Rochester,	10 270
To Buffalo by Erie	Canal.	Ogden,	12 282
Troy,	7	Adams,	3 285
Junction,	2 9		

Brockport,	5 (290	Beekmansville,	19	45
Holly,	5	295	Cherry Valley,	7	52
Albion,		305	Cooperstown,	12	64
		333		10	
Lockport,		340	Burlington,	20	94
Pendleton,		$\frac{340}{352}$	Smyrna,		
Tonnewanta,			Deruyter,	21	
Buffalo,	11	363	Truxtun,	10	
			Cortlandt,	13	
To Buffalo by Sta		10	Ithaea,	21	159
Schenectady, by R. R.		16	TI S 7 12 TT 1	7	
Amsterdam,	16	32	To Sacket's Harbo	or, by	
Caughnawaga,	11	43	Stage.		0.0
Palatine Bridge,	11	54	Utica, .		96
Manheim,	13	67	Rome,	16	
Little Falls,	7	74	Fish Creek,	11	
Herkimer,	7	81	Redfield,	20	
Utiea,	15	96	Lorain,	16	
Manchester,		105	Adams,		167
Vernon,		113	Sacket's Harbor,	10	177
Lenox,		122			
Sullivan,	8	130	To Ballston and Sar	atoma	har
Manlius,	6	136	Rail Road.	atogu	vy
West Hills,	12	148			
Skaneateles,		162	Scheneetady,		16
Auburn,		169	Ballston,	14	30
Cayuga,		178	Saratoga,	6	36
Waterloo,		186	(thence to Lake G	eorge	
Geneva,		192	32 miles.)		
Canandaigua,		208			
Bloomfield,		217	To Whitehall, by Co	hampl	ain
		226	Canal.	F	
Lima,		233	Troy,		7
Avon,		241		2	9
Caledonia,		241	Junction,	$\tilde{2}$	11
Leroy,			Waterford,	8	19
Batavia,		257	Mechanicsville,		23
Pembroke,		271	Stillwater,	4	25 26
Ransom's Grove,			Bemus Heights,	3	
Williamsville,		287		9	35
Buffalo,	10	297	Fort Miller,	5	40
			Fort Edward,	8	48
To Ithaca, by St	age.		Kingsbury,	5	53
Hamilton,		8		7	60
Duanesburg,	12	20	,	6	66
Esperance,	6	26	Whitehall,	6	72

	To Whitehall, by A	Stamo	, ,	Berlin,	10 01
Troy	7.	stuge	6	Warm Spring,	10 21 8 29
Lan	singburg,	3	9	Pownall,	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 29 \\ 4 & 33 \end{array}$
Wat	erford,	ĭ	10	Bennington,	8 41
	hanicsville,	8	18	Shaftsbury,	8 49
	water,	\tilde{z}	$\hat{20}$	Sunderland,	8 57
	ylersville,	13	33	Manchester,	8 65
Nort	humberland,		35	Tinmouth,	18 83
Fort	Miller,	2 3	38	Rutland,	17 100
	Edward,	8	46	Pittsford,	8 108
	ly Hill,	3	49	Brandon,	9 117
King	sbury,	5	54	Middlebury,	16 133
	Ann,	4	58	Vergennes,	14 147
Whi	tehall,	14	72	Charlotte,	9 156
	,			Burlington,	13 169
To	Montreal, by Sta,	ge ar	id	,	20 100
	Steamboat.			Tr. Destant to 0	
Whi	tehall, as above,		72	To Boston, by S	tage.
		23	95	Union,	11
	r iconderoga,	20	99		11
	Ticonderoga, Crown Point,		109	Lebanon Spring,	14 25
	Crown Point, Basin Harbor,	14 12	109 121	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield,	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 14 & 25 \\ 7 & 32 \end{array} $
	Crown Point,	14 12	109	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton,	14 25 7 32 5 37
	Crown Point, Basin Harbor, Essex, Burlington,	14 12 9 15	109 121 130 145	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton, Peru,	14 25 7 32 5 37 9 46
	Crown Point, Basin Harbor, Essex, Burlington, S. Hero,	14 12 9 15 9	109 121 130 145 154	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton, Peru, Worthington,	14 25 7 32 5 37 9 46 9 55
	Crown Point, Basin Harbor, Essex, Burlington, S. Hero, Plattsburg,	14 12 9 15 9	109 121 130 145 154 162	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton, Peru, Worthington, Chesterfield,	14 25 7 32 5 37 9 46 9 55 5 60
	Crown Point, Basin Harbor, Essex, Burlington, S. Hero, Plattsburg, Chazy,	14 12 9 15 9 8 14	109 121 130 145 154 162 176	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton, Peru, Worthington, Chesterfield, Northampton,	14 25 7 32 5 37 9 46 9 55 5 60 14 74
m Boat.	Crown Point, Basin Harbor, Essex, Burlington, S. Hero, Plattsburg, Chazy, Isle au Noix,	14 12 9 15 9 8 14 15	109 121 130 145 154 162 176 191	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton, Peru, Worthington, Chesterfield, Northampton, Hadley,	14 25 7 32 5 37 9 46 9 55 5 60 14 74 4 78
By Steam Boat.	Crown Point, Basin Harbor, Essex, Burlington, S. Hero, Plattsburg, Chazy, Isle au Noix, St. Johns,	14 12 9 15 9 8 14 15 9	109 121 130 145 154 162 176 191 200	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton, Peru, Worthington, Chesterfield, Northampton, Hadley, Belchertown,	14 25 7 32 5 37 9 46 9 55 5 60 14 74 4 78 10 88
By Steam Boat.	Crown Point, Basin Harbor, Essex, Burlington, S. Hero, Plattsburg, Chazy, Isle au Noix, St. Johns,	14 12 9 15 9 8 14 15 9	109 121 130 145 154 162 176 191	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton, Peru, Worthington, Chesterfield, Northampton, Hadley, Belchertown, Western,	14 25 7 32 5 37 9 46 9 55 5 60 14 74 4 78 10 88 14 102
uoW By Steam Boat.	Crown Point, Basin Harbor, Essex, Burlington, S. Hero, Plattsburg, Chazy, Isle au Noix, St. Johns, Prarie, by Stage, treal, by Steam	14 12 9 15 9 8 14 15 9 17	109 121 130 145 154 162 176 191 200 217	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton, Peru, Worthington, Chesterfield, Northampton, Hadley, Belchertown, Western, Brookfield,	14 25 7 32 5 37 9 46 9 55 5 60 14 74 4 78 10 88 14 102 5 107
uoW By Steam Boat.	Crown Point, Basin Harbor, Essex, Burlington, S. Hero, Plattsburg, Chazy, Isle au Noix, St. Johns,	14 12 9 15 9 8 14 15 9 17	109 121 130 145 154 162 176 191 200	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton, Peru, Worthington, Chesterfield, Northampton, Hadley, Belchertown, Western, Brookfield, Spencer,	14 25 7 32 5 37 9 46 9 55 5 60 14 74 4 78 10 88 14 102 5 107 8 115
By Steam Boat.	Crown Point, Basin Harbor, Essex, Burlington, S. Hero, Plattsburg, Chazy, Isle au Noix, St. Johns, rarie, by Stage, treal, by Steam	14 12 9 15 9 8 14 15 9 17	109 121 130 145 154 162 176 191 200 217	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton, Peru, Worthington, Chesterfield, Northampton, Hadley, Belchertown, Western, Brookfield, Spencer, Worcester,	14 25 7 32 5 37 9 46 9 55 5 60 14 74 4 78 10 88 14 102 5 107 8 115 9 124
By Steam Boat.	Crown Point, Basin Harbor, Essex, Burlington, S. Hero, Plattsburg, Chazy, Isle au Noix, St. Johns, Prarie, by Stage, treal, by Steam bat, Burlington, Vt. v	14 12 9 15 9 8 14 15 9 17	109 121 130 145 154 162 176 191 200 217 225	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton, Peru, Worthington, Chesterfield, Northampton, Hadley, Belchertown, Western, Brookfield, Spencer, Worcester, Farmington,	14 25 7 32 5 37 9 46 9 55 5 60 14 74 4 78 10 88 14 102 5 107 8 115 9 124 21 145
By Steam Boat	Crown Point, Basin Harbor, Essex, Burlington, S. Hero, Plattsburg, Chazy, Isle au Noix, St. Johns, Prarie, by Stage, treal, by Steam bat, Burlington, Vt. v ngton, Middlebu	14 12 9 15 9 8 14 15 9 17	109 121 130 145 154 162 176 191 200 217	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton, Peru, Worthington, Chesterfield, Northampton, Hadley, Belchertown, Western, Brookfield, Spencer, Worcester, Farmington, Brookline,	14 25 7 32 5 37 9 46 9 55 5 60 14 74 4 78 10 88 14 102 5 107 8 115 9 124 21 145 17 162
La H By Steam Boat In in by	Crown Point, Basin Harbor, Essex, Burlington, S. Hero, Plattsburg, Chazy, Isle au Noix, St. Johns, Prarie, by Stage, treal, by Steam bat, Burlington, Vt. v	14 12 9 15 9 8 14 15 9 17	109 121 130 145 154 162 176 191 200 217 225	Lebanon Spring, Pittsfield, Dalton, Peru, Worthington, Chesterfield, Northampton, Hadley, Belchertown, Western, Brookfield, Spencer, Worcester, Farmington,	14 25 7 32 5 37 9 46 9 55 5 60 14 74 4 78 10 88 14 102 5 107 8 115 9 124 21 145

Aldboro Bay, U. C. (75.) Aldie, Va. (176.)

Allegheny R. Pa. (103.)

Allegheny Fortage Rail R. see Pennsylvania, (130.)

Allentown, Pa. (133.) A village situated on the right bank of the Lehigh, in Lehigh county, six miles S. W. from Bethlehem, and fifty-five N. N. W. from Philadelphia. Population about 1800.

Alligator Pt. Fl. (328.)
Alexandria, N. Y. (34.)
Alexandria, Me. (42.)
Alexandria, II. (93.)
Alexandria, (13.)

Alexandria, Pa. (128.) Alexandria, Mo. (142.) Alexandria Canal, see Columbia, (176.)

Alexandria, D. C. (176.) A neat and pleasant city and port of entry, on the right bank of the Potomac, occupies the southern angle of the District of Columbia. Population about 9,000. The public buildings are, a Court house, six churches, two banks, &c.

(For routes from Alexandria, see Washington, D. C.) Alexandria, L. (294.) Alfred, Me. (63.)

Alton, II. (163.) A thriving town of Illinois, on the left bank of the Mississippi, three miles above the mouth of the Missouri. Population about 3,000. Its chief buildings are the state penitentiary, market-houses, several extensive hotels, six churches, masonic lodge, &c.

ROUTES FROM ALTON.

To St. Louis, by St	eam I	Boat.	Ramsay's Creek,	28	67
Missouri River,		3	Clarksville,	8	75
Chateau Island,	9	12	Louisiana,	12	87
St. Louis,	11	23	Saverton,	18	105
			Hannibal,	7	112
To New Orleans, l	by Ste	am	Wyaconda,	28	140
Boat.			R. des Moines,	22	162
St. Louis,	•	23	Fort Armstrong,	117	279
Carondelet,	6	29	Prairie Du Chienne,	149	428
Harrison,	23	52			
Herculaneum,	1	5 3	Stage Route to Var	idalia	t.
St. Genevieve,	31	84	Upper Alton,		2
Bainbridge,	61	145	Cahokia River,	15	17
Cape Gerardeau,	10	155	Shoal Creek,	20	37
Ohio River,	41	196	Vandalia,	21	58
New Orleans,	1077	1273			
			To Carlisle.		
To Prairie Du Cl	hienne	, by	Edwardsville,		13
Steam Boa	t.		Troy,	9	22
Peasau Creek,		9	Clifton,	14	36
Illinois River,	10	19	Shoal Creek P. O.	8	44
Cuivre "	20	39	Carlisle,	9	53

To Springfiel	d.		To Carrollton.		
Woodburn,		16	Lurton's,		12
Carlinsville,	20	36	Jerseyville,	7	19
Girard,	12	48	Kane P. O.	5	24
Springfield,	26		Carrollton,	9	33

Alston, S. C. (274.)	Amsterdam, N. Y. (82.)
Amboy, N. J. (134.)	Amelia I., F. (318.)
America, Il. (185.)	Amoskeag Canal, see New
Amesville, O. (151.)	Hampshire, (62.)
Amhurst, U. C. (74.)	Alachua, F. (315.)
Amhurst, N. H. (85.)	Anastatia I., F. (330.)
Amhurst, C. H. Va. (195.)	

Annapolis, Md. (177.) Capital of the state, and seat of justice of Anne Arundel county; is situated on the Chesapeake Bay, and contains the State House, St. John's College, &c. Population about 2750. Distant from Washington 40 miles.

Andover, Mass. (85.)	Angelica, N. Y. (78.)
Ann Arbour, Mich. (73.)	Anson, Me. (40.)
Antwerp, N. Y. (34.)	Appalachie Bay, F. (327.)
Andersonville, S. C. (252.)	Applington, G. (271.)

Arkansas, state of, (220) is divided into 35 counties. Population in 1830, 30,388, including 4,575 slaves; in 1835, 58,134. Area, 60,700 square miles. Capital, Little Rock. Metropolis, Arkansas. Lat. 34° N. Long. 14° 21′ W. General election in August. Legislature meet every two years. Constitution formed, 1836.

Government.—The Governor receives \$2000 per annum, is elected for four years, but is not eligible more than eight years out of any period of twelve years.

Legislature.—Consists of a Senate and House of Represen-

tatives, styled the General Assembly; meets on the first Monday in November. The Senate can never consist of more than 33 nor less than 17 members. The House of Representatives of not less than 54, nor more than 100 representatives.

Judiciary.—The judicial power is vested in a Supreme Court, (3 judges,) whose jurisdiction is appellate; circuit courts, county courts, and justices of the peace. The official term of the judges of the supreme court, is eight years; and those of the circuit court four years. Justices, who are elected by the people, hold their offices for two years. The judges of county courts are chosen by the justices of the peace.

Physical Structure.—In the eastern part of the territory it is level, portions of it often inundated; in the centre, hills begin to show themselves, and further west the country becomes mountainous, though level and elevated plains of considerable extent occur between the ridges.

Rivers.—Arkansas, St. Francis, White, Washita, Red, &c. Productions.—Cotton, Corn, Wheat; the Peach, Grape, Plum, and some other fruits flourish in great abundance.

Towns.—Little Rock, Arkansas, Point Chicot, St. Francis, Jackson, Batesville, Litchfield, Lewisburg, Helena, Jefferson, Scotia, &c.

Arkansas River, Ark. (242.) Arkansas, Ark. (243.) Arlington, Vt. (60.) Armagh, P. (129.) Ash, Va. (176.) Assateague I., Md. (178.) Asheville, N. C. (232.) Asliboro, N. C. (235.) Asheville, Ala. (267.) Atchafalaya R., Lou. (322.) Atchafalaya Bay, Lou. (322.) Athens, P. (106.) Athens, O. (150.) Athens, Il. (164.) Athens, T. (230.) Athens, Ala. (247.)

Athens, G. (270.)
Atkins, Va. (213.)
Atlas, Il. (142.)
Auburn, N. Y. (80.)
Augusta, K. (170.)
Augusta, Miss. (297.)
Augusta, G. (272.)
Aurora, N. Y. (80.)
Aurora, Il. (145.)
Aurora, O. (101.)
Austenville, Va. (214.)
Autauga, Ala. (284.)
Averysboro, N. C. (236.)
Avon, Me. (39.)
Avon, N. Y. (79.)

В.

Back Bay, Va. (219.) Bainbridge, O. (149.) Bainbridge, G. (303.) Balcony Falls Canal, see Virginia, (195.)
Balize, Lou. (325.)

Ballston Spa, N. Y. (83.) The Springs at Ballston have long been celebrated for their medicinal virtues, and are resorted to by many invalids and others. The waters resemble those of Saratoga, though not so strongly impregnated with the mineral ingredients. There are several good hotels and private boarding houses, reading rooms, &c. in the village, which is justly regarded as one of the most pleasant and salubrious places of resort in the country.

ROUTES FROM BALLSTON.

Saratoga Springs, Saratoga Lake, Schenectady, by Rail R. Albany,	6	Waterford, by Stage, Glenn's Falis, Lake George,	22 25 38
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Ballsville, Va. (196.)

Baltimore, Md. (156.) Is the chief city in Maryland, and the third in point of population in the United States. It occupies a favourable position, and appears to much advantage on approaching it from the west. The country immediately in the rear swells into hills, sufficiently elevated to afford an extensive view of the city and its environs, and to render the entire landscape particularly attractive. Population in 1830, 80,625. The objects most worthy of attention, are Washington Monument, at the intersection of Charles and Monument Strects; it is surmounted by a colossal statue of Washington, elevated 163 feet. Battle Monument in Calvert street. Exchange in Gay street. City Spring in Calvert street. Penitentiary on Madison street. Hospital in the N. W. suburbs. Cathedral; Custom House; two Colleges; University buildings; Alms House; Court House; two Theatres; Museum; Water Works, &c. &c.

ROUTES FROM BALTIMORE.

To Philadelphia, by R.	Road,	Philadelphia,	1	95
via Havre De Grace				
Depot,	1	To Philadelphia, by	S.	Boat
Back R.	4 5	and Rail Roa		
Gunpowder R.	11 16	Fort M'Henry,		3
Bush R.	7 23	Sparrows Pt.	6	9
Havre De Grace,	12 35	North Pt.	3	12
Charleston,	6 41	Pool's Island,	13	25
Northeast,	3 44	Turkey Pt.	23	48
Elkton,	6 50	Frenchtown,	16	64
Newark Road,	6 56	N. Castle, by R. R.	16	80
Newport,	8 64	Chester, by S. Boat,	17	97
Wilmington,	4 68	Philadelphia,	18	115
Marcus Hook Road,	9 77	<u></u>		
Chester,	4 81	To Philadelphia, by	y Stee	ım
Gray's Ferry Viaduct,	9 90	Boat and Can	al.	
Philad'a. R. R.	4 94	Turkey Pt. as above		48





f Bohemia,	10 58	Crossing of Pata) -
Deep Cut,	5 63	sco,	12 26
€ { St. George's,	4 67	Sykes,	3 29
O Delaware City	5 72	S Gillets run.	6 35
New Castle,	6 78	Sykes, Gillets run, Parrsville, New Market,	5 40
Philadelphia,	35 113	New Market,	6 46
i illadelpilla,	00 110	Monocacy river,	9 55
To Dilladalatia be	. Stamo	Frederick,	4 59
To Philadelphia, by			-
Gunpowder V.	14	(Thence to the Pt. of	
Abingdon,	10 24	Rocks, 11 miles.)	0 000
Havre De Grace,	10 34	Middletown,	9 68°
Elkton,	16 50	Boonsboro,	7 75
Wilmington,	20 70	(Thence to Hagerstov	vn,
Chester,	13 83	11 miles.)	
Philadelphia,	15 98	Williamsport,	12 87
-		Big Spring,	10 97
To Washington, by	Stage.	Hancock,	17 114
Elkridge Landing,	8	Prattsville,	18 132
Waterloo,	5 13	(Cumberland,	21 153
Vansville,	10 23	Mt. Pleasant,	10 163
Bladensburg,	8 31		25 188
Washington,	6 37	8 Smythfield	4 192
w asning ton,	0 31	A Union	. 21 213
TT- TT1:	C4	Petersburg, Smythfield, Union, Brownsville, Hillsboro, Washington,	12 225
To Washington, by	Bleam	S Brownsvine,	11 236
Boat.	10	Hillsboro,	12 248
Bodkin Pt.	13	Z Washington,	
Herring Bay,	32 45	W. Alexandria,	15 263
Patuxent,	32 77	Wheeling,	16 279
Pt. Lookout,	20 97		
Washington's B. P.	31 128	To Frederick, by S	stage.
Matthews Pt.	18 146	Ellicotts,	10
Cook's Ferry,	23 169	Lisbon,	12 22
Mt. Vernon.	18 187	Poplar Spring,	5 27
Alexandria,	. 9 196	Parrsville,	4 31
Washington,	8 204	New Market,	5 36
		Frederick,	11 47
To Wheeling, Va. l	bu Rail		
Road and Stag	e.	To Annapolis, by S	Stage.
C Deep Cut.	2	Patapsco R.	7
Washington road Still house run,		Indian Landing,	14 21
Still house run,	1 6	Annapolis,	9 30
Patapsco river,	4 10	Timapons,	
Ellicott's,	2 12	To Gettysburg, Pa. b	a Sture
Eagle Factory,		LU CICLIGOUNIZ, Lu. U	y wages
	2 14	Hookton,	n n





Reisterstown,	11 17	Towsenton,	2 7
Westminster,	12 29	Golden Ho.	7 14
Petersburg,	15 44	Hereford,	7 21
Gettysburg,	10 54	Wisebury,	2 23
		Strasburg,	11 34
To York, Pa. by S	Stage.	York,	14 48
Govanston,	5		

Baltimore	and	Ohio	Rail
Road.	See	Mar	yland,
(156.)			
Baltimore	and	Susque	hanna
Rail Ro	ad. S	ee Mar	yland,
(156.)			
Baltimore	and I	Port $m{I}$	Deposit
Rail Ro	ad. S	ee Mar	yland,
(156.)			
Baltimore .			
Road.			.)
Bangor, M			
Banister, V			
Barataria l			
Barataria 1			23.)
Barbourvil			
Bardstown			
Bargaintoy			
Barnegat 1			58.)
Barnesville	e, O. (1	.51.)	

Barnstable, Mass. (112.) Barnwell, S. C. (272.) Bartonville, Mo. (162.) Batavia, N. Y. (55.) Batesville, Ark. (223.) Bath, N. Y. (79.) Bath Rail Road. See New York, (79.) Bath, Va. (154.) Bath, N. C. (238.) Baton Rouge, Lou. (308.) Bays T., N. C. (231.) Beaufort, N. C. (258.) Beans Station, T. (211.) Beaver, P. (128.) Beaufort, S. C. (290.) Beardstown, Il. (118.) Beck's Settlement, Il. (144.) Bedford, N. Y. (109.)

Bedford, P. (130.) County town of Bedford Co. Pa. is situated among the Allegheny mountains, on the main road from Philadelphia to Pittsburg; 200 miles from the former, and 98 miles from the latter place. Population about 1000. Bedford has long been celebrated for its mineral springs, and is a favorite resort for invalids and others in search of health or pleasure during the summer season. These springs, which are used in chronic diseases, generally, contain earbonic acid, magnesia, sulphate of lime, muriate of soda, carbonate of iron, lime, &c. The water possesses laxative and sudorific powers in a high degree, and often act as an emetic. The accommodations here are upon an extensive and respectable scale, and afford to visiters every convenience found in similar establishments elsewhere.

Bellair, Md. (156.)
Belle Fontaine, O. (125.)
Belleville, Il. (164.)
Bellville, K. (187.)
Bellefonte, P. (131.)
Belfast, Me. (40.)
Belfont, Ala. (248.)
Belgrade, Il. (186.)
Beelersville, F. (312.)
Bellows Falls Canal.
Vermont, (61.)
Belmont, P. (107.)
Belpre, O. (151.)

Belvedere, N. J. (133.)

Bennetville, S. C. (255.)
Bennington, Vt. (83.)
Benton, Vt. (60.)
Benton, Mo. 185.
Benton, Miss. (280.)
Berkshire, Vt. (37.)
Berlin, P. (154.)
Berges, N. C. (236.)
Berwick, P. (106.)
Berkshire, O. (126.)
Bertrand, Lou. (277.)
Bethany, P. (107.)
Bethania, N. C. (214.)

Bethlehem, P. (133.) In Northampton county, 50 miles north of Philadelphia. Its inhabitants consist chiefly of Moravians, whose most extensive establishment is fixed here. The town is characterized by a degree of neatness and order, seldom surpassed, which the peculiar regulations and habits of the people enable it to maintain. It is supplied with water from the Lehigh, by means of a forcing pump, crected nearly 80 years since.

See

Beverly, Va. (173.) Big Hatchee R., T. (225.) Big Spring, K. (188.) B. la Fourche, Lou. (323.) Binghamton, N. Y. (81.) Blacksburg, Mich. (70.) Blacksburg, Va. (194.) Black's R. Ark. (204.) Black's Bluff, Ala. (299.) Blackwater, Va. (218.) ' Blakely, G. (301.) Blakely, Ala. (311.) Blandford, Mass. (84.) Block I., R. I. (111.) Bloomfield, N. Y. (79.) Bloomfield, K. (189.) Bloomfield, Ind. (146.) Bloomington, Ind. (146.) Bloomington, Il. (120.) Blountville, T. (212.)

Blountsville, Ala. (248.) Boardman, O. (102.) Boat Yard, or Kingsport, T. (212.)Bogue Inlet, N. C. (257.) Bolivar, Miss. (265.) Bolivar, T. (226.) Bolton, Mass, (85.) Boonville, N. Y. (58.) Boonville, Mo. (161.) Boonsville, Ind. (166.) Bordentown, N. J. (134.) Boston, Me. (19.) Bellows Falls Canal. See Vermont, (61.) Belleplain Rail Road. See Virginia, (176.) Blackstone Canal. See Massachusetts, (85.)

Boston, Mass. (85.) Is the chief city of Massachusetts, and the fourth in magnitude in the United States. It is situated on a peninsula, which extends in a north-east direction from the main land, with which it is connected by several bridges, in addition to the "neck" so called. Its outline is about five miles in extent. There are several thriving villages in the neighbourhood of Boston, which may be considered as parts of the

city, though under different municipal regulations.

The principal of these villages are Charlestown, Lechmere point, the Neck, and South Boston. The objects of interest in and about Boston, are—Tremont house, in Common st., an immense hotel, containing 202 apartments. State house, opposite the common, (western part of the city.) Old State house, Court st. Fancuel hall, in Chatham st. Theatre, Federal st. Tremont Theatre. Athencum. Statue of Washington in the state house. Navy Yard, and Breed's hill, rendered memorable by the battle between the British and American forces, on the 17th of June, 1775, commonly called the battle of Bunker's Hill.

Besides the buildings deveted to public uses there is in Boston, an usual proportion of splendid private dwellings, churches, and scientific and literary institutions, forming altogether, one of the most attractive places in the Union.

ROUTES FROM BOSTON.

To Albany by St	age.		Dover,	11	15	
Brookline,	U	4	Medway,	12	27	
Farmington,	17	21	Mendon,	9	36	
Westboro,	10	31	Douglass,	12	48	
Worcester,	11	42	Thompson,	14	62	
Spencer,	9	51	Ashford,	20	82	
Brookfield,	. 8	59	Willington,	2	84	
Belchertown,	19	78	Tolland,	7	91	
Hadley,	10	88	Ellington,	5	96	
Northampton,	4	92	Hartford,	14	110	
Chesterfield,	14	106				
Peru,	14	120	To Providence by	Stage,	and	
Dalton,	9	129	thence to New	v York	.by	
Pittsfield,	5	134	Steam Boat.		_	
Lebanon Springs,	7	141	Roxbury,		5	
Albany,	25	166	Dedham,	5	10	
			Wrentham,	18	28	
To Hartford, by S	Stage	2.	Attleboro,	7	35	
Brookline,	- 0	4	Pawtucket,	7	42	





Providence,	3	45	To Concord, N. H.		
Pawtuxet,	5	50	thence to Montpe	elier,	
Newport,	20	70	Vt., by Stage.		
Point Judith,	14	84	Medford,		6.
New London Harb.	35	119	Stoneham,	4	10
(Thence to New Lo	ondor	a,	Andover,	11	21
4 miles.)			Methuen,	4	25
Connecticut R.	14	133	Londonderry,	16	41
Falkner's Is.	19	152	Hookset Falls,	19	60
New Haven Harb.	12	164	Concord,	8	68
(Thence to N. Haver	1.		Boscawen,	10	78
4 miles.)	-,	1	Andover, Vt.	14	92
Blackrock,	19	183	Grantham,	22 1	14
Southport,		188	Dartmouth Col.	11 1	125
Oldwell,		196	Stratford,	16	
West Greenwich,		212	Chelsea,		150
Throgs Pt.		231	Barre,	15	
New York,		247			74
New York,	10	A1.	Montpelier,		
To Taunton, by S	Stage		To Portland, Me. by	Stag	e.
Dorchester,		7	Saugus,		10
Bridgewater,	15	22	Danvers,	7	17
Taunton,	12	34	Topsfield,	6	23
			Rowley,	8	31
To Barnstable, by	Stag	e.	Newburyport,	5	36
Quincy,	Ū	9	Hampton,	9	45
Weymouth,	. 6	15	Portsmouth,	13	58
Hanover,	9	24	York,	9	67
Kingston,	11	35	Wells,	15	82
Plymouth,	6	41	Kennebunk, Pt.	6	88
Sandwich,	18	5 9	Saco,	10	98
Barnstable,	13	72	Portland,		114
			1 Officiality,		
To Rutland, Vt. b	y Sto	age.	TI Manhammant mi	a Sal	2212
Cambridge,	3	4	To Newburyport, vi	u San	:111,
Concord,	14	18	by Stage.		_
Groton,	14	32	Chelsea,	_	5
Townsend,	9	41	Lynn,	5	10
New Ipswick,	12	53	Salem,	5	15
Keene,	27		Beverly,	2	17
Bellows Falls,		100	Wenham,	4	21
Chester,		113	Hamilton,	2	23
	12		Ipswich,	5	28
Cavendish		151	Newburyport,	10	38
Rutland,	æ U	101	(Tion bas) Land		





To Portland, by Steam Boat.			York Harb.	5 77	
Point Shirley,		4	Kennebunk H.	12 89	
Nahant,	6	10	Fletcher's Neck,	12 101	
Marblehead,	6	16	Cape Elizabeth,	13 114	
Salem Harbor,	3	19	Portland,	10 124	
(Thence to Salem,					
5 miles.)			Miscellaneous Routes by		
Gloucester Harb.	8	27	Steam Boats.		
(Thence to Gloucester,			Fort Warren,	2	
4 miles.)			Fort Independence,	3	
Cape Ann,	10	37	Long Island,	6	
Newbury Harb.	16	53	Pt. Alderton,	10	
Boar's Head,	7	60	The Brewsters,	10	
Portsmouth Harb.	12	72			

Boston and Lowell Rail Road.
See Massachusetts, (85.)
Boston and Providence Rail
Road. Scc Massachusetts,
(85.)
Boston and Worcester Rail
Road. See Massachusetts,
(85.)
Boston, O. (101.)
Boston, N. Y. (78.)
Bowling-green, Va. (176.)
Bowling-green, Mo. (141.)
Bowling-green, K. (188.)
Bowdoinham, Me. (40.)
Bowerbank, Me. (19.)
Bow Canal. See New Hamp-
shire, (62.)
Boydtown Va. (216.)
Brandon, Vt. (60.)
Brandon, Miss. (280.)
Brattleboro, Vt. (84.)
Brasstown, N. C. (230.)
Brashears, Miss. (280.)
Bridge Town, Md. (157.)

Bridgetown, N. J. (157.)
Bridgetown, Me. (63.)
Bridge Town, D. 178.)
Bridgetown, Va. (198.)
Bridgewater, Ala. (247.)
Bristol, R. I. (111.)
Brockport, U. C. (34.)
Brockport, N. Y. (55.)
Brookfield, Mass. (84.)
Brooklyn, C. (111.)
Brooklyn, N. Y. (135.)
Brookville, Ind. (148.)
Brookville, Md. 156.)
Brownington, Vt. (37.)
Brownstown, Mich. (73.)
Brownsburg, T. (225.)
Brownsville, P. (120.)
Brownstown, Ind. (168.)
Brownsville, Il. (185.)
Browns, G. (250.)
Brownsburg, Miss. (295.)
Brunswick, Me. (63.)
Brunswick, N. J. (134.)

Brunswick, N. J. (134.) An incorporated city, and seat of justice for Middlesex county, on the west bank of the Raritan river, 34 miles S. W. of New York, and 26 N. E. from Trenton; population about 7000. Public buildings are, a Court house,

College, seven Churches, two Academies, a Lancasterian school, two Banks, &c. and a fine bridge over the Raritan. The Raritan canal has its eastern termination here, which, with rail and turnpike roads in all directions, affords extensive facilities for commercial purposes.

Brunswick, N. C. (256.)
Bryan C. H., G. (281.)
Buchannan, Va. (152.)
Buckstown, Me. (41.)
Buffalo, Va. (172.)

Buffalo, N. Y. (78.) A flourishing city, situated on Lake Erie, and at the western termination of the Erie Canal. Population about 16,000. The public buildings are a court-house, several churches, banks, museum, hotels, &c. Stages, steamboats and sailing vessels, arrive at and depart from Buffalo almost every hour.

ROUTES FROM BUFFALO.

To Albany, by th	he Erie	Schenectady,	18 335
. Canal.		Troy,	21 356
Tonnewanta,	11	Albany,	7 363
Pendlcton,	12 23		
Lockport,	7 30	To Albany, by &	Stage.
Albion,	28 58	Williamsville,	10
Holly,	10 68	Ransoms,	8 18
Brockport,	5 73		8 26
Ogden,	8 81	Batavia,	14 40
Rochester,	12 93	Leroy,	10 50
Fairport,	18 111		14 64
Palmyra,	11 122	Lima,	7 71
Lyons,	15 137	Bloomfield,	9 80
Montezuma,	20 157	Canandaigua,	9 89
Jordan,	15 172	Geneva,	16 105
Syracuse,	20 192	Cayuga,	14 119
Manlius,	.9 201	Auburn,	9 128
New Boston,	12 213	Skaneateles,	7 135
Canistota,	4 217	Westhills,	14 149
Rome,	21 238	Manlius,	12 161
Whitesboro,	11 249	Lenox,	14 175
Utica,	4 253	Vernon,	9 184
Herkimer,	15 268	Utica,	17 201
Little Falls,	7 275	Herkimer,	15 216
Canajoharie,	19 294	Little Falls,	7 223
Caughnewaga,	12 306	Palatine Bridge,	20 243
Amsterdam,	11 319	Amsterdam,	22 265

Schenectada, Albany by R. Road,		281 297	Fairport, Cleveland,		160 190
,			Sandusky,		250
To Niagara Falls, by Stage.			Detroit,		325
Blackrock,					0.00
Chippewa,	16	17	To Hamilton by	Y4	
Niagara Falls,	2	19	To Hamilton, by S	stage	
			Hamburg,		11
To Niagara Falls, l	bu St	age.	Boston,	12	23
via Mancheste		0 ,	Springville,	10	23
Blackrock,		1	Ellicotville,	16	49
Tonnewanta,	8	9	Hamilton,	20	69
Schlosser,	10	19			
The Falls,	2	21	To Ithaca, by Ste	ge.	
			Aurora,		15
To Rochester, by	Stag	e.	Warsaw,	26	41
Batavia, as above,	0	40	Perry,	8	49
Bergen,	13	53	Moscow,	7	56
Rochester,	17	70	Genesco,	4	60
·			Dansville,	18	78
To Erie, Pa. by	Stage		Conhocton,	8	86
Hamburg,		11	Bath,	20	106
Cattaraugus,	19	30	Jersey,	10	116
Dunkirk,	15	45	Salubria,	15	131
Westfield,	15	60	Ithaca,	20	151
Burget's town,	16	76			
Erie,	14	90	To Ithaca, via Batar	via d	and
			Cayuga Lake.		
To Erie, and thence	to D	e-	Cayuga, as above,		119
troit, by Steam E	Boat.		Union, by Steam B.	6	125
Cattaraugus,		28	Aurora, by Steam B.	7	132
Dunkirk,	13	41	Milton, do.	7	139
Westfield,	15	56	Ludlowsville, do.	10	149
Erie,	3 0	86	Ithaca, do.	8	157
D.,10. D S C (001		-	Durlington Ind (140		
Bull's Bay, S. C. (291.)			Burlington, Ind. (146.	,	
Bulltown, Va. (173.)			Burlington, O. (171.)		
Burksville, K. (209.)			Burnthorn, Ala. (299.)		
Burgettstown, P. (77.)			Bushville, P. (108.)		
Burlington, Vt. (36.)			Butler, P. (120.)	/110	
Burlington, N. Y. (81,)			Buzzard's Bay, Mass. (112.)		
Burlington, N. J. (134.)			Byron, G. (302.)		
Burlington, K. (148.)			Byron, Mich. (73.)		

Cabin Pt. Va. (197.) Cadiz, K. (207.) Cadiz, O. (127.) Cahawba A. Ala. (267.)

Cahawba R., Ala. (267.) Cahawba, Ala. (283.) Calcasiu R., Lou. (306.) Calcasiu Lake, Lou. (320.) Caldwell, N. Y. (60.)

Caledonia, Mo. (184:) Calhoun, T. (230.) Cambridge, O. (127.) Cambridge, Md. (177.) Cambridge, S. C. (253.) Camden, Me. (40.)

Camden, N. J. (157.)

Camden and Amboy Rail

Road. See New Jersey,

(134.)
Camden, S. C. (254.)
Campbellsville, K. (189.)
Campbells T. (230.)
Campbells, N. C. (255.)
Campbellton, G. (269.)

Campbellton, G. (269.) Canandaigua, N. Y. (79.) Canaseraga, N. Y. (58.) Canajoharie, N. Y. (82.) Canadea, N. Y. (78.) 7.

Canfield, O. (102.) Canton, N. Y. (34.) Canton, Ind. (145.) Canton, O. (127.) Canton, Ala. (283.) Canisteo, N. Y. (79.) Cantwell, D. (157.) Cantrell's Ch. Lou. (323.) Cape Ann, Mass. (86.) C. Elizabeth, Me. (63.) Cape Cod, Mass. (86.) Cape Cod Bay, Mass. (112.) Cape Henlopen, D. (178.) Cape May, N. J. (179.) Cape Malabar, Mass. (112.) Cape Girardeau, Mo. (185.) Cape Hatteras, N. C. (239.) Cape Charles, Va. (199.) Cape Henry, Va. (199.) Cape Lookout, N. C. (258.) Cape Fear, N. C. (275.) Cape Fear R., N. C. (235.) Cape St. Blas, F. (326.)

Cape St. Joseph, F. (326.) Cape St. George, F. (327.)

Cape Vincent, N. Y. (33.)

Carrollton, II. (142.) Seat of justice of Greene county, is pleasantly situated on the borders of Spring Prairie—is a thriving place, and is surrounded by a beautiful and fertile country. Population about 1500.

Carrolton, G. (268.)
Carlinville, Il. (143.)
Carlisle, Penn. (131.)
Carlisle, Ind. (166.)
Carlisle, K. (170.)
Carlyle, Il. (164.)
Carmi, Il. (165.)
Carman, N. Y. (136.)
Carnesville, G. (251.)
Carney, G. (305.)
Cartersville, Va. (196.)

Carthage, N. C. (235.) Carthage, N. Y. (58.) Carthage, T. (209.) Casco Bay, Me. (63.) Castine, Me. (41.) Catskill, N. Y. (83.)

Catskill and Canajoharie R. Road. See N. Y. (82.)
Cattaraugus, N. Y. (77.)
Catletsburg, K. (171.)
Catawba R., N. C. (233.)

Catawba Canals. See S. Ca-	Centreville, Pa. (103.)
rolina, (254.)	Centre, N. Y. (81.)
Catharinestown, N. Y. (80.)	Centre, P. (103.)
Cavendish, Vt. (61.)	Ceres, P. (104.)
Cayuga, N. Y. (80.)	Chataugay, N. Y. (35.)
Cayuga Lake, N. Y. (80.)	Champlain, N. Y. (36.)
Cedar Bay, N. J. (168.)	Champlain Canal. See New
Cedar Inlet, N. C. (258.)	York, (60.)
Central Rail Road. See	Chambersburg, P. (155.)
Pennsylvania, (132.)	Chandelleur Isles, L. (325.)
Centreville, O. (150.)	Chaplin T., K. (209.)
Centreville, Md. (157.)	Charleston, N. H. (61.)
Centreville, Va. (176.)	Charleston, Va. (155.)
Centreville, K. (187.)	Charleston, Ind. (168.)
Centreville, Ala. (283.)	Charleston, Va. (172.)

Charleston, S. C. (291.) The metropolis of the state of South Carolina, and the sixth city of the Union in point of population. It contained in 1830, 30,289 inhabitants, including 15,534 slaves. It is situated on the point of junction of Cooper and Ashley rivers, which here unite and form the outer harbour. The public buildings are: Almshouse in Mazyck street; the Orphans' Asylum; Exchange; Circular Church; Court-house and City Hall in Broad street; Medical College in Short street; Academy of Arts and Circus in Queen street; South Carolina Society's Hall; Hospital in Back street, and about twenty churches, some of which are very splendid.

ROUTES FROM CHARLESTON.

To Hamburg,			Orangeburg,	25	76
by S. C. Rail Ro			Conheim,	25	101
To Woodstock,		15	Columbia,	13	114
Summersville,	7	22			
Branchville,	40	62	To Savannah, Go	a. by	
Midway,	10	72	Stage.	,	
Blacksville,	8	90	Guerin's Ferry,		11
Aiken,	30	120		17	28
Hamburg,	16	136	Pocataligo,	32	60
			Coosawhatchie,	6	66
To Columbia, by S	tage	•	Hoggstown,	17	83
Dorchester,		20	Savannah,	23	106
Four Holes Swamp,	17	37			
Kerrs,	14	51			

To Savannah, by Steam		Oldtown,	8 176	
Boat.			Wilmington,	8 184
Fort Moultrie,		4		1
Coffin Land,	6	10	To Fayetteville, N	7. C.
Stono Inlet,	11	21	by Stage.	
So. Edisto Inlet,	27	48		25
St. Helena So.	3	51		19 44
Truncard's Inlet,	21	72	Black Cr.	15 59
Hilton Head,	4	76	Port's F.	34 93
Bloody Point,	18	94	L. Pedee R.	30 123
Savannah,	17	111		34 157
			Fayetteville,	32 189
To Wilmington, N.	C. vi	a	. ,	
Georgetown.			To Cheraw, by S	tage.
Jones',		33	Bedheimer's,	24
N. Santee R.	12	45		9 33
Georgetown,	14	59		25 58
Gr. Pedee R.	26	85		14 72
Conwayboro,		100		28 100
Lit. River Inlet,		127		19 119
Brunswick, C. H.		151		14 133
Brunswick,			Cheraw,	13 146
				10 110
Chardon, O. (101.)			Cherokee, G. (249.)	,00 h
Charlottsville, Va. (17			Cherry Valley, N. Y.	(82.)
Charlotte, N. C. (234.))		Chester, N. Y. (60.)	
Charlotte, T. (207.)			Chester, Vt. (61.)	
Chataugay, L. C. (15	.)		Chester, N. H. (85.)	
Chattahochie, G. (269	9.)		Chester, Pa. (157.)	
Chattahochie River, A	la.		Chester T., Md. (156.	
(301.)			Chesterville, Me. (39.)	
Chattahochie R., G. (250.)		Chesterville, S. C. (25	3.)
Chatham, Mass. (112.	.)		Chesterfield, S. C. (25	4.)
Chaumont, N. Y. (33.)		Chesapeake Bay, Md.	(177.)
Chagrine, O. (101.)	,		Chesapeake and I	
Chehaw, G. (286.)			Canal. See Md. (
Chelmsford, Mass. (85	ŏ.)		Chesapeake and Ohio	
Chelsea, Vt. (61.)		•	See Md. (157.)	
Cheeks, T. (211.)			Chicago, 11. (95.)	7
	See I	New	Chickasaws, Miss. (24	15.)
York, (80.)			Chichis, Texas, (293.)	
	See I	New	Chicot, Ark. T. (262.))
York, (80.)			Chillicothe, O. (149.)	11
Cheraw, S. C. (255.)			Chipola F. (314.)	±
			0	

Chippeway, U. C. (54.)	Chowan Navigation. See
Chiswell, Va. (198.)	Virginia, (218.)
Chittenango Canal. See New	Christianburg, Va. (194.)
York, (80.)	Christianville, Va. (216.)
Cholsonville, Va. (217.)	Church, N. C. (257.)

Cincinnati, O. (148,) the great emporium of the state of Ohio, was founded in 1789. Its population at present (1839,) is about 42,000, and is rapidly increasing. The public buildings consist of, a Court-house in Tenth street; four Markethouses; Bazaar in Third street; Theatre in Second street; Banks; College in Walnut street; Atheneum in Sycamore street; Medical College in Sixth street; Mechanics' Institute in Walnut street; two Museums, one in Main, and the other in Fourth street; Hospital in Plum street; Lunatic Asylum; High school, and about thirty churches.

ROUTES FROM CINCINNATI.

To Louisville, by S	teamb	oat.	Guyandot,	7 151
Lawrenceburg,		24	Gallipolis,	34 185
Aurora,	4	28	Pt. Pleasant,	3 188
Rising Sun,	7		Letart's Is.	29 217
Fredericksburg,	20			30 247
Vevay,	10		,	17 264
Fort William,	10		Marietta,	13 277
Madison,	13		Newport,	16 293
Westport,	21		Sistersville,	17 310
Jeffersonville,			Elizabethtown,	35 345
Louisville,	1		Wheeling,	13 358
Thence to N. Orle	_			
Miles. See Louis		110	Wellsburg,	8 366 6 372
1121105 NOO HOU!	3 1 11101		Steubenville,	7 379
To Pittsburg, by S	S Rog	te	Fawcetstown,	22 401
New Richmond,	J. 270a	21	Beaver,	19 420
Pt. Pleasant,	5	$\tilde{26}$		9 429
Moscow,	6	32		9 438
Mechanicsville,	3	35		11 449
	6	41	Trusburg,	11 110
Augusta,	9	50	To Dayton, by	Canal
Ripley,	7		Reading,	12
Maysville,	10	67	Hamilton,	16 28
Manchester,		103		14 42
Portsmouth,				6 48
Burlington,	41	144	Franklin,	0 40

Miamisburg,	6	54	Brookville,	17	40
Dayton,	14	68	Somerset,	11	51
			Rushville,	14	65
To Columbus, by	Stag	e.	Indianapolis,	40	105
Reading,	Ŭ	10			
Sharon,	5	15	To Louisville, by	Stage	2.
Lebanon,	16	31	Lawrenceville,		23
Waynesville,	9	40	Madison,	34	57
Xenia,	15	5 5	Louisville,	38	95
Charleston,	18	73			
London,	11	84	To Lexington, by	Stage	e•
Georgesville,	12	96	Newport,		1
Columbus,	13	109	Gaines,	12	13
			Theobolds,	12	25
To Greenville, by	Stage	e.	Georgetown,	29	54
Mt. Pleasant,	Ŭ	11	Lexington,	13	67
Hamilton,	12	33			
Newcomb,	18	41	To Chillicothe, by	Stag	·e.
Eaton,	8	49	Newton,		8
Greenville,	28	77	Batavia,	15	23
-			Williamsburg,	8	31
To Indianapolis, by.	Stag	ge.	Hillsboro,	28	59
Miami,		15	Bainbridge,	22	81
Harrison,	8	23	Chillicothe,	18	99
	_				
Cinthiana, K. (169.)			Clarksville, G. (251.)		
Circleville, O. (150.)			Clarksville, Ala. (298.)	
Claiborne, Ala. (299.)			Clarktown, N. Y. (109).)	
Clarksburg, Va. (152.))		Claytonville, G. (251.)		
Clarksburg, Md. (155.	.)		Clearfield, Pa. (104.)		
Clarksburg, K. (170.)			Clermont, N. Y. (83.)		
Clarksville, T. (207.)					

Cleveland, O. (101.) is a place of considerable trade, being situated on the northern termination of the Ohio and Eric Canal.

ROUTES FROM CLEVELAND.

To Buffalo, by	Steam Boat.	Buffalo,	28 190
Fairport,	30	_	_
Erie,	74 104	To Detroit, b	y Steam Boat.
Westfield,	30 134	Huron,	50
Dunkirk,	15 14 9	Sandusky,	10 60
Cattaraugus,	13 162	Detroit,	75 135

To Postamouth by Canal	Coshocton. 26 133
To Portsmouth, by Canal.	
	Newark, 40 173
New Portage, 9 47	Bloomfield, 52 225
	Circleville, 11 236
Bolivar, 12 80	Chillicothe, 20 256
	Piketon, 24 280
	Portsmouth, 27 307
Clinton, N. Y. (58.)	Colchester, C. (110.)
Clinton, T. (210.)	Coldcamp, N. C. (256.)
Clinton, K. (206.)	Cochecton, N. Y. (107.)
Clinton, Lou. (308.)	Coleman, Lou. (307.)
Clinton, G. (270.)	Coleraine, Pa. (148.)
Clover Ball, Va. (174.)	Coleraine, N. C. (218.)
Clubfoot Canal. See North	Coleraine, G. (317.)

Coolidge, Ala. (298.)

Columbia, District of, (176.) Is divided into two counties. Population in 1830, 39,858. Area, 100 square miles. Capital, City of Washington, Lat. 38° 53′, N. The other towns,

Coles, Va. (215.)

Coles, N. C. (218.)

Colington, F. (327.)

are Georgetown and Alexandria.

Codorus Navigation. See Pa.

· Carolina, (258.)

Coal M., Pa. (104.)

Rivers.—Potomac, and its eastern branch. Internal Improvements.—Alexandria Canal, extends from the point of termination of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal at Georgetown to Alexandria, 7 miles. Chesapeake and Chio Canal. See Maryland. Baltimore and Washington Rail Roads. See Maryland.

Columbia, N. H. (38.)	Columbia, Ind. (166.)
Columbia, Me. (42.)	Columbia, K. (189.)
Columbia, P. (132.)	Columbia, Va. (186.)
Columbia, Mo. (161.)	Columbia T. (227.)

Columbia, S. C. (254.) The capital of the state of South Carolina, situated on the great road from Washington to New Orleans. The legislative halls, state offices, and S. C. college, are the chief buildings.

ROUTES FROM COLUMBIA.

To Charleston, by Stage, via.	Conheim,	12	13
Orangeburg,	Orangeburg,	25	38
Granby, Orangeburg, 1	Kerrs,	25	63

~	•	,		١
Ц	,	L	w	
-	•	r	7	ı

Four Holes Swamp,	14	77	Fayetteville,	24 148
Dorchester,	17	94	_	
Charleston,	20	114	To Yorkvil	le, by Stage.
			Round Top;	10
To Augusta, Ga., by	Sta	ge.	Winnsboro,	19 29
Lexington, C. H.		ິ 12	Chesterville,	25 54
Leesville,	17	2 9	Yorkville,	22 76
Lumkins,	6	35	(Thence to S	alisbury, N. C.
Lotts,	12	47	74 miles.)	
Edgefield,	10	57	_	
Augusta,	15	72	To Greensv	ille, by Stage.
			Lexington, C.	H. 12
To Fayetteville, N.	C., l	by	Saluda R.	14 26
Stage.			Newberry,	17 43
Colonels Cr.		16	Belfast,	16 59
Ferry over Wateree,	14	30	Huntsville,	8 67
Camden,	2	32	Laurensville,	9 76
Debrules,	12	44	Reedy R.	19 95
Sanders,	12	56	Greenville,	19 114
Black Cr.	9	65	-	
Cheraw,	22	87	To Winsboro,	29
Boundary,	15	102	- Ruff's Ferr	ry, 39
Laurel Hill,	13	115	- N. Edisto F	River, 22
Lumber R.	9	124	- M'Cord's F	erry, 33

Columbia, N. C. (238.) Columbiana, O. (128.) Columbia, Ala. (301.) Columbus, Ind. (147.)

Columbus, O. (14).) Capital of the state, founded in 1812. Population, about 7,000, and rapidly increasing. Public buildings: state-house; court-house; state offices; penitentiary; deaf and dumb asylum; theological seminary, &c.

ROUTES FROM COLUMBUS.

vy Stag	e.	To Portsmouth	, by Stag	e.
	13	Bloomfield,		17
12	25	Circleville,	9	26
11	36	Chillicothe,	19	45
18	54	Piketon,	19	64
15	69		13	77
9	78	Portsmouth,	13	90
16	94			
5	99	To Athens, b	y Stage.	
10	109	Lythopolis,		21
	12 11 18 15 9 16 5	12 25 11 36 18 54 15 69 9 78 16 94	13 Bloomfield, 12 25 Circleville, 11 36 Chillicothe, 18 54 Piketon, 15 69 Lucasville, 9 78 Portsmouth, 16 94 5 99 To Athens, b	13 Bloomfield, 12 25 Circleville, 9 11 36 Chillicothe, 19 18 54 Piketon, 19 15 69 Lucasville, 13 9 78 Portsmouth, 13 16 94 —— 5 99 To Athens, by Stage.

Chart Carl	. T. T
Green Castle, 4 25	Mt. Vernon, 20 47
Lancaster, 7 32	Loudonville, 24 71
Logan, 17 49	Wooster, 22 93
Nelsonville, 16 65	Jackson, 12 105
Millville, 4 69	Medina, 12 117
Athens, 7 76	Cleveland, 27 144
-	
To Wheeling, Va. by the	To Portsmouth, by Canal.
National Road.	Junction, 10
Hebron, 28	Bloomfield, 7 17
Zanesville, 27 55	Circleville, 11 28
Cambridge, 25 80	Chillicothe, 20 48
Fairview, 21 101	Piketon, 24 72
St. Clairsville, 24 125	Portsmouth, 27 99
Wheeling, 10 135	Torusmoum,
tymodime,	To Cleveland, by Canal.
To Portland, by Stage.	Hebron, 34
Worthington, 9	Newark, 10 44
Delaware, 17 26	Coshocton, 40 84
Norton, 11 37	Gnadenhutten, 26 110
	Bolivar, 26 136
J ,	
Portland, 55 118	Massillon, 12 148
FD C1 7 11 C	Akron, 33 181
To Cleveland, by Stage.	Cleveland, 37 218
Granville, 27	
Columbus Canal. See Ohio,	Columbus, G. (285.)

Columbus Canal. See Ohio, (149.)

Columbus; K. (206.)

Columbus, Miss. (265.)

Cornells, Ala. (285.)

Columbus, G. (285.)

Competition, Va. (215.)

Compte, K. (189.)

Compte, Lou. (293.)

Concord, N. H. (62.) Capital of the state of New Hampshire.

ROUTES FROM CONCORD.

To Boston, by	Stage.		To Montpelier, Vt.	by St	age.
Hookset Falls,	J	8	Boscawen,		10
Londonderry,	19	27	Andover,	14	24
Methuen,	16	43	Grantham,	22	46
Andover,	4	47	Dartmouth Col.	11	57
Stoneham,	11	58	Stratford,	16	73
Medford,	4	62	Chelsea,	9	82
Boston,	6	68	Barre,	15	97

Montpelier,	9 106	Mt. Washington,	15	102
To White Hills, by Boscawen,	10	To Portsmouth, by Deerfield,	_	18
Bristol, Plymouth, Thoraton, Peeling, Bethlehem,	22 32 13 45 12 57 11 68 19 87	Nottingham, Denham, Newington, Pertsmouth,	6 10 5 7	24 34 39 46
Concord, N. Y. (83.) Concord, N. C. (234.) Concordia, L. (295.) Conestoga Navigatio Pennsylvania, (132.) Covington, N. Y. (78.)	n. See	Coudersport, Pa. (10 Cornwall, Can. (14.) Copenhagen, N. Y. Conneaught, O. (102 Connecticut R. (38.)	(58.)	

Connecticut, state of (109,) is divided into eight counties. Population in 1830, 297,711. Area, 5,100 square miles. Capitals, Hartford and New Haven. Metropolis, New Haven. Lat. 41° 19′ N. Longitude 3° 58′ E. General Election, first Monday in April; Legislature meet first Wednesday in May; Constitution formed, 1818.

Government.—The Governor is elected annually; salary

\$1.100. Lieutenant Governor receives \$300 per annum.

The Legislature is styled the General Assembly, and consists of twenty-one senators, and 208 members of the House of Representatives, elected annually, The pay of the former is \$2 a day each, and of the latter \$1,50 a day.

The General Assembly has one stated session every year,

alternately at Hartford and New Haven.

Judiciary.—The judicial power is vested in a Supreme Court of Errors, a Superior Court, and such inferior courts as the legislature may establish. The judges are appointed by the General Assembly, and those of the Supreme and Superior courts hold their offices during good behaviour, but not beyond the age of seventy years.

The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court receives \$1,100 per

annum. The four Associate Judges \$1,050 each.

Physical Structure.—The State of Connecticut is naturally divided into three parts by the rivers Connecticut and Housatonic. The eastern section is comparatively level, having but few, if any elevations deserving the name of mountains. The middle section, or that portion of the state lying between the Connecticut river on the east, and the Housatonic on the west,

is strictly a mountainous region, especially on the N. W. part of it. The third, or western section is, with the exception of the southern portion of Fairfield county, composed almost entirely of hills and mountains, some of which attain to an elevation of 3,500 fcet.

Rivers.—Housatonic, Saugatuck, Connnecticut, Farming-

ton, Thames, Quinebaug, and Shetucket.

Towns.—Hartford, New Haven, Middletown, New London and Norwich are incorporated cities; Bridgeport, Guilford, Killingworth, Newton, Stamford, Stonington, Waterbury, &c.

Productions.—Indian corn, wheat, ryc and other small

grains; flax, hemp, &c, &c.

Internal Improvements.—Farmington Canal extends from New Haven to the north boundary of the state. It is proposed to continue this canal to Northampton, a further distance of 22 miles; entire length so far as completed 56 miles; Enfield Canal is designed to overcome the Enfield falls in Connecticut river. Length 5½ miles. New York, Providence and Boston Rail Road from Stonington in Connecticut to Providence; length 47 miles. Worcester and Norwich Rail Road; length 48 miles. Hartford and New Haven Rail Road, via. Meriden, 35 miles long. Rail-roads are proposed to extend from Hartford to Springfield; Hartford to Worcester, &c. &c.

Coffeeville, Ala. (298.) Coteau du Lac, Can. (14.) Connecuh R., Ala. (300.) Connelsville, Pa. (129.) Constant, N. C. (218.) Coolidge, Ala. (298.) Coupee, Lou. (308.) Cowpens, S. C. (233.) Conwayboro, S. C. (274.) Cootes Paradise, Can. (54.) Conyngham, P. (106.) Covington, Il. (164.) Cooperstown, N. Y. (82.)

Corydon, (167,) formerly the seat of government of the state of Indiana.

Coopersport, P. (104.)
Cote Saus dessein, Mo. (162.)
Coosa, Ala. (267.)
Coosawatchie, S. C. (290.)
Coosa R., Ala. (267.)
Cottonport, Ala. (248.)
Covington, G. (270.)
Covington, Lou. (309.)
Covington, T. (225.)
Covington, Il. (164.)

Covington, P. (105.)
Coeymans, N. Y. (83.)
Cox's, Il. (185.)
Crab Orchard, Va. (213.)
Crab Orchard, T. (230.)
Coshatta Village, Ark. (277.)
Crabs Bottom, Va. (174.)
Craftsbury, Vt. (37.)
Crawfordsville, Ind. (122.)
Crocket, N. C. (254.)

Croghanville, O. (99.)
Crooked Lake Canal, see N.
York, (79.)
Cross River, Miss. (296.)
Cr. Keys, Va. (217.)
Croton, N. Y. (109.)
Crown Point, N. Y. (60.)
Crow Town, Ala. (249.)
Crugers T., Md. (155.)
Cuffey T., S. C. (271.)
Culbreaths, S. C. 271.)
Cumberland, Md. (154.)

Cumberland, Va. (197.)
Cumberland, R., K. (207.)
Cumberland R., K. & T. (209.)
Cumberland I., G. (318.)
Cumberland Gap, Va. (211.)
Cumberland and Oxford
Canal, see Maine, (63.)
Cunningham Id. O. (100.)
Currituck Inlet, N. C. (219.)
Curwinville; P. (104.)
Cuthbert, G. (302.)

D.

Duguidsville, Va. (195.)
Dalesville, Ala. (301.)
Dallas, T. (229.)
Damascus, O. (98.)
Damascus, P. (107.)
Dan Navigation, see Virginia, (215.)
Danbury, C. (109.)
Danbury, N. C. (215.)
Danby, Vt. (61.)
Dandridge, T. (231.)
Danielsville, G. (251.)
Danville, P. (132.)
Dansville, N. Y. (79.)

Danville, Vt. (37.)
Danville, Il. (121.)
Danville, K. (190.)
Danville, Va. (215.)
Darlington, S. C. (255.)
Darlington, C. H., S. C. (256.)
Darien, G. (305.)
Davidsonville, Ark. (204.)
Davis, Va. (217.)
Dayton, O. (148.)
Decatur, Il. (144.)
Decatur, G. (269.)
Dedham, Mass. (85.)
Defiance, O. (98.)

Delaware, state of, (157,) is divided into three counties. Population, 76,739, including 3,305 slaves. Area, 2,200 square miles. Capital, Dover. Metropolis, Wilmington; Lat. 39° 44′ N. Long. 1° 23′ E. General election, first Tuesday in October. Legislature meet, first Tuesday in January, biennially. Constitution formed, 1792.

Government.—Governor, term of office four years; elected by the people; salary, \$1,333, not eligible a second time. Legislature consists of a Senate, nine members. House of

Representatives composed of twenty-one members.

Judiciary.—Comprehends a court of errors and appeal; a superior court; a court of chancery; an orphans' court; a court of oyer and terminer; and some other minor courts.

Physical Structure.—The two southern counties in this state are level. In the northern part of New Castle county

hills of considerable elevation occur. One of the most remarkable features in the natural geography of the state, is the noted swamp, situated on the summit of the main ridge, from which the water flows into both the Chesapeake Bay on the West and Delaware on the East.

Rivers.—Delaware, Indian, Mispillion Duck, Brandywine, and Christiana creeks, branches of the Delaware, Nantikoke

river which flows into Chesapeake Bay.

Islands.—Pea Patch, Reedy and Bombay-Hook Islands, Productions.—Wheat, rye, Indian corn, barley, oats, buckwheat, &c.

Towns.-Wilmington, New Castle, Dover, Delaware City,

Milford, Georgetown, Lewistown, &c.

Internal Improvements.—Chesapeake and Delaware Canal from Delaware to Bohemia; length 13 63-100 miles. New Castle and Frenchtown Rail Road extends from New Castle to Frenchtown; length 16 19-100 miles. A rail-road to extend from Wilmington to Downingtown in Pennsylvania, and one from Wilmington through the centre of the state to its southern border, are proposed.

Delaware, O. (125.)	Delhi, N. Y. (82.)
Delaware R., P. (134.)	Delphi, Ind. (122.)
Delaware Bay, N. J. (157.)	Demopolis, Ala. (283.)
Delaware, Va. (198.)	Demints, Il. (165.)
Delaware and Raritan Canal,	Denton, Md. (178.)
see N. Jersey, (134.)	Dennyville, Me. (42.)
Delaware and Raritan Feeder,	Dennis Cr. N. J. (158.)
see N. Jersey, (134.)	Deposit, N. J. (81.)
Delaware, Ark. T. (260.)	Deerfield, O. (101.)

Detroit, Mich. (74.) This is the present capital of the state of Michigan. Its population is now (1839,) about 10,000. Founded by the French in 1670. The public buildings are, a legislative hall, market and court houses, churches, state penitentiary, theatre, museum, &c.

ROUTES FROM DETROIT.

To Cincinnati, b	n Stage.	, Hardin,	31 136
R. Rouge,		Bellefontaine,	22 158
Brownstown,	10 16	West Liberty,	8 166
Monroe,		Urbana,	11 177
Perrysburg,		Springfield,	14 191
Finley,	40 105	Yellow Springs,	9 200

Xenia,	. 9 209	Mouth of St. Joseph,	47 184
Waynesville,	15 224	Chicago by Steam I	3. 64 248
Lebanon,	9 233		
Reading,	21 254	To Chicago, by S	Steam
Cincinnati	10 264	Boat.	
		Grants Pt.	12
To Buffalo, by Steam Boat.		Horsons I.	18 30
Sandwich,	3	Cottrellville,	8 38
Fighting Island,	5 8	Palmer,	12 50
Grosse I.	7 15	Bunceville,	6 56
Amherstburg,	4 19	Fort Gratiot,	7 63
Middle Sister,	20 39	White Rock,	42 105
Bass I.	17 56	Pt. au Barques,	35 140
Sandusky,	19 75	Thunder Island,	30 170
Cleveland,	60 135	Middle I.	25 195
Fairport,	30 165	Presque I.	60 255
Erie, Pa.	74 239	Mackinaw,	55 310
Westfield,	30 269		45 355
Dunkirk,	15 284		35 390
Cattaraugus,	13 297	Chicago,	250 640
Buffalo.	28 325	Chicago,	~00 010
	NO 020	To Ft. Howard, Gre	een Bau
To Chicago, by S.	tare	by Steam Boo	at
R. Rouge,	10	Beaver I. as above,	355
Ypsilanti,	18 28	I. Brule,	30 385
Jackson,	11 39	G. Traverse,	10 395
Jonesville,	47 86	Chambers I.	25 420
	16 102		15 435
Factory, Post O. St. Joseph's	10 102	Green I. Fort Howard.	40 475
River,	50 152	Fort Howard,	40 410
Edwardsville,	20 172	To Samingen ber	Stamo.
Calamic River,	81 253	To Saginaw, by	24
	14 267	Pontiac,	35 59
Chicago,	14 201	Indian Vil.	34 93
To Chicago, via Mo	ntcalm.	Saginaw,	34 93
Schwartzburg,	20	To Fort Gratiot, by	Stage.
Dexter,	29 49	Mt. Clemens,	20
Montcalm,	25 74	Palmer,	26 46
Kalmazoo,	63 137	Bunceville,	6 52
,		Ft. Gratiot,	7 59
Dickinsonville, Va. (212.)	Dittos, Ala. (248.)	
Dismal Swamp Can		Dixmont, Me. (40.)	
Va. (218.)	WW 200	Dixon's F., Il. (93.)	
- u. (~10.)		TANKE OF A THE (30.)	

Doaks, Miss. (280.)	Drummondton, Va. (199.)
Dobson, N. C. (214.)	Dresden T. (206,)
Doby Inlet, G. (305.)	Duanesburg, N. Y. (82.)
Doctortown, G. (305.)	Dublin, G. (288,)
Dagsboro, D. (178.)	Duerville, N. Y. (36.)
Donaldsonville, Lou. (308.)	Dulatsburg, P. (133.)
Dorchester, S. C. (290.)	Dumfries, Va. (176.)
Dorchester, L. C. (15.)	Dumfries, Ala. (298.)
Dover, N. H. (63.)	Dundaff, P. (107.)
Dover, capital of the state of	Dunkirk, Va. (197.)
Delaware, (157.)	Dunlapsville, Ind. (148.)
Dover, Va. (197.)	Dunn, Ala. (266.)
Dover, T. (207.)	Duplin, C. H., N. C. (257.
Downing T., Pa. (133.)	Dwight, Ark. T. (221.)
Doylestown, Pa. (133.)	Dyersburg, T. (225.)
Drehr's Canal. See S.C. (253.)	

E.

East Andover, Me. (39.)

Earleysburg, Pa. (131.)

Easton, Pa. (133,) a flourishing town, and seat of justice of Northampton county, situated at the junction of the Lehigh with the Delaware, 56 miles N. of Philadelphia. It contains a court house, jail, academy and two banks, five churches, Lefayette college, academy, bridges over the Delaware and Lehigh, library, &c., with a population of about 4000.

ROUTES FROM EASTON.

To Mauch Chunk, b	y Car	ial.	Morrisville,	4	50
Bethlehem,	-	12	Tullytown,	5	55
Allentown,	5	17	Bristol,	-5	60
Berlin,	11	28			
Lehighton,	14	42	To Jersey City, by	Morr	ris
Mauch Chunk,	4	46	Canal.		
-			Hacket's, N. J.		26
To Bristol, by Penn	. Can	al.	Dover,	20	46
Raubsville,	-	5	Boonton,	10	56
Monroe,	6	11	Paterson,	16	72
Erwentown,	9	20	Newark,	14	86
Lumberville,	9	29	Jersey City,	14	100
New Hope,	6	35			
Taylorsville,	8	43	To Reading, by	Stage	
Yardleyville,	3	46	Bethlehem,		10

Allentown,	6	16	New York,	10	76
Trexlersville,	8	24			
Kutztown,	9	33	To Philadelphia, by	Stag	re.
Reading,	17	50	Ottsville,		17
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Doylestown,	15	. 32
To Wilkesbarre, b	y Stag	e.	Willow Grove,	11	43
Wind Gap,	•	13	Philadelphia,	13	56
Stoddartsville,	27	40			
Wilkesbarre,	18	58	To Trenton, N.J., b	y Stag	ge.
<u> </u>			Bloomsbury, N. J.		8
To New York, by	Stage	•	Flemmington,	19	27
Schooley's Mt. Spri	ngs,	26	Pennington,	16	43
Morristown,	21	47	Trenton,	8	51
Newark,	19	66			

Easton, Md. (178.) East Fork, Ind. (167.) Eaton, O. (148.) Estonton, G. (270.) Ebcnezer, G. (280.) Edenton, N. C. (218.) Edgar Town, Mass. (112.) Edgefield, S. C. (272.) Edington, Me. (41.) Edinburg, G. (252.) Edisto R., S. C. (273.) Edwardsburg, Mich. T. (96.) Edwardsville, Il. (164.) Eddyville, K. (187.) Egnice, N. C. (215.) Elba, N. Y. (36.) Elberton, G. (252.) Elizabeth I., Mass. (112.) Elizabethtown, N. J. (134.) Elizabethtown, K. (189.) Elizabeth, Mo. (162.) Elizabeth, N. C. (256.) Elizabeth City, N. C. (218.) Elkton, T. (227.) Elkton, Md. (157.) Elkton, K. (207.) Elkhart Grove, Il. (143.)

Ellicott, Md. (156.) Ellicottsville, N. Y. (78.) Ellis, N.C. (256.) Ellisville, Miss. (297.) Edisto I., S. C. (290.) Elms, S. C. (290.) Elmore, Vt. (37.) Elyria, O. (100.) Elysian Fields, Miss. (295.) Elyton, Ala. (267.) Emporium, Pa. (104.) Enfield Canal, see Ct. (110.) Englishman's Bay, Me. (42.) Epels, S. C. (254.) Erie Canal, in N. Y. (56.) Erie, Ala. (283.) Ernesttown, U. C. (33.) Erie, Pa. (76.) Errol, N. H. (38.) Essex, N. Y. (36.) Estelsville, Va. (212.) Etowah, G. (250.) Etowah R., G. (250.) Euphrata, Pa. (132) Eutaw Springs, S. C. (273.) Evansville, Ind. (166.) Evansham, Va. (213.) Exeter, N. H. (86.)

F.

Fairfield, C. (109.)
Fairfield, II. (165.)
Fairfield, Va. (195.)
Fairfax, Va. (175.)
Fairfax, Va. (176.)
Fairhaven, O. (100.)
Fairview, O. (127.)
Falmouth, K. (169.)
Falmouth, Mass. (112.)
Fannetsburg, Pa. (131.)
Farmington, Ct. (110.)
Furmington Canal. See Ct. (108.)
Farmington, Mo. (184.)
Farrington, II. (118.)

Farmville, Va. (196.)
Fayetteville, N. C. (236.)
Fayetteville, T. (228.)
Fayetteville, Ala. (266.)
Fayetteville, G. (269.)
Finley, O. (99.)
Fincastle, Va. (195.)
Fish house, N. Y. (59.)
Fishkill, N. Y. (109.)
Fisher's I., C. (110.)
Flat Rock, Pa. (153.)
Flemington, N. J. (134.)
Flemingsburg, K. (170.)
Flint River, G. (302.)

Florida, (313.) The territory of Florida is divided into 20 counties, and has a population of about 44,000. Area 55,680 square miles.

Government.—The governor is appointed by the president, by and with the advice and consent of the senate:—salary,

\$2,500 per annum. Secretary,—salary, \$1,500.

The legislative council consists of twenty-seven members, elected annually by the people, on the second Monday in October, and meets annually (at *Tallahassee*,) on the first Monday in October.

Judiciary.—There are five judges, appointed by the President and Senate—one for each of the five districts into which the territory is divided. The salary of the judges is \$1800 per annum, each, except the judge of the Southern District,

who receives \$2,300 a year.

Physical Structure.— The entire Territory of Florida, with the exception of a small portion west of the Appalachicola, is remarkable for its level and unbroken surface. No elevation deserving the name of mountain, nor any hill exceeding 300 feet in height, is to be found. In the vicinity of Toloso, a limestone ridge occurs, merely sufficient to give motion to the waters. Natural bridges, common to limestone regions, abound in this section of the territory. Proceeding southward, the ridge just mentioned becomes more depressed, until it reaches the source of the Oclawaha, where it disappears entirely, though similar geological features may be traced several miles further south. All below the 28° of N. lat. consists of flat lands, sub-

ject to occasional, and a large portion of it, to constant submersion.

Rivers.—St. Johns, Escambia, Yellow Water, Choctawhatchie, Appalachicola, Oclackonnee, Suwannee, St. Mary's, Withlacooche, &c.

Bays.—Perdido, Pensacola, Choctawhatchic, St. Andrews, Appalachee, St. Josephs, Charlotte, Gallivans, and Chatham on

the Gulf.

No bays of any importance exist on the Atlantic side of the territory; Mosquito Lagoon, Indian river, &c., resemble bays, but like the St. Johns, they are merely expanded rivers, and cannot with propriety be called bays.

Productions.—Cotton, rice, sugar, tobacco, indigo, Indian corn, &c., together with a great variety of garden vegetables.

Towns.—Tallahassee, the capital; Pensacola, St. Augustine, Alaqua, Webbville, Appalachicola, Quincy, Monticello, Jacksonville, &c.

Florida, F. (312.) Florida, Ala. (298.) Florence, Ala. (247.) Fords, Miss. (297.) Forsyth, G. (270.) Forlin, Lou. (309.) Fort Gratiot, Mich. (51.) Fort St. Mary, O. (124.) Fort Amanda, O. (124.) Fort Recovery, O. (124.) Fort Portage, O. (99.) Fort Ann, N. Y. (60.) Fort Dearborn, Il. (95.) Fort Edwards, Il. (117.) Fort Erie, U. C. (77.) Fort Brown, O. (98.) Fort Necessity, O. (125.) Fort Deposit, Ala. (248.) Fort Early, G. (286.) Fort Armstrong, Ala. (249.) Fort Strother, Ala. (267.) Fort Chinnabie, Ala. (267.) Fort Talladega, Ala. (267.) Fort Williams, Ala. (267.) Fort Jackson, Ala. (284.) Fort Mitchell, Ala. (285.)

Fort Bainbridge, Ala. (285.) Fort Lawrence, G. (286.) Fort Mimms, Ala. (299.) Fort Crawford, Ala. (299.) Fort Dale, Ala. (300.) Fort James, G. (304.) Fort Gaines, G. (301.) Fort Scott, G. (315.) Fort Barrington, G. (305.) Fort Boyer, Ala. (311.) Fort St. Philip, Lou. (324.) Fowl, T. (314.) Francestown, N. H. (85.) Franconia, N. H. (38.) Franklin, Pa. (103.) Franklin, Va. (174.) Franklin, Ind. (147.) Franklin, K. (208.) Franklin, T. (228.) Franklin, N. C. (231.) Franklin, G. (269.) Franklin, Miss. (295.) Franklin, Lou. (322.) Franklintown, Lou. (309.) Franklinville, G. (316.) Frankfort, Il. (186.)

Frankfort, Ind. (122.)	Fredonia, N. Y. (77.)
Frankfort, Va. (194.)	Fredonia, O. (167.)
Frankfort, capital of Ken-	Freehold, N. J. (134.)
tucky, (169.)	Freeport, Pa. (129.)
Franktown, Va. (199.)	Freeport, Me. (63.)
Fraser, N. C. (217.)	Frenchmans B., Me. (41.)
Fredericksburg, Ind. (167.)	French T., Miss. (311.)
Fredericksburg, Va. (176.)	Friendsville, Pa. (106.)
Fredericktown, Md. (155.)	Fulsoms, Miss. (265.)
Fredericktown, Mo. (184.)	Fryburg, Me. (62.)
Fredericktown, O. (126.)	Foxboro, Mass. (85.)

G.

Gainsville, G. (251.)

Galvezton, L. (309.)

Galena, Il. (66.) Seat of justice of Jo Davies county, and the centre of an extensive lead region, in Illinois. Population about 2,000.

ROUTES FROM GALENA.

200					
To St. Louis, by	Steam	n	L. Platte, Cr.	'7	24
Boat.			Grant, Cr.	6	30
Mississippi River,		4	Cassville,	14	44
Apple Creek,	14	18	Prairie du Chien,	24	68
Rush Creek,	8	26			
Plum Creek,	10	36	To Fort Winnebago,	by l	and.
Maradozia,	10	46	Gratiot's Grove,		15
Fort Armstrong,	24	70	Dodgeville,	30	45
Copper Creek,	26	96	Moundville,	14	59
Fort Edwards,	100	196	Fort Winnebago,	54	113
Hannibal,		237			
Louisiana,		262	To Chicago, by land,		169
Illinois River,		333			
Missouri River,		351	To Vandalia, by l	and.	
St. Louis,		371	Rock River,	- 1	65
ou mound	.,,,		Peoria,	76	141
To Prairie du C	Chien.		Springfield,		206
N. boundary of Il.		17	Vandalia,		261
Gallinglia O (171)			Gasconade Mo. (162.)	

Gallipolis, O. (171.)
Gallatin, T. (208.)
Gandysville, Va. (153.)
Gap, N. H. (38.)
Garland, Me. (40.)

Gasconade, Mo. (162.) Gasconade R., Mo. (182.) Gasaways, Il. (186.) Gates C. H., N. C. (218.) Gatewoods, Il. (166.) Genereau, Mich. (49.) Geneseo, N. Y. (79.) Geneva, N. Y. (80.) Georgetown, P. (132.) Georgetown, Pa. (128.) Georgetown, D. C. (176.) Georgetown, O. (170.) Georgetown, D. (178.) Georgetown, S. C. (274.) Georgetown, G. (271.) Georgetown, K. (169.)

Georgia, (270.) The state of Georgia is divided into ninetynine counties. Population, 516,567, including 217,470 slaves. Area, 61,500 square miles. Capital Milledgeville. Metropolis, Savannah, Lat. 32° 03′ N., Lon. 4° 03′ W. General election, first Monday in October. Legislature meet first Monday in

November. Constitution formed, 1798.

Government.—The Governor is elected by the people, for two years; salary \$4,000. The legislative power is vested in a Senate and House of Representatives, styled the General Assembly. The members of both houses are chosen annually, on the first Monday in October, and meet on the first Monday in November. One senator is elected for each county, and the number of representatives is in proportion to population, including three-fifths of all the people of colour; but each county is entitled to at least one but not more than four.

Judiciary.—Superior Court, the judges of which are elected by the legislature, for three years, and receive annually \$2,100 each. The justices of the inferior courts, and justices of the

peace, are elected quadrennially by the people.

Physical Structure.—Nearly two-thirds of the state, on the south-east, presents a level aspect, nearly destitute of mountains. North-west of the great road leading from Augusta to Columbia, the country becomes mountainous, increasing in elevation as we proceed westward, until it attains a mean altitude of about 1200 feet. This inclined plane, which contains the gold region, is suddenly terminated by the Blue Ridge, which separates the waters of the Tennessec from those of the Coosa, &c.

Rivers.—Coosa, Chattahooche, Flint, Suwanee, Santilla,

Alatamaha, Ocmulgee, Oconee, Ogechee and Savannah.

Productions.—Cotton, rice, timber, tobacco, Indian corn, and fruits in great variety and abundance. Gold and some other minerals.

Internal Improvements, consist of a Rail Road partly finished, and in use from Savannah to Macon, length about 200 miles. One from Macon to Forsyth, now in progress, length 25; an extension of this road of 60 miles, to meet the

Western and Atlantic rail-road is contemplated. One from Decatur, in De Kalb county, to Chatanooga on the Tennessee, now progressing, length 120 miles. One from Augusta to Athens, Madison and Greensboro, respectively; 84 miles of this road, from Augusta to Greensboro, are now in use, and in a short time 20 miles more to Madison will be completed. This road will be extended from Greensboro, and united to the Western and Atlantic rail-road at Decatur.

A rail-road from Macon to Columbus, and thence to West Point, on the Chattahooche; one from the head of steam-boat navigation of the Ocmulgee, to that of Flint river; and one from Brunswick on the Atlantic coast, to a point in Florida

not yet determined, are proposed.

The eanals are the Savannah and Ogechee canal, which commences at Savannah, and intersects the great Ogechee a short distance above the mouth of the Cannouchee. An extension of this work of 60 miles is proposed to the Alatamaha; and one from Brunswick to the Alatamaha, length 12 miles.

Towns.—Savannah, Milledgeville, Augusta, Darien, Macon, Columbus, Washington, Louisville, St. Marys, Greensboro, Sparta, &c.

Germantown, Pa. (133.) Germantown Va. (195.) Germantown, N. C. (238.) Germantown, N. C. (214.) Gettysburg, Pa. (155.) Gibraltar Pt., U. C. (54.) Gibsonport, Miss. (295.) Gilboa, N. Y. (82.) Gilead, Il. (142.) Gilford, N. H. (62.) Gilmantown, N. H. (62.) Gloucester, Mass. (86.) Gloucester, Va. (198.) Glasgow, K. (189. Golconda, Il. (186.) Goldboro, Me. (41.) Gold Region, G. (250.) Good, N. C. (233.) Gorham, Me. (63.) Goshen, N. Y. (108.) Governeur, N. Y. (34.)

Grand Lake, Me. (21.) Grand Id., U. C. (33.) Grand R., Mich. (71.) Granger, O. (101.) Granville, Mass. (84.) Gratz, Pa. (132.) Gr. Egg Harbour, N. J. (158.) Gr. Menan Id., N. B. (42.) Gr. Ogechee R., G. (288.) Greensboro, Vt. (37.) Greensboro, G. (270.) Greensboro, Ala. (283.) Greensburg, Pa. (129.) Greensburg, Ind. (147.) Greensburg, K. (189.) Greenupsburg, K. (171.) Greenville, Il. (164.) Greenville, Miss. (295.) Greenville, S. C. (252.) Greenville, K. (187.) Greenville, O. (124.)

Greenville, Ind. (168.) Greenville, Mo. (184.) Greenville, T. (212.) Greenville, N. C. (237.) Greenville, Mis. (295.) Greenfield, Mass. (84.) Greenfield, Ind. (147.) Greenfield, O. (149.) Greensville, Va. (213.) Greensville, Ala. (300.)

Green River, K. (187.) Greene C. H., Miss. (298.) Greene, N. Y. (81.) Greencastle, Ind. (146.) Greencastle, P. (155.) Greenock, Ark. (224.) Grinders, T. (227.) Grabb, Lou. (294.) Guildhall, Vt. (38.) Guyandot, Va. (171.)

HAR

H.

Haddam, Con. (110.) Haddensville, Va. (196.) Hadley (south) Canal. See Massachusetts (84.) Hagerstown, Md. (155.) Halifax, P. (132.) Halifax, N. C. (217.) Hallowell, Me. (40.) Halls, N. C. (235.) Hamburg, N. J. (108.) Hamburg, Pa. (133.) Hamburg, S. C. (272.) Hamilton, N. Y. (78.) Hamilton, O. (148.) Hamilton, Miss. (280.) Hamilton, Lou. (278.) Hampton, Va. (198.) Hampton, N. J. (158.) Hampton, Lou. (309.) Hanbyville, Ala. (267.) Hancocks T., Md. (154.) Hannas, N. C. (235.) Hanover, N. H. (61.) Hanover, Va. (197.) Hardin, O. (124.)

Hardin, O. (125.) Hardinsburg, K. (188.) Hardinsville, (226.) Hardwich, Mass. (84.) Hartford, Md. (156.) Hargroves, Ala. (267.) Harlaem canal, see N. Y. (135.) Harlaem Rail Road, see New York, (135.) Harleesville, S. C. (255.) Harmony, Me. (40.) Harmony, Pa. (128.) Harmony, Ind. (166.) Harperfield, N. Y. (82.) Harpersfield, O. (101.) Harper's Ferry, Va. (155.) Harpshead, K. (187.) Harrington, Me. (42.) Harrisburg, Pa. (132.) Harrisburg, T. (225.) Harrisonburg, Va. (175.) Harrisonburg, Lou. (294.) Harrisville, Va. (217.) Harrisonville, Il. (163.) Harrodsburg, K. (190.)

Hartford, Con. (110,) one of the capitals of Connecticut, and next to New Haven, the most populous town in the state; population 9,789; its public buildings consist of the State House, Deaf and Dumb Asylum on Tower-hill, the Lunatic Asylum, College, and several splendid churches.

ROUTES FROM HARTFORD.

To New Haven,	by Sta	ge.) Chesterfield,	6	39
Newington,	,	´ 6	New London,	7	46
Worthington,	6	12		•	
Meriden,	6	18	To Springfield	l, by Stag	e.
Wallingford,	4		Windsor,	, ,	7
North Haven,	9	31		7	14
New Haven,	5	36		4	18
	Ī		Springfield,	10	28
To New Haven, vi	a Mid	dle-	~pringheiu,	10	
town, by Sta			To Worcester,	by Stage	
Stepney,	J	8	Tolland,	, ,	19
Middletown,	8	16	Stafford Spr.	8	27
Durham,	7	23	Stafford Ch.	2	29
Northford,	8	31	Sturbridge,	23	52
New Haven,	10	41	Charlton,	10	62
			Worcester,	10	72
To Boston, by	Stage.				
Ellington,	Ū	14	To Salisbury,	by Stage.	
Tolland,	5	19	Northington,	, ,	9
Willington,	7	26	Canton,	5	14
Ashford,	2	28	Winsted,	12	26
Thompson,	20	48	Norfolk,	10	36
Douglass,	14	62	N. Canaan,	5	41
Mendon,	12	74	Salisbury,	7	48
Medway,	9	83			
Dover,	12	95	To Litchfield,	bu Stage.	
Brooklyne,	11	106	Farmington,	- 3 8	10
Boston,	4	110	Burlington,	9	19
	_		Harwinton,	7	26
To Providence, b	u Stao	e.	Litchfield,	8	34
Ashford, as above,	<i>J B</i>	28			
Poinfret,	14	42	To Danbury, t	hu Stage.	
Killingly,	6	48	Farmington,	9 /50	10
Providence,	26	74	Bristol,	7	17
			Plymouth,	6	23
To New London, b	y Stao	re.	Watertown,	7	30
Glastenbury,	3	7	Woodbury,	7	37
Marlboro,	11	18	Newtown,	15	52
Colchester,	- Î	26	Danbury,	9	61
New Salem,	7	33			-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					

Hartford, K. (188.) Hartford, N. C. (218.) Hartford, G. (287.) Hartsville, T. (208.) Harwick, Mass. (112.) Hauppage, N. Y. (135.) Havana, Ala. (246.) Haverhill, N. H. (37.) Havre De Grace, Md. (156.) Haysboro, T. (208.) Hyatts, L. C. (17.) Hazlepatch, K. (191.) Helena, Ark. (244.) Hempstead, N. Y. (135.) Henderson, Il. (118.) Henderson, K. (187.) Henderson, N. C. (234.) Hennepin, Il. (93.) Henry C. H., G. (269.) Herculaneum, Mo. (163.) Hereford Inlet, N. J. (158.) Herkimer, N. Y. (59.) Hicks, G. (249.) Hickstown, F. (316.) Hicksford, Va. (217.) Hickory Hill, S. C. (289.) Hickory T., Pa. (103.) High Pt. U. C. (74.) Hill, N. C. (217.) Hills West, N. C. (80.) Hillsboro, Ind. (143.) Hillsboro, O. (149.) Hillsboro, N. C. (215.) Hillsboro, N. II. (162.) Hilton Head, S. C. (290.) Hindostan, Ind. (167.)

Hogton, N. C. (237.) Hollidaysburg, Pa. (130.) Holmes, F. (314.) Holmesville, Miss. (296.) Holmesville, G. (304.) Holston, R., Va. (213.) Hookset Canal, see N. Hampshire, (62.) Hoof Inn, N. C. (238.) Hope, N. J. (134.) Hopetown, N. Y. (80.) Hopkinton, N. Y. (35.) Hopkinton, N. H. (62.) Hopkinsville, K. (207.) Horn T., Va. (199.) Horns, N. C. (256.) Horry, G. (286.) Hot Springs, Ark. (241.) Howards, S. C. (255.) Hudson, N. Y. (83.) Hudson and Delaware Canal, see New York, (108.) Hughsville, Va. (214.) Hulinsburg, Pa. (103.) Humes, S. C. (274.) Huntersville, Va. (173.) Huntingdon, Pa. (130.) Huntingdon, T. (206.) Hunts, N. Y. (79.) Huntsville, N. C. (214.) Huntsville, Ala. (248.) Huntsville Canal, see Alabama, (248.) Huntsville, S. C. (253.) Huston, N. C. (254.) Huttonsville, Va. (173.)

I.

Illinois, state of, (186,) is divided into 82 counties. The population in 1830, was 157,445, but has greatly increased since. Area, 57,900 square miles. Capital and metropolis, Vandalia, lat. 38° 58′ N., lon. 11° 57′ W. Springfield in Sangamon county, is to be the seat of government in 1840. General election, first Monday in August, biennially. Legis-

lature meets first Monday in December every second year. Date of constitution, 1818.

Government.-Governor is elected for four years, salary \$1000. The lieutenant-governor is president of the senate. The "General Assembly" consists of a senate and house of representatives. The members of the former are elected for four years, and those of the latter biennially; pay of each, three dollars a day; meet every other year on the first Monday in December. General election, first Monday in August,

biennially.

Judiciary.—The Supreme Court consists of a chief justice and three associate judges; salary of each \$1000. They hold There is another judge for the circuit circuit courts also. north of Illinois river. The court of county commissioners, is composed of three persons, who are elected every two years. Justices of the peace are elected by the people, and hold office four years. There is a judge of probate in each county. prisonment for debt, except in certain cases, is not allowed.

Slavery is prohibited by the constitution.

Physical Structure.—The whole state is remarkably level, having no mountains, nor indeed any hills of great elevation. In the northern part of the state, a partial change in the surface is perceptible; the country is somewhat broken and undulating, but its level character is maintained throughout the The "American Bottom" so called, celebrated for its fertility, extends along the left bank of the Mississippi, from the mouth of the Missouri to Kaskaskia, nearly ninety miles. Prairies and barrens abound to a great extent in this state; probably one half of its surface consists of these natural

Rivers.—Mississippi, Rock, Illinois, Sangamo, Kaskaskia, Ohio and Wabash.

Productions.—Indian corn, wheat, tobacco, cotton, lead, &c. Internal Improvements.—These with partial exceptions are merely prospective. An extensive system of improvements has been adopted by the state legislature, and several of the proposed works are in active progress, though but little, comparatively, is yet in actual use. The following rail-roads are among the state works:—a rail-road from Cairo, at the confluence of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, to the western terminus of the Illinois and Michigan Canal, passing through the towns of Vandalia, Shelbyville, Decatur, and Bloomington, and thence to Galena. Length about 435 miles. One from Alton to Mount Carmel, via Edwardsville, Carlisle, Salem and Albion; length 145 miles. One from Edwardsville to Shawneetown, via. Lebanon, Nashville, Frankfort, and Equality; length 140 miles. One from Quincy, via. Columbus, M. Sterling, Maradsia, Jacksonville, Springfield, Sydney, and Danville, to the state line; length 225 miles. One from the Central R. R. to the state line in the direction of Terre Haute; length about 75 miles. One from Peoria, via. Canton, Macomb, Carthage, to Warsaw on the Missisippi; length 105 miles. One from Alton to the Central R. R.; length about 75 miles. One from Belville, via. Lebanon, to intersect the Alton and Mt. Carmel R. R.; length 22 miles. One from Bloomington to Mackinaw, with a branch to the Peoria and Warsaw R. R., and a branch to Pekin.

The following rail-roads, undertaken by joint stock companies, will probably be merged in and form parts of the state works:—From a point opposite to St. Louis to the coal mines at the Bluffs, 6 miles. From Jacksonville to Augusta, 22 miles. From Chicago to Des Plaines, 12 miles. From

Naples to Jackson, 22 miles.

The Illinois and Michigan Canal, from Chicago to Peru, via

Juliet, Dresden, and Ottowa; length 100 miles.

Towns.—Vandalia, Edwardsville, Belleville, Carrollton, Albion, Kaskaskia, Shawneetown, Springfield, Beardstown, Ottowa, Galena, and many others.

Illinois R., Il. (94.)

Illinois R., Ark. (200.)

Illinois R., Ark. (200.)

Indiana, Pa. (129.)

Indiana, state of, (166,) is divided into eighty-eight counties, and had, in 1830, a population of 343,031. Area, 36,500 square miles. Capital, Indianapolis; metropolis, New Albany. Lat. 38° 19′ N., long. 8° 44′ W. Date of Constitution, 1816. General election, 1st Monday in August. Legislature meet, 1st Monday in December.

Government.—The Governor is elected for three years; salary \$1,500 per annum. Lieutenant-governor is president of the senate, and receives three dollars per day during the ses-

sion of the legislature.

The legislature is called the General Assembly of Indiana, and is composed of a senate, the members of which are elected for three years, and a house of representatives, whose members are elected annually. The number of the former is at present 30, and the latter 75. Pay of members of both houses is three dollars a day each.

Judiciary.—The judicial power is vested in a supreme court, circuit courts, and such other inferior courts as the

general assembly may establish. The supreme court consists of three judges, and each of the circuit courts consists of a president and two associates. All the judges hold their office for seven years, if not removed for improper conduct.

The judges of the supreme court receive \$1500 each per annum, and are appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate. The presiding judges of the circuit courts are appointed by the legislature, and the associates are elected by the people. There are nine presiding judges of circuit courts,

who receive each a salary of \$1000.

Physical Structure.—The country along the Ohio, from the Wabash to the Miami, and 20 or 25 miles back, presents a broken and hilly appearance; it is not, however, hilly in the strict sense of the term. The ridges, commonly so called, are mere buttresses which support the elevated plateaus in the rear. These gorges have evidently been occasioned by the abrasions of the streams which have thus formed those dark ravines which abound in this part of the state. In the central portions, the land is less broken, and in the north no mountains or hills of any magnitude exist.

Rivers .- Ohio, Wabash, White Water, Laugherry, Silver,

Indian, the four last are merely creeks.

Productions.—Corn, wheat, rye, buckwheat, oats, flour, &c.,

many sorts of vegetables grow in great abundance.

Internal Improvements.—A wide range of improvements by canals and rail-roads has been commenced under the auspices of the legislature. Several of the most important works are now in course of construction. They embrace an aggregate of 840 miles of canals, and 90 miles of rail-roads. Included in this estimate, is the Wabash and Erie Canal, 80 miles of which are now in use.

The canals and rail-roads authorized by the state are as follows:—Wabash and Erie Canal, extending from the town of Lafayette on the Wabash, via Delphi, Logansport, Peru, Wabash, Huntingdon and Wayne, to the eastern boundary of the state, and is thence extended by the state of Ohio, to the outlet of the Maumee near the town of Toledo; length from Lafayette to the Ohio boundary, 127 miles.

Central Canal commences at a point on the Wabash and Erie Canal, between Wayne and Logansport, and passes along the valleys of Mississinewa and White Rivers, and through Indianapolis to Evansville on the Ohio; length 180 miles.

White River Cunal, from the intersection of White Water river with the National Road in Wayne county to Lawrence-

burg; length 76 miles. This canal is to be extended ultimately so as to unite with the Central Canal.

Terre Haute and Eel River Canal, will unite the Wabash

and Erie, and the Central Canals; length 40 miles.

Madison and Lafayette Rail Road. Length 160 miles, about 50 miles of this road, from Madison to Columbus, are now in use.

New Albany and Crawfordsville Rail Road. Length 158

miles.

A communication by canal or rail-road is proposed to connect the head of Lake Michigan with the Wabash and Erie Canal, and thus complete the connection between that lake and Lake Erie.

Towns.—Indianapolis, the capital; Vincennes, Lawrenceburg, Aurora, Vevay, Madison, Jeffersonville, New Albany, Fredonia, Troy, New Harmony, Richmond, Logansport, Lafayette, &c. &c.

Indianapolis, (146.)

ROUTES FROM INDIANAPOLIS.

To New Albany, by	y Sta	ge.	Spencer,	24 54
Franklin,		$\tilde{2}0$	Bloomfield,	23 77
Edinburg,	10	30	Vincennes,	45 122
Columbus,	12	42		
Brownstown,	25	67	To Vandalia,	Il. bu
Vallona,	3	70	Stage.	- 3
Salem,	19	89	Belville,	20
Greenville,	24	113	Greencastle R.	17 37
N. Albany,	9	122	Terrehaute,	33 70
(Thence to Louisville	e, K.		Embarrass R.	45 115
3 miles.)	•		Ewington,	25 140
·			Vandalia,	30 170
To Cincinnati, by Stage.				
Rushville		40	To Covington, by	Stage.
Somerset,	14	54	Crawfordsville,	50
Brookeville,	11	65	Covington,	29 79
Harrison,	17	82		
Miami,	8	90	To Wayne, by	Stage.
Cincinnati,	15	105	Connerstown,	17
	- 1		Noblesville,	4 21
To Vincennes, by	Stage	2.	Strawtown,	7 28
Port Royal,		16	Wayne,	83 111
Martinville,	14	30		
			5	

To Columbus, O.	by Stag	e.	Lewisburg,	17 87
Greenfield,	•		York,	16 103
Centreville,	44	64	Springfield,	26 129
Richmond,	6	70	Columbus,	43 172

Infield, N. C. (217.) Instantur, Pa. (104.)

Iowa Territory, (117,) is divided into 20 counties. Population about 25,000, which is rapidly increasing. Area, 90,720 square miles. Capital and inetropolis Burlington. N. Lat. 40° 52′. W. Long. 14° 4′. Organized as a Territory, July 4th 1838.

Government.—The governor is appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the consent of the senate; he is also superintendent of Indian affairs. Term of office three years. Salary \$2500 per annum.

Judiciary.—The judges (three in number) like the governor, are appointed by the President and Senate, for four years, and

perform circuit duties.

Legislature.—The legislative power is vested in the governor and assembly, which consists of a council of thirteen members, elected for two years, and a house of representatives of twenty-six members, elected annually. Pay of members \$3 a day during the sessions of the legislative assembly.

Land Offices, are established at Burlington and Dubuque.

Physical Structure.—The vast extent, north and south, of this Territory, which occupies nearly nine degrees of latitude, must impart to it a great diversity of climate and soil. The southern, and especially that portion of the territory which borders on the Mississippi, consists of an undulating and fertile country, mostly prairie, but, along the streams, well supplied To this part of Iowa emigrants and others at with timber. present chiefly direct their steps. The population is, however, extending rapidly towards the west and north. Beyond the region just mentioned, the country becomes more broken and undulating, with an abundance of lakes, ponds and stagnant pools. The only elevation of any importance, yet discovered, is the famous "Coteau de Prairie," an elevated table land, which divides the waters of the Missouri on the west, from those running into the St. Peters and Red rivers on the east. Iowa is supposed to be entirely destitute of mountains, properly so called.

Rivers.—Mississippi, Missouri, Des Moines, Iowa, Wabsipinicon, Moquockity, Turkey, Upper Iowa, St. Peters, branches

of the Mississippi and James, Sioux, Nashnebatona and Nandoway of the Missouri, and Red river, with its numerous branches, which discharges itself into Lake Winnipeg.

Productions.-Lead, coal (bituminous), iron, Indian corn,

wheat, rye, oats, &c. &c.

Ipswich, Me. (86.) Irvine, K. (191.)

Ithaca and Owego Rail Road.

See N. York.

Ischua, N. Y. (78.) Isle of Wight, Va. (218.)

J.

Jackson, Mich. (73.) Jackson, O. (150.) Jackson, Mo. (185.) Jackson, T. (226.) Jackson, capital of Miss. (280.)Jackson, Ala. (298.) Jacksonville, Il. (142.) Jacksonville, G. (303.) Jacksonville, F. (318.) Jacksonburg, O. (148.) Jacksonboro, G. (289.) Jacksonboro, S. C. (290.) Jacksonboro, T. (210.) Jaffrey, N. H. (84.) Jamaica, N. Y. (135.) Jamestown, N. Y. (77.)

James River Canals, see

Virginia, (197.)

James R., Va. (197.)

Kalamazoo R., Mich. (71.) Kanawha Navigation, see Virginia, (172.) Kanawha R., Va. (172.) Kankakee R., Ind. (95.) Kaskaskia R., Il. (144.) Kaskaskia, Ind. (95.) Kaskaskia, Il. (185.) Keene, N. H. (84.)

James and Jackson R. Canal, see Va. (196.) James I., S. C. (219.) Jamesville, S. C. (273.) Jasper, T. (229.) Jay, Mc. (39.) Jefferson, O. (102.) Jefferson, P. (103.) Jefferson, Mo. capital of the state, (161.) Jefferson, Va. (176.) Jefferson, N. C. (213.) Jefferson, Miss. (246.) Jefferson, G. (251.) Jefferson, G. (318.) Jeffersonville, Ind. (168.) Jeffersonville, Va. (193.) Jericho, N. Y. (81.) Jonesboro, Il. (185.)

K.

Kempsville, Va. (218.) Kelleyvale, Vt. (37.) Kenjua, P. (103.) Kennard, G. (302.) Kennebeck R., Me. (40.) Kennebeck R., Me. (64.) Kennebunk, Me. (63.) Kent I., Md. (177.) Kentucky R., K. (191.)

Kentucky, state of, (206,) is divided into 84 counties. Population in 1830, 687,917, including 165,213 slaves. Area,

40,500 square miles. Capital Frankfort, metropolis Louisville. Lat. 38° 18′ N. Long. 8° 46′ W. General election first Monday in August. Legislature meet, first Monday in November. Constitution framed, 1799.

Government.—Governor's term of office, four years. Salary \$2500 per annum. Lieutenant-governor \$6 per day, as president of the senate; secretary of state, \$1000; auditor, register,

and treasurer, each \$1,500.

The legislature consists of a Senate and House of Representatives, styled the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The members of the former are chosen for 4 years; those of the latter annually. The senate consists of 38 members; and the house of representatives of 100. The members of both houses receive \$3 per day during the session

of the legislature.

Judiciary.—The court of appeals consists of a chief justice and two other judges; salary of each \$2000. Circuit courts; the state is divided into 16 judicial districts for holding circuit courts. There is a judge for each circuit, who has jurisdiction of law cases over \$50, and of chancery cases over £5, and holds three terms a year in each county of his circuit. The salary of the judges of the circuit courts is \$1500 per annum. County courts are also held by three or more justices of the peace. Their jurisdiction is over inferior suits. They hear appeals

from the decisions of single justices.

Physical Structure.—The south-eastern portion of this state borders upon the Allegheny ridge of mountains, some of the spurs and detached ridges of which descend for a considerable distance into it. That part of the state is consequently of a mountainous character, with lofty eminences and deep ravines and valleys between them, affording landscape views of uncommon boldness and beauty. Along the Ohio river, and extending from 10 to 20 miles in different places from it, are the "Ohio Hills," parallel with that beautiful stream. These hills are often high, generally gracefully rounded and conical, with narrow vales and bottoms around their bases. They give to that portion of the state, through which they extend, a very rough appearance. They are covered with lofty forests, and have often a good soil on their sides and summits. The alluvial bottoms between them and the Ohio, and along the streams which fall into that river, are of the richest kind.

Rivers.-Ohio, Big and Little Sandy, Licking, Kentucky,

Salt, Green, Cumberland, Tennessec, &c.

Productions.-Indian corn, wheat, rye, buckwheat, oats,

hemp, tobacco, &c.

Internal Improvements.—These consist chiefly of river improvements by dams and navigable pools. Green, Kentucky and Licking rivers will, in this way, be rendered navigable for steamboats.

The rail-roads of the state are, one from Lexington to the Ohio at Portland, via Louisville, a large portion of which is in use; length 27 miles. One from Henderson to Nashville, Tenn. One from Russelville to Clarksville; and several others are

proposed.

The Louisville and Portland Canal designed to overcome the falls of the Ohio, has been in use for many years; length about

one mile and a half.

Towns.—Frankfort the capital; Lexington, Louisville, Marysville, Greensburg, Augusta, Newport, Covington, Port William, Owenboro, Henderson, Flemingsburg, Washington, Paris, Georgetown, Harrodsburg, Verseilles, Bardstown, Shelbyville, Russelville, Bowling-green, Princeton, Glasgow, together with others, many of them equally important.

	3T O (00m)
Keys, N. J. (158.)	Kingston, N. C. (237.)
Kilbourns, Vt. (37.)	Kingstree, S. C. (274.)
Killingworth, Con. (110.)	Kings, N. C. (237.)
Kilpatricks, Il. (164.)	Kings, S. C. (289.)
Kinderhook, N. Y. (83.)	K. George C. H., Va. (176.)
Kingston, U. C. (33.)	K. & Queens C. H., Va. (198.)
Kingston, N. Y. (108.)	Kingwood, Va. (153.)
Kingston, R. I. (111.)	Kinsman, O. (102.)
Kingston, Md. (178.)	Kittanning, Pa. (129.)
Kingston, T. (230.)	

Knoxville, T. (231,) the most important town in East Tennessee. Population about 3,000. The public buildings consist of a college, several churches, county offices, &c.

ROUTES FROM KNOXVILLE.

To Nashville, by	Stage	2.	Nashville,	28 1	81
Loveville,	0	14			
Kingston,	23	37	To Abingdon, Va	. by Stag	e.
Crab Orchard,	20	57	Rutledge,		32
Sparta,	38	95	Bean's Station,	10	42
Liberty,	32	127	Mooresburg,	8	50
Lebanon,			Rogersville,	13	63
•		5	*		

Kingsport, 26 89	To Athens, by Stage.				
Blountsville, 17 106	Maryville, 8				
Abingdon, Va. 24 130	Madisonville, 29 37				
	Athens, 15 52				
To Warm Springs, N. C. by					
Stage.	To Clinton, 18				
Dandridge, 32	— Jacksboro, 36				
Newport, 15 47	- Montgomery, 54				
Warm Springs, N.C. 28 75	— Tazewell, 50				
Knoxville, G. (286.)	Kutztown, Pa. (133.)				
1	10				
Lacadie, L. C. (15.)	La Fourche Canal, see Lou-				
Lafayette, Ind. (122.)	isiana, (323.)				
La Grange, G. (269.)	Lake Veret Canal, see Lou-				
Lake Champlain, N. Y. (36.)	isiana, (323.)				
Lake Ontario, N. Y. (55.)	Lackawaxen Canal, see				
Lake Michigan, Mich. (69.)	Pennsylvania, (108.)				
Lake St. Clair, Mich. (74.)	Lake Drummond Canal, see				
Lake Erie, O. (100.)	N. C. (218.)				
Lake Borgne, Lou. (310.)	Lancaster Canal, see Ohio,				
L. Ponchartrain, Lou. (309.)	(150.)				
L. St. Francis, L. C. (14.)	Lehigh Navigation, see Penn-				
L. of the two Mts. L. C. (14.)	sylvania, (133.)				
L. George, N. Y. (60.)	Lackawaxen Rail Road, see				
L. George, G. (330.)	Pennsylvania, (107.)				
L. Memphramagog, L. C. (16.)	Lykins Valley Rail Road, see				
L. Mermentou, Lou. (321.)	Pennsylvania, (132.)				
L. Bernard, G. (286.)	Loricks Canal, see S. Caro-				
Lancaster, N. H. (38.)	lina, (253.)				
Louisville and Portland	Lockhart Canal, see South				
Canal, see Ken. (168.)	Carolina, (253.)				
Lancaster, Pa. (132.) The	city of Lancaster, formerly the				
capital of Pennsylvania, is a la					

Lancaster, Pa. (132.) The city of Lancaster, formerly the capital of Pennsylvania, is a large and thriving place, having a population of 7,683, and considerable trade. The great road from Philadelphia to Pittsburg, and the Columbia Rail Road pass through it. Its public buildings are, a court-house, jail, Lancasterian school house, and several handsome churches.

ROUTES FROM LANCASTER.

To Philadelphia, by Stage.	Coatesville,	17 25
Soudersburg, 8	Downingtown,	7 32

Paoli,	12 4	14	To Pitts	burg.		
Philadelphia,	20 6	34	Columbia, by Ra	il Ř.		13
* · ·			York,	do.	11	24
To Philadelphia, by	Rail	į	Abbotstown,	do.	15	39
Road.			Gettysburg,	do.	14	53
Soudersburg,		9	Chambersburg,	do.	25	78
Mine Ridge,	8 1	17	M'Connellstown,		19	97
Coatesville,	12 2	29	Bedford,		31	128
Downingstown,	8 3	37	Stoystown,		28	156
Schuylkill river,	29 6	66	Laughlintown,		16	172
Philadelphia,	3 6	39	Youngstown,		13	185
-			Greensburg,		10	195
To Harrisburg,	by		Stuartsville,		13	208
Rail Road.	•		Pittsburg,		19	227
Mountjoy,	1	12	<u> </u>			
Elizabethtown,	7 1	19	To Reading,	by S	tage	•
Middletown,	7 2	26	Ephrata,		J	13
Harrisburg,	9 3	35	Adams,		9	22
			Reading,			31

Lancaster, O. (150.) Lancaster, Va. (198.) Lancaster, S. C. (254.) Landisburg, Pa. (131.) Langford, Ala. (298.) La Prairie, L. C. (15.) Lattimore, Miss. (296.) Laughlin T., Pa. (129.) Lawrenceburg, Ind. (148.) Lawrenceboro, T. (227.) Lawrenceville, S. C. (253.) Lawrenceville, O. (99.) Lawrenceville, Il. (166.) Lawrenceville, G. (251.) Lawrenceville, Va. (218.) Lawrenceburg, Pa. (103.) Laurel T., D. (178.) Lead Mines, Il. (66.) Lead M., Mo. (163.) Leaf R., Miss. (297.) Lebanon, N. Y. (83.) Lebanon, P. (132.) Lebanon, O. (148.) Lebanon, Il. (164.)

Lebanon, K. (189.) Lebanon, T. (208.) Lebanon, Va. (212.) Leesburg, V. (155.) Leeds, Va. (177.) Le Flors, Miss. (281.) Lehighton, Pa. (133.) Leicester, Va. (196.) Lenox, Mass. (83.) Leominster, Mass. (85.) Leonard T., Md. (177.) Le Raysville, N. Y. (34.) Leroy, N. Y. (78.) Lewistown, N. Y. (54.) Lewistown, D. (178.) Lewistown, Il. (66.) Lewistown, Il. (118) Lewistown, Pa. (131.) Lewistown, Va. (216.) Lewis, Lou. (307.) Lewisburg, Va. (194.) Lexington, N. Y. (82.) Lexington, P. (102.)

Lexington, K. (169.) The county town of Lafayette county, and formerly the capital of the state, is situated on the elevated ground between the Kentucky and Licking rivers, 77 miles E. S. E. from Louisville. Population about 7000. Its public buildings and objects of interest consist of eight churches, University (Transylvania,) court-house, and many Indian Cometeries, remarkable for singular construction; ancient fortifications, &c.

ROUTES FROM LEXINGTON.

To Louisville by Re	iil Road.	Harrodsburg,	7 10
To Elkhorn R.,	10	Perryville	10 20
Franklin Co. line,	10 20	Lebanon,	17 37
Frankford,	7 27	New Market,	6 43
Shelby Co. line,	7 34	Summerville,	20 63
Ballardsville road,	28 62	Glasgow,	31 94
Brownsboro,	12 74	Scottsville,	24 118
Middletown,	6 80	Gallatin,	33 151
Louisville,	14 94	Haysboro,	19 170
		Nashville,	6 176
To Louisville, by	Stage.		
Frankfort,	24	To Cincinne	ati, O.
Shelbyville,	21 45	Georgetown,	12
Middletown,	20 65	Harrisons,	18 30
Louisville,	12 77	Theobalds,	11 41
		Gaines,	13 54
To Nashvill, 7	Ten.	Cincinnati,	12 66
Shakertown,	3		

Lexington, Va. (195.)
Lexington, T. (226.)
Lexington, N. C. (234.
Lexington, G. (270.)
Liberty, K. (190.)
Liberty, Va. (195.)
Liberty, S. C. (273.)
Liberty, Miss. (296.)
Licking R., K. (170.)

Licking station, K. (191.)
Lincolnton, N. C. (233.)
Lincolnton, G. (271.)
Lisbon, G. (271.)
Litchfield, Con. (109.)
Litchfield, K. (188.)
Little Kanawha River, Va. (151.)

Little Rock, capital of Arkansas, (242,) is situated on the right bank of the Arkansas river, in Pulaski county, of which it is the seat of justice. Population about 1500.

ROUTES FROM LITTLE ROCK.

To the Mouth of the .	Arka	nsas	Fort Smith,	25	158
by Steam Boo	ıt.				
Candle Point,		50	To Columbia		
Pine Bluff,	25	75	Cross Roads,		18
New Gascony,	17	92	Des Arc.	17	35
Heccatoo,		117	L. Red R.,	29	64
Arkansas,	45	162	White River,	24	88
Mouth of Arkansas,	44	206	Rock, P. O.	16	104
			Strawberry,	12	116
To Fort Smith.			Jackson,	17	133
Cadron,		34	Columbia,	15	148
Lewisburg,	13	47			
Pt. Remove,	2	49	To Memphis.		
Dardanelle,	23	62	Bayou Meteau,		12
Takatoka,	6	68	Cache, P. O.	54	66
Scotia,	6	74	Walnut Camp,	19	85
Spaldry Bluff,	14	89	St. Fancis,	34	119
Arkansas Ferry,	25	114	Marion,	30	149
Crawford, C. H.	19	133	Memphis,	10	159

Little Egg Harbour, N. J. (158.)
Lit. Prairie, Mo. (205.)
Little Red R., Ark. (222.)
L. Wabash R., Il. (165.)
Livingston, Miss. (280.)
Lockport, N. Y. (55.)
Loftus Heights, Miss. (295.)
Logansports, Ind. (122.)
Logan C. H. Va. (193.)
Logan, O. (150.)
London, U. C. (52.)

London, O. (149.)
Long Pt., U. C. (56.)
Long Pt., U. C. (76.)
Long Lake, N. Y. (59.)
Long Island, N. Y. (135.)
L. I. Sound, N. Y. (110.)
Long Branch, N. J. (135.)
Long Bay, N. & S. C. (275.)
Longacoming, N. J. (158.)
Lorain, N. Y. (58.)
Louisiana, Mo. (141.)

Louisiana, state of, (277,) is divided into 33 parishes; had in 1830, 215,739 inhabitants, including 109,588 slaves. Area, 49,300 square miles. Capital and metropolis, New Orleans, lat. 30° N., long. 13° 1′ W. General election, first Monday in July, biennially. Legislature meet, first Monday in January. Constitution formed in 1812.

Government.—Governor—term of office four years—salary, \$7,500 per annum, Secretary, treasurer, attorney-general, and surveyor-general.

Legislature.—The legislative authority is vested in a senate and a house of representatives, styled the General Assembly of the state of Louisiana. The senators are elected for four years. Their number is 17. The representatives are elected for two years. Their number is at present 50,—pay \$6 a day, each. The elections are held on the first Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday of July. The general assembly elect by joint ballot for governor, one of the two who have received the highest number of the votes of the people.

Judiciary.—The supreme court consists of three judges, who are appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the senate. Pay, \$5000 per annum each. This court has only appellate jurisdiction. It sits in New Orleans for the eastern district, during the months of November, December, January, February, March, April, May, June and July. And for the western district, at Opelousas and Attakapas, during

the months of August, September, and October.

The criminal court at New Orleans has one judge.

There are nine district courts and nine judges. The judge of the first district receives \$5000 per annum; the others \$3000 a year. The district courts, with the exception of the first, hold in each parish, two sessions a year.

The parish courts hold a regular session in each parish, on

the first Monday in every month.

The courts in the first district, viz: the parish, district, criminal and probate courts, are in session the whole year, excepting the months of July, August, September, and October, in which months they hold special courts if necessary.

Physical Structure.—There are three very dietinct portions in this state, as it regards soil and surface. I. The northeastern part, or the country lying east of the Mississippi and north of Ponchartrain, Maurepas, and Ibberville outlet, embracing the parishes of east and west Feliciana, east Baton Rouge, Washington, St. Helena, and St. Tammany, is hilly, of a sandy soil, covered with pine, possessing fine springs and a salubrious climate. The north-western portion of the state is also generally elevated, some of it very much so. 2. The southwestern part, in the Opelousas country is covered with extensive prairies, of great fertility and generally level, or gently undulating. 3. The whole delta, or country lying between the Atchafalaya (Chaffalio) outlet on the west, and the Ibberville outlet with its continuation in lakes Maurepas, Ponchartrain and Borgne, on the east, is a dead level, and excepting along the margins of the numerous rivers and streams of a variable

width of from a quarter of a mile to a mile and more, is chiefly continuous swamps, covered with cypress, swamp oak, gum, &c. This is the character of much of the country bordering the lower parts of the Red River, and the Ouachita, the Courta-

buleau, and other streams.

The whole southern line is a low marshy country, scarcely rising above the level of the ocean, and often overflown by the tides. Rising in a most gradual manner, the north-western part even reaches the aspect of a mountainous character. The coast is lined with low and sandy islands, separated from the main land by shallow bayous, or stagnant inlets, and covered with stinted live-oak.

Rivers.-Mississippi, Red, Ouchita, Atchafalaya, Courta-

bleau, Teche, La Fourche, Amite, &c.

Productions.—Sugar and rice are the principal, cotton,

Indian corn, fruits of various sorts.

Towns.—New Orleans, Madisonville, St. Helena, Baton Rouge, St. Francisville, Franklin, St. Martinville, Opelousas,

Alexandria, Natchitoches, &c.

Internal Improvements.—Barataria Canal, commences on the Mississippi, 6 miles above New Orleans and passes into the Lafourche, thence into Berwicks Bay. Length of canals 22 miles, entire length including river and lake navigation 85 miles.

Canal Carondelet, forms, with the Bayou St. John, a water communication from New Orleans to Lake Ponchartrain. Length of Canal 2 miles. Do. B. of St. Johns, 4 miles.

Orleans Bank Canal, from New Orleans to Ponchartrain,

length 4½ miles.

Conal Veret, extends from a point on the Lafourche to Lake Veret. Length 8 miles. Several unimportant canals exist in the neighbourhood of New Orleans, and the parishes bordering on the Mississippi: these have been constructed by individuals for private use—

The railroads are—From New Orleans to lake Pontchartrain, length $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles. One from New Orleans to Carrollton, $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles. One from New Orleans to Lafayette, 2 miles. One from New Orleans, with the Bayou St. John, $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles long.

Rail Roads in Progress.—From St. Francisville in Loui-

siana, to Woodville, in Mississippi, 27 miles long.

From New Orleans to Nashville in Tennessee, length of the

Louisiana portion, 80 miles.

From New Orleans, via the Lake Ponchartrain Rail Road, to Lake Borgne, 20 miles long.

From Pount Coupee to Opelousas, 30 miles long.

From Alexandria to Cheneyville, 30 miles.

From Port Hudson to Jackson, Clinton, &c. 28 miles.

From Clinton to Baton Rouge, 20 miles.

Various rail roads, the aggregate length of which is about 300 miles, are proposed.

Louisville, K. (168,) situate on the Ohio at the head of the falls; is a place of considerable trade; population at present, 20,000. The public buildings are a court house, market houses, eight or ten churches, high school, marine hospital, and several factories of iron, cotton, &c.

ROUTES FROM LOUISVILLE.

To Lexington, b	y Stuge	2.	Fredericksburg,	15	27
Middletown,	, ,	12	Paoli,	18	45
Shelbyville,	20	32	Mt. Pleasant,	25	70
Frankfort,	21	53	Washington,	18	88
Lexington,	24	77	Vincennes,	20	108
To Nashville, Ten.	, by Sta	ge.	To Cincinnati, by	Stag	e,
West Point,		21	Charleston,		13
Elizabethtown,	22	43	Bethlehem,	13	26
Coombsville,	9	52	New London,	8	34
Munfordsville,	21	73	Madison,	12	46
Glasgow,	20	93	Aurora,	31	77
Scottsville,	24	117	Lawrenceburg,	3	80
Gallatin,	20	137	Cincinnati,	23	103
Nashville,	25	162			
***************************************			To Troy, by St.	age.	
To Indianapolis,	by Stag	ge.	New Albany,	Ŭ	3
New Albany,	,	3	Corydon,	16	19
Greenville,	9	12	Fredonia,	16	35
Salem,	24	36	Troy,	28	63
Valona,	19	55			
Brownstown,	3	58			
Columbus,	25	83	To Hopkinsville, by	y Sta	ge.
Edinburg,	12	95	West Point,		21
Franklin,	10	105	Philadelphia,	16	37
Indianapolis,	20	125	Hardinsburg,	22	59
			Hartford,	36	95
To Vincennes, b	y Stage	e.	Greenville,	23	118
New Albany,		3	Hopkinsville,	27	145
Greenville,	9	12	-		

ROUTE	S FROM L		
		avenworth,	17 59 33 92
To Lexington, by Rail	roau.	ephensport,	00
Middletown,	14 St	oekport,	53 145
Brownsboro,		wensburg,	8 153
Brownsboro,		Wellengille	35 188
Ballardsville road,		vansville,	11 199
Shelby Co. line,	7 67 H	enderson,	22 221
Frankford,	7 74 N	It. Vernon,	12 233
Franklin Co. line,	10 84 (arthage,	19 252
So. Elkhorn R.	10 04 8	hawneetown,	20 272
Lexington,	1 (Cave in Rock,	41 313
	1 .	Cumberland K.,	004
To Springfield, by	Stage. 23	Tennessee R.,	1.4
Shepardsville,		America,	0 0 1
Bardstown,	10 -1	Mouth of Ohio,	11
Fredericksburg,	10 0-	New Madrid,	65 436
Fredericks and	8 59	Little Prairie,	30 460
Springfield,		Little I furray	119 585
To Pittsburg, by St.	eam Boat.	Memphis,	172 757
To Pittsourg, og	23	Arkansas R.,	284 1041
West Point,	11 44	Vicksburg,	103 1144
Madison,	13 57	Natchez,	139 1283
Port William,	10 67	St. Francisville,	34 1317
Vevay,	10 77	Raton Rouge,	131 1448
Fredericksburg,	31 108	New Orleans,	701
Lawrenceburg,	24 132		Cham Route
Cincinnati.	21 153	To St. Louis, b	y Steam Board
New Richmond,	5 158	Mouth of Ohio,	as above, 8 379
Point Pleasant,	15 173	Elk Island,	8 387
Augusta,	16 189		14 401
Marysville,	16 103	English In	410
Portsmouth,	46 235		11 412
Burlington,	41 27	7 Bainbridge,	10 422
Gallipolis,	41 31		14 436
Letart's Rapids,	32 34		16 452
Letart's Ruper,	30 37		14 466
Belville,	17 39	6 Marys R.	9 475
Parkersburg,	13 40	9 Saline R.	8 483
Marietta,	89 49	00 St. Genevieve.	
Wheeling,	21 5	11 Ft. Chartres,	19 514
Steubenville,	79 5	81 Herculaneum	5 519
Pittsburg,		Harrison,	7 596
	- by Stear	Merrimac R.	12 538
To New Orlea	ns, by Sieur	Carcadelet,	6 544
Pog	lt.	42 St. Louis,	0 0.1.3
Northampton,		6	
2.0.			

Louisvile, G. (271.) Louisburg, N. C. (216.) Louisa, K. (171.) Lovelace, Lou. (295.) Lower Canada, (12.) Lower Marlboro, Md. (177.) Lucas, N. C. (256.) Lumberton, N. C. (255.) Lumpkin, G. (285.) Lynchburg, Va. (195.) Lynhaven Bay, Va. (198.) Lyons, N. Y. (57.)

M.

Machias, Me. (42.) Mackeysville, N. C. (232.) Mackinaw, Il. (119.) Macon, G. (287.) Madison, Il. (164.) Madison, Ind. (168.) Madison, Va. (175.) Madison, T. 229.) Madison, G. (270) Madisonville, K. (187.) Madisonville, T. (330.) Madisonville, Lou. (309.)

Maine, state of, (18,) is divided into twelve counties, and had, in 1830, a population of 399,462. Area, 38,250 square miles; capital, Augusta; metropolis, Portland; lat. 43° 39′ N., long. 6° 39′ E. General elections, second Monday in September; legislature meet first Wednesday in January; constitution formed, 1819.

Government.—The governor is elected annually by the people, salary, \$1,500; seven counsellors also elected annually. The legislative power is vested in a "General Assembly," consisting of a senate and house of representatives, members

of both elected annually by the people.

Judiciary.—Supreme court consists of a chief justice, who receives a salary of \$1,800, and two associate judges, salary \$1,500 each. Court of common pleas, a chief justice and two

associate justices, each receives \$1,200 per annum.

Physical Structure.—The north-western border of this state consists of a series of steps or escarpments, which follow each other in such rapid succession, as in some places to attain an elevation of nearly 2000 feet in the space of a few miles. This elevation continues with slight interruptions along the entire line from the sources of the Connecticut to its termination in the north-east angle of the state. From these data it will be perceived that the country, forms an inclined plane, having the Atlantic coast for its limit towards the south-east. This plane, however, is much broken by high hills and insulated mountain peaks; examples are presented by Bald Ridge mountain, a spur from the main ridge; Mt. Bigelow, Saddleback, Katawdin, and others; some of these peaks are of great height, especially the one last mentioned. The state may be divided into three grand sections; the Atlantic section is com-

paratively level, being much intersected by lakes and other indications of a flat surface; the second or middle section is hilly, and the third, or north-western part is decidedly mountainous.

Rivers.—Andriscoggin, Kennebeck, Penobscot, St. Croix,

St. Johns, Madawaska, Walloostook, &c.

Productions.-Lumber, fish, pot and pearl ashes, small

grain, provisions, &c.

Towns.—Portland, the metropolis; Augusta, the capital; York, Paris, Wiscasset, Bath, Hallowell, Castine Belfast, Ban-

gor, Machias, Eastport, &c. &c.

Internal Improvements.—Cumberland and Oxford Canal, extends from Portland to Sebago Pond, 20½ miles, whence, by a lock in Songo river, the navigation is extended into and through Brandy and Long Ponds a further distance of 30 miles.

Bangor and Orono Rail-road, 10 miles in length.

A Rail-Road from Portland to Dover N. H.: one from Portsmouth N. H. to Portland; one from Portland to Augusta; one from Portland to Bangor; one from some point, not yet determined, on the coast of Maine, to Quebec, 227 miles in length, are proposed.

Middlesex Canal, see Massachusetts, (85.)

Muscle Shoals Canal, see Alabama, (217.)
Montague Canal, see Massachusetts, (84.)
Mohawk and Hudson Rail-Road, see N. York, (83.)
Miami Canal, see O. (148.)
Mauch Chunk Rail Road, see Penn. (133.)
Mount Carbon Rail Road, see

Penn. (132.)

Mill Creek Rail Road, see

Penn. (132.)
Morris Canal, see N. Jersey,

(134.) Manasquan Canal, see New Jersey, (158.)

Monongahela Navigation, see Virginia, (152.)

Manchester Rail Road, see Virginia, (197.)

Malone, N. Y. (35.)

Manaks, Ala. (284.)

Manahawken, N. J. (158.) Manchester, Vt. (60.)

Manchester, S. C. (273.) Manchester, K. (191.)

Manlius, N. Y. (58.)
Mansfield, O. (126.)
Mansfield, N. J. (134.)

Mine Hill Rail Road, see Pa.

(132.) Mansfield, Va. (196.) Mantua, O. (101.)

Maramic, Mo. (183.) Maramic R., Mo. (162.)

Marathon, Ala. (247.) Marengo, Ala. (283.)

Mariaville, Me. (41.) Marietta, O. (151.)

Marion, Ind. (123.) Marion, O. (125.)

Marion, Mo. (161.)

Marion, Ala. (283.)

Marion, G. (287.)
Marion, C. H., S. C. (255.)
Marksville, Lou. (294.)
Marshville, Va. (152.)
Marshallsville, Va. (216.)
Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (112.)
Marthasville, Mo. (163.)
Martinsburg, N. Y. (58.)
Martinsburg, P. (130.)

Martinsburg, Ind. 146.
Martinsburg, Va. (154.)
Martinville, N. C. (215.)
Martinsville, Va. (215.)
Martins, N. C. (213.)
Martins, N. C. (214.)
Marysville, O. (125.)
Marysville K. (169.)
Marysville, T. (230.)
Maryville, Va. (196.)

Maryland, state of, (153,) is divided into 20 counties, and contained in 1830, 447,040 inhabitants, including 102,994 slaves; area, 11,150 square miles; capital, Annapolis; metropolis, Baltimore; lat. 39° 18′ N.; long. 0° 26′ E. General election, first Wednesday in October. Legislature meets, first Monday in December. Constitution formed, 1776; amended 1838.

Government.—Governor elected by the people, term of office, three years, salary, \$4200. Senate, consisting of 21 members, and house of delegates, 79 members, called the General Assembly, meet on the last Monday in December at Annapolis; pay of members \$4 a day, of the speakers, \$5 each. The members of the house of delegates are elected annually by the people, on the first Wednesday of October.

Judiciary.—Chancery court, chancellor. Court of appeals, chief judge, (salary \$2500) and five associate judges, who receive a salary of \$2,200 each. Baltimore court, one chief judge, and associate judges; salary of the former \$2,400, of

the two latter, \$1,500 each.

Physical Structure.—Eastern section, bordering on the Atlantic ocean and eastern shore of Chesapeake bay, level; centre, hilly, gradually increasing in elevation, until it meets the western section of the state, which presents little else than a succession of mountain ridges, extending from the Monocacy to the western limits of the state. The Back Bone mountain, so called, the main ridge of the Allegheney, has a mean altitude of about 2,500 feet, and is the dividing ridge between the waters of the Atlantic and those running into the Ohio.

Rivers.-Potomac, Patuxent, Patapsco, Susquehanna, Elk,

Chester, Choptank, Nantikoke, &c.

Productions.—Tobacco, wheat, some cotton, flax, hemp, &c.

Towns.-Baltimore, Annapolis, Frederick, Hagerstown,

Rockville, Port Tobacco, Upper Marlboro; and on the eastern shore, Elkton, Chester, Centreville, Easton, Cambridge, &c.

Internal Improvements.—Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, extends from Georgetown to Pittsburg, length as proposed, 3411 miles. A canal 9 miles long, leading from Alexandria to intersect the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, at Georgetown is now constructing. (See District of Columbia.) Port Deposit Canal, is designed to overcome the rapids of the Susquehanna, above Port Deposit, length nearly 10 ms. Canal at Little Falls of Potomac, 21 ms. long. Canal at Great Falls, built of stone, 1200 yards long. Baltimore and Ohio R. R. extends from Baltimore to Harper's Ferry, on the Potomac, 81 ms. from Baltimore. This road is to be continued to the Ohio river. A road of a single track extends from the main line to Frederick, 3½ ms. Baltimore and Port Deposit Rail Road, commenced in 1830, extends to Havre de Grace; length, 34 ms. Baltimore and Washington Rail Road, length 37 3-4 miles; this work is now completed. Baltimore and York Rail Road, 591 ms. long. Wilmington and Susquehanna Rail Road is an extension of the Baltimore and Port Deposit Rail Road, which, with the Philadelphia and Wilmington Rail Road, forms a continuous line from Baltimore to Philadelphia, 93 miles in length, and now in successful operation.

Mason's, N. C. (233.) Maysville, Va. (196.)

Massachusetts, state of, (83,) is divided into 14 counties. Population in 1830, 610,014. Area, 8750 square miles. Capital and metropolis, Boston, Lat. 42° 22′ N. Long. 5° 57′ E. General election for governor and senators, first Monday in April; for representatives, in May. Legislature meet, fourth Tucsday

in October. Constitution formed, 1780.

Government.—Governor, term of office, one year, salary \$3,666 67. Lieutenant Governor \$533 33. Secretary of commonwealth, and state treasurer, each \$2,000; adjutant general, \$1,500, who are chosen by joint ballot, from the senators and nine counsellors; each holds his office for one year. Legislature styled the general Court, is composed of a Senate and House of Representatives. Members of the senate are elected annually on the first Monday in April; the representatives are elected annually in May.

Judiciary.—The judiciary power is vested in a Supreme Court, and a Court of Common Pleas, and such others as the General Court may establish. The judges are appointed by the governor and senate, and hold their offices during good

behaviour.

Physical Structure.—The eastern part of the state is generally level, with occasionally an isolated hill. In the central part, between Woreester and the valley of the Connecticut, those hills occur at frequent intervals, until passing to the westward, the lands increase in elevation, and assume the aspect of a mountain region.

The mean elevation of Berkshire, the extreme western county of the state, is not less than 1000 feet above tide. This portion is studded with innumerable hills and mountain peaks, some of which rise to a height of 3000 feet above their bases.

Rivers.—Housatonic, Connecticut, Pawtucket, Charles, Mer-

rimack, &c.

Productions.—Indian corn, wheat, rye, oats, barley, peas, beans, flaxseed, &c.

Towns. — Boston, the Capital; Salem, Newburyport, Lowell, Worcester, Springfield, Northampton, Greenfield, Pittsfield,

and many extensive towns and villages.

Internal Improvements.—Middlesex Canal, extends from Boston to Chelmsford. Length 27 miles. Pawtucket Canal, in town of Lowell, is used both for navigation and for manufacturing purposes, length 1½ miles. Blackstone Canal, extends from Providence R. I., to Worcester, Mass. length 45 miles. Hampshire and Hampden Canal, see Connecticut. gue Canal, near the Montague falls in Connecticut river, 3 miles long. South Hadley Canal, round the S. H. falls in the Connecticut, length 2 miles. Worcester Rail Road, 44 miles in length. It is proposed to continue this road to the Connecticut, and to construct a branch to Milberry. Boston and Providence Rail Road length 41 miles. Dedham Branch, 21 miles, Taunton Branch, 11 miles. Boston and Lowell Rail Road, length 26 miles. Quincy Rail Road, used for transporting granite from the quarry in Quincy to Neponset river, length 3 miles, branches 1 mile. Andover and Haverhill Rail Road, 15½ miles. Boston and Salem Rail Road, 15 ms. long. Norwich and Worcester Rail Road, 59 miles. Worcester and Springfield Rail Road, 54 miles. This road will ultimately be extended to the Hudson river.

Masacre, I. Ala. (311.)
Mathews, C. H., Va. (198.)
Mauch Chunk, P. (133.)
Maumee, O. (99.)
Maumee R., O. (98.)
Maysville, Il. (165.)
M'Connelsville, O. (151.)
M'Connelstown, P. (154.)

M'Leansboro, Il. (165.) M'Neils, N. C. (235.) M'Minnville, T. (229.) M'Kinstry, S. C. (254.) M'Catteums, S. C. (254.) M'Gees, Miss. (265.) M'Coun's Bluff, Ala. (266.) M'Clair, Miss. (280.) M'Intoshs, G. (286.) M'Intoshs C. H., G. (305.) M'Daniels, Lou. (307.) Mcadville, P. (102.) Mechanicsville, S. C. (255.) Medina, O. (100.) Medway, Me. (85.) Meigsville, O. (151.)

Memphis, Tenn. (224,) occupies the site of old Fort Pickering, on the left bank of the Mississippi; situated on the great road from Nashville to Little Rock in Arkansas. Memphis is advancing in commercial importance. Its present population is about 1500, which is rapidly augmenting in number.

ROUTES FROM MEMPHIS.

To New Orleans by	Steam	boat.	Louisville,	42	573
Arkansas river		172			
Vicksburg,	284	456	To Little Rock, .	Ark.	
Natchez,	103	559	Marion		10
St. Francisville,	139	698	St. Francis,	30	40
Baton Rouge,	34	732	Walnut Camp,	34	74
New Orleans,	131	863	Cache P. O.	19	93
			Bayou Meteau,	54	147
To Louisville, by S	teaml	oat.	Little Rock,	12	159
Greenock,		12			
Randolph,	30	42	To Nashville.		
Fulton,	6	48	Summerville,		43
Little Prairie,	57	105	Bolivar,	24	67
New Madrid,	36	141	Jackson,	28	95
Columbus,	44	185	Huntingdon,	3 8	133
Mouth of Ohio,	17	202	Reynoldsburg,	29	162
America,	11	213	Charlotte,	39	201
Shawneetown,	108	321	Nashville,	39	240
Carthage,	19	340			
Mt. Vernon,	12	352	To Florence, A	l.	
Hendersonville,	22	374	Raleigh,		9
Evansville,	11	385	Summerville,	34	43
Owensberg,	35	420	Bolivar,	24	67
Rockport,	8	428	Purdy,	30	97
Stephensport,	53	481	Savannah,	16	113
Leavenworth	33	514	Florence,	5 0	163
Northampton,	17	531			

Meredith, N. Y. (82.) Mercer, P. (102.) Mercersburg, P. (154.) Meridianville, Ala. (248.) Merrittsville, S. C. (232.) Metcalf boro, T. (229.) Mexico, Mo. (162.) Micanopy, F. (329.) Miccoton, F. (316.)

Michigan, state of, (22,) is divided into 40 counties. Population in 1830, 31,639. Area, 59,700 square miles. Capital and metropolis, Detroit, lat. 42° 20' N. long. 60° 1' W. General election, first Monday in October. Legislature meets, first Monday in January. Constitution formed May 11th, 1835.

Government.—The governor (salary \$2000 a year) and lieutenant-governor are elected for two years. The present governor and licutenant governor are to hold their offices until

the 1st Monday in January, 1838.

Legislature.—The legislative power is vested in a senate and house of representatives. The members of the former are chosen for two years, one half of them every year, and to consist, as nearly as may be, of one-third of the number of representatives, who are chosen annually, and cannot be less than 48, nor more than 100.

Judiciary.—Consists of a supreme court and such other courts as the legislature may establish. The judges of the supreme court are appointed by the governor and senate for a term of 7 years. Judges of circuit and probate courts, and those of minor courts, are elected by the people for a term

of four years.

Physical Structure.—The southern part of this territory is very level, or gently undulating. The northern part is more uneven. Along the shore of Huron there are, in places, very high bluffs; and along the east shore of Lake Michigan, are in many places, immense hills of pure sand of from fifty to several hundred feet in height, which have been blown up by the almost constant western winds, sweeping over the lake and the sandy margin on its eastern side.

Rivers.—Maumee, Rasin, Huron, Clinton, Black, Saginaw, Traverse, Monistic, White, Maskegon, Kallemazoo, St. Joseph,

&c.

Productions.—Corn, wheat, rye, buckwheat; potatoes, and every variety of similar vegetables, grow here in great abundance.

Towns.-Detroit, Monroe, Frenchtown, Brownstown, Pontiac, Ann Arbour, Byron, Montcalm, Niles, Newbury-port, Saginaw, Mackinaw, Port Sheldon, St. Joseph, &c.

Internal Improvements.—Central Rail Road, from Detroit to St. Joseph on the east shore of Lake Michigan; 197 miles long. The section from Detroit to Ann Arbour, 40 miles, is now in use.

Detroit and Pontiac Rail Road, 25 miles long.

Erie and Kalamazoo Rail Road, commences at Toledo in Lucas county, Ohio, and is completed from thence to Adrian 33 miles. Branch of Ditto to Havre, 13 miles.

Southern Rail Road, from a point on the river Raisin, near Monroe, to New Buffalo, via Hillsdale, Mason, Centreville,

Edwardsburg, &c.; length about 187 miles.

Detroit and Shelby Rail Road, 23 miles long.

Palmyra and Jackson Rail Road, 46 miles long.

River Raisin and Lake Erie Rail Road, 50 miles.

Ypsilanti and Tecumseh Rail Road, 25 miles.

A canal, about 18 miles long, connecting the waters of the Saginaw and Grand rivers; one from Mount Clemens to Singapore, via Pontiac, Howell, Hastings, &c., about 220 miles in length; and one designed to overcome the Falls of St. Mary, are in course of execution.

Michigan, Ind. (96.)
Middle T., Mich. (71.)
Middle T., N. J. (134.)
Middle T., O. (148.)
Middle T., O. (149.)
Middle T., Pa. (132.)
Middle T., K. (168.)
Middletown, N. Y. (82.)
Middletown, Con. (110.)
Middletown, Va. (154.)
Middletown, Pa. (128.)
Middlebury, Vt. (60.)
Middlebury, Vt. (60.)
Middleburn, Va. (152.)
Middleburn, Va. (152.)
Middleburn, Va. (131.)
Mikasukie, F. (316.)
10 Mile river, N. Y. (108.)
Milford, D. (178.)

Milford, P. (108.) Milledgeville, capital of Geo. (270.) Millers T., P. (131.) Millgrove, S. C. (274.) Milhaven, G. (289.) Millheim, Pa. (131.) Mills, Va. (175.) Millville, N. J. (158.) Millers, Ala. (248.) Milton, Vt. (36.) Milton, N. H. (62.) Milton, Pa. (106.) Mineral Point, Wis. (67.) Mines, lead, Mo. (184.) Miram, Ind. (145.) Mississippi R. (92.)

Mississippi, state of, (243,) is divided into 56 counties. Population, 1830, 136,621, including 65,659 slaves. Area 47,680 square miles. Capital, Jackson, metropolis, Natchez. Lat. 31° 35′ N., Long. 14° 33′ E. General election, first Monday and Tucsday in November. Legislature meets, first Monday in January biennially. Constitution formed, 1817.

Government.—The governor is elected for two years—salary \$3,000 per annum. The secretary of state, treasurer, and auditor receives each \$2,000 per annum, and the attorney-

general \$1,000.

The legislative power is vested in a senate and house of representatives, styled The General Assembly of the state of Mississippi. The members of the senate are elected for three years, and the representatives annually. The number of the representatives cannot be less than 37, nor more than 100, as soon as the free population shall amount to 80,000. The senate cannot consist of less than one-fourth nor more than one-third, as many as there are representatives.

Judiciary.—High Court of Errors and Appeals, one chief, and two associate judges, salary of each \$2,000 per annum. Superior Court of Chancery. Chancellor's salary \$2,000.

The circuit court consists of a chief justice and eight associate judges—the salary of each \$2,000. The state is divided into nine districts, in which the judges of the supreme court severally hold circuit courts. These courts have original jurisdiction in eases where the sum in dispute exceeds \$50; and appellate jurisdiction from the courts of justices of the peace, where the sum exceeds \$20. They have also criminal jurisdiction. The county of Adams has a separate criminal court, whose jurisdiction however, does not supersede that of the circuit court.

Every organized county has a probate court, and a county court held by three judges, of which the probate judge is the presiding justice. This court takes cognizance of offences committed by slaves, &c. The judges hold their offices during good behaviour, but not beyond the age of 65 years.

Imprisonment for debt is not allowed in this state, except in cases of a debtor who fraudulently withholds his property from his creditors.

Physical Structure.—Along the Mississippi river, at various distances, there is a line of bluffs, of from 50 to 150 feet in height. The portions which are contiguous to the river, are called by different names, such as Walnut Hills, Grand-Gulf-bluffs, Natchez Bluffs, White Cliffs, and Loftus' Heights, &c.

The country beyond these bluffs spreads out into a high, beautiful and fertile table-land, gently undulating and productive.

Beyond the fertile belt of land, there stretches from south to north, and reaches eastward to the Alabama line, an extensive district of country, of various soils, but possessing much that is alluvial and fertile.

The southern, middle and northern parts of this state, may be said to be beautifully undulating, with numerous ravines and streams. In its natural state, in which almost the entire state still is, it was covered with a vast forest of oak, hickory, magnolia, sweet gum, ash, maple, yellow poplar; cypress in the swampy alluvial Mississippi bottoms, pine, holly, &c. &c., with a great variety of underwood, grape-vines, paw-paw, spice wood, &c.

Rivers.—Mississippi, Yazoo, Tombeckbec, Yellowbusha, Buffalo, Big Black, Bayou Pierre, Homochitte, Amite, Pearl,

Pascagoula, &c.

Productions.—Cotton, tobacco, corn, sugar, the orange, fg,

and fruits are abundant.

Towns.—Jackson, the capital, Natchez, Monticello, Port Gibson, Shieldsboro, Greenville, Winchester, Washington,

Vicksburg, Warrenton, &c.

Internal Improvement.—St. Francisville and Woodville Rail Road, 27 miles in length. Vicksburg and Clinton Rail Road, length 54 miles. Natchez and Canton Rail Road, 150 miles. Jackson and Brandon Rail Road, 14 miles. Grand Gulf and Port Gibson Rail Road, 7 miles long. The New Orleans and Nashville Rail Road will pass through this state.

Missisinewa, Ind. (123.)

Missouri, state of, (115,) is divided into 62 counties, and had, in 1830, a population of 140,455, including 25,091 slaves. Area, 65,500 square miles; capital, Jefferson; metropolis, St. Louis; latitude 38° 37' north, longitude 13° 14' east. General election, first Monday in August, biennially; legislature meet first Monday in November, every second year; constitution formed, 1820.

Government.—Governor, term of office four years—salary \$1500 per annum. Lieutenant-governor is president of the

senate.

Legislature.—The legislative power is vested in a general assembly, consisting of a senate and a house of representatives. The members of the former body are elected for four years; the members of the latter, for two years. Every county is entitled to one representative; but the whole number can never exceed 100 members. The senators are chosen by districts. The constitutional number is not less than 14 nor more than 33.

The elections for senators and representatives are held biennially; and for governor and lieutenant-governor once in four years, on the first Monday in August. The legislature meets

every second year (at the city of Jefferson,) on the first Mon

day in November.

Judiciary.—The judicial power is vested in a supreme court, circuit courts, and such other inferior tribunals as the general assembly may, from time to time, establish.

The judges are appointed by the governor, by and with the consent of the senate; and they hold their offices during good

behaviour, but not beyond the age of 65 years.

The supreme court consists of a presiding judge and two associate judges; the salary of each \$1,100 per annum.

There are five circuit courts and as many judges.

salary of each is 1,000 per annum.

Physical Structure.—The surface of this state is greatly diversified. The alluvial bottoms are level. In the middle part rises a hilly region, extending from St. Genevieve southwestward into Arkansas, and is the commencement of the Ozark Mountains of that state. The northern part is undulating, but no where approaching what may, with propriety be called mountainous. Extensive prairies stretch out on the western and northern parts of this state. Even the St. Genevieve hills are marked with this character, and have the appearance, in places, of extensive uncultivated fields. The mine region, which lies about 70 miles south-west of St. Louis, is hilly, and a considerable portion of the state lying south of the Missouri and Osage rivers, is of the same character, and is in many places, marked with flint knobs of considerable elevation. The country between the Mississippi and Missouri rivers is delightfully undulating and variegated. The prairies, which are of variable widths, are generally fertile. The Mississippi is skirted with many rich alluvial prairies as well as extensive tracts of heavily timbered land.

Rivers.—Mississippi, Missouri, Osage, Meramec, St. Fran-

cis, White, &c.

Towns.-Jefferson, the capital, St. Louis, New Madrid, Perryville, St. Genevieve, Alexandria, New London, Palmyra, Hannibal, Wyaconda, St. Charles, Florissant, Franklin, Boone-

ville, Chariton, &c.

Productions.—Corn, wheat, ryc, barley, buckwheat, tobacco, hemp, cotton, and garden vegetables in great variety. The forests consist of the oak, black and white walnut, yellow poplar, ash, clm, hackberry, hickory, sugar-tree, cypress, yellow pine, cedar, &c.

Internal Improvements.—Rail-roads are projected—From

St. Louis to Fayette; from St. Louis to Bellevue and Marazmec; from Hannibal to Huntsville; from St. Louis to Potosi; and one from Louisiana in Pike county, to Columbia, in Boone county.

Missouri R., (139.) Missouriton, (139.) Missouri, (163.)

Mobile, Ala. (311,) the seat of justice for Mobile county, has a population of about 4,000; several handsome churches, cathedral, &c. and is a place of considerable trade.

ROUTES FROM MOBILE.

To New Orleans.	Dumfries, 15 62
Springhill, by stage, 6	St. Stephens, 31 93
Portersville, 24 30	Coffeeville, 18 111
(Thence to New Orleans	Demopolis, 87 198
by steamboat and rail-	Erie, 30 228
road, 123 miles.)	Tuscaloosa, 57 285
<u></u>	
To Montgomery, by Stage.	To Montgomery, by Steam
Taitsville, 35	Boat.
Burnt Corn, 52 87	Tombeckbee R., 51
Fort Dale, 45 132	Fort Mimms, 8 59
Montgomery, 48 180	Claiborne, 45 104
	Black Bluff, 26 130
To Leakesville, by Stage.	Canton, 50 180
Escatappa R. 28	Portland, 14 194
Chickasawhay R. 20 48	Cahawba, 22 216
Leakesville, 11 59	Selma ₄ 15 231
<u> </u>	Vernon, 44 275
To Tuscaloosa, by Stage.	Washington, 16 291
Florida, 31	Montgomery, 10 301
Dumfries, 15 46	
St. Stephens, 24 70	To Pensacola, by Steam
Clarksville, 14 84	Boat.
Choctawcorner, 28 112	Dog R., 10
Whitehall, 40 152	Fowl R., 6 16
Greensboro, 25 177	Fort Bowyer, 18 34
Tuscaloosa, 31 208	Perdido R., 30 64
	Barancas, 15 79
To Tuscaloosa, by Steam	Pensacola, 10 89
Boat.	
Fort Stoddart, 47	
	7

To Pensacola, by Stage,	Bellefontaine, by	- 0	
To Pensacola, by Stage, &c. Blakely, by Steam B.	Stage, Pensacola,	26 37	

Diakery, by Steam D.	1 onsucoru,
-	
Mobile Bay, Ala. (311.)	Montgomery, N. Y. (108.)
Mobile Pt., Ala. (312.)	Montgomery, T. (210.)
Mohawk Indians, L. C. (32.)	Montgomery, Ala. (284.)
Monks Corner, N. C. (273.)	Monticello, N. Y. (108.)
Monroe, Mich. (99.)	Monticello, K. (210.)
Monroe, O. (100.)	Monticello, G. (270.)
Monroe, G. (270.)	Monticello, Miss. (296.)
Monroe, T. (209.)	Monticello, Ala. (301.)
Montaug Pt., N. Y. (111.)	Monticello, F. (316.)
Montcalm, Mich. (72:)	Montpelier, capital of Ver-
Montezuma, N. Y. (57.)	mont, (37.)
Montezuma, Ala. (300.)	Montpelier, Ala. (312.)
Montevalo, Ala. (267.)	

Montreal, L. C. (15,) the most populous city in British America; by the census of 1825, it contained 24,787 inhabitants; this number has greatly increased since that time, and now probably amounts to 30,000. The chief objects of interest in and about Montreal, are "the mountain," new cathedral, catholic college, the barracks, hospital, baths, &c., in St. Paul's street, masonic hall, theatre, Nelson's monument, convents, seminary of St. Sulpice, and several churches, public walks, &c. (See map of Montreal.)

ROUTES FROM MONTREAL.

To Quebec, by Stee	ım E	Boat,	To	Albany, by	Steam	Boat
(the distances by	land	are	and Stage.			
nearly the same.)			La	Prairie, by St.	age,	8
St. Sulpice, by Stage	,	27		St. Johns,	17	25
La Valtrie,	5	32	ئدا	Isle au Noix	, 9	34
La Noraye,	10	42	oa	Chazy,	15	49
William Henry,	11	53	m	Plattsburg,	14	63
Three River,	43	96	Steam	S. Hero,	8	71
Gentilly,	14	110	tes	Burlington,	9	80
St. Anne,	15	125	ζΩ.	Essex,	15	95
Pt. aux Trembles,	38	163		Bason Harbo	or, 9	104
Quebec,	17	180		Crown Pt.		116

of (Tipondoness	14 130	, Andover,	20 282
Ticonderoga,	23 153		
wi Whitehall,		Boston,	21 303
Fort Ann,	14 167		
3 Sandy Hill,	9 176	To the Falls of Ni	agara, by
50 Fort Miller,	11 187	Steam Boat, &	rc.
Sandy Hill, Fort Miller, Stillwater,	18 205	La Chine,	8
Troy,	14 219	Cascades,	16 24
Albany,	6 225	Les Cedres	7 31
		Coteau du Lac,	7 38
To Boston, by Stag	re, via	Lake St. Francis,	4 42
Burlington, V	t.	Head of ditto.	22 64
St. Johns,	25	Cornwall,	6 70
Phillipsburg,	23 48	Long Saut I.	10 80
St. Albans,	16 64	Chrysler's Field,	17 97
Milton,	13 77	Hamilton,	1 98
Burlington,	12 89	Prescot,	18 116
Richmond,	14 103	Elizabethtown,	14 130
Montpelier,	26 129	Kingston,	48 178
Chelsea,	24 153	Oswego,	58 236
Dartmouth Col.	25 178	Coburg,	74 310
Shaker's Vil.	11 189	Port Hope,	36 346
Andover,	22 211	Toronto, (York),	66 412
Concord, N. H.	24 235	Niagara Vil.	30 442
Hookset Falls,	8 243	Queenston,	7 449
		-	
Londonderry,	19 262	Falls of Niagara,	6 455

Montrose, Pa. (107.) Morristown, N. J. (134.) Mooneys, Ark. (243.) Moore, N. C. (256.) Moorfield, O. (127.) Moorfields, Va. (153.) Moosehead Lake, Me. (19.) Moscow, Mo. (162.) Moosetocmaguntic Lake, Me. (39.) Moundville, Mich. (44.) Mount Holly, N. J. (158.) Mount Joliet, Il. (94.) M'Coy, Mich. (48.) Mt. Clemen, Mich. (74.) Mt. Desert Id., Me. (41.) Mt. Maria, Pa. (107.)

Mt. Pleasant, K. (211.) Mt. Carmel, Il. (166.) Mt. Sterling, K. (170.) Mt. Salus, Miss. (280.) Mt. Vernon, Me. (39.) Mt. Vernon, O. (126.) Mt. Vernon, Il. (165.) Mt. Vernon, Va. (176.) Mt. Vernon, K. (190.) Moscow, Mo. (163.) Mullins Ford, G. (251.) Munfordsville, K. (189.) Monroe, Lou. (278). Munrows, N. C. (235.) Munsee T., In. (123.) Murfreesboro, T. (228.) Murcellas, G. (305.)

Murphy, N. C. (215.)
Muskingum R., O. (127.)
Miamisport, Ind. (123.)
Miami R., O. (148.)
Maysville, K. (170.)
Maysville, Va. (196.)
Morgan, N. C. (256.)

Morganfield, K. (187.) Morgantown, Va. (152.) Morgantown, K. (188.) Morgantown, N. C. (233. Morganville, Va. (196.) Moulton, Ala. (247.)

N.

Nacogdoches, (292.)
Nantucket, Mass. (112.)
Nantucket I., Mass. (112.)
Natches, Miss. (295.)

Natchitoches, Lou. (293.) Natural Bridge, Va. (195.) Natural Bridge Va. (212.) Natural Bridge, F. (314.)

Nashville, T. (208), the capital and most important town in Tennessee, was founded in 1784, and is a remarkably beautiful city. Population about 8,000. The public buildings are: a court-house, market-house, college, academy, baptist, presbyterian and episcopalian churches, penitentiary, waterworks by which the city is supplied with water from the Cumberland, &c.

ROUTES FROM NASHVILLE.

To Florence, Ala.	by Sta	ge.	Crab Orchard,	38	124
Franklin,	ž.	18	Kingston,	20	144
Columbia,	23	41	Loveville,	23	167
Mt. Pleasant,	11	52	Knoxville,	14	181
Lawrenceburg,	22	74			
Florence,	41	115	To Huntsville, b	y Stage	2.
-			Nolensville,	, ,	17
To Memphis, by	Stage		Gideonville,	21	38
Charlotte,	U	39	Farmington,	12	50
Reynoldsburg,	39	78	Fayetteville,	27	77
Huntingdon,	29	107	Hazel Green,	17	94
Jackson,	38	145	Huntsville,	12	106
Bolivar,	28	173	_		
Summerville,	24	197	To Lexington, K.	by Sta	ge.
Memphis,	43	240	Haysboro,	,	6
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Franklin, K.	29	35
To Knoxville, by	Stage		Bowlinggreen,	22	57
Lebanon,		28	Monroe,	51	108
Alexandria,	18	46	New Market,	31	139
Liberty,	8	54	Harrodsburg,	34	173
Sparta,	32	86	Lexington,	29	202
•			- ,		

To New Orleans, by Steam			To Louisville, by Steam		
Boat.			Boat.		
Hillsboro,		20	Ohio River, as above,	203 ,	
Clarkesville,	49	69	Rock Haven,	34 237	
Palmyra,	6	75	Shawneetown,	27 264	
Dover,	32	107	Carthage,	19 283	
Eddyville,	55	162	Mt. Vernon,	12 295	
Ohio River,	41	203	Hendersonville,	27 317	
America,	47	250	Rockport,	54 371	
Memphis,	225	475	Leavenworth,	86 457	
Vicksburg,	456	931	Louisville,	59 516	
Natchez,	103 1	034			
New Orleans,	304 1	338			
Non Castle and	Euganaht.	201122	Now Porlin N V (81		

New Castle and Frenchtown
Rail Road, see Delaware,
(157.)
New Jersey Rail Road, sce
New Jersey, (134.)
Nash C. H., N. C. (236.)
Nashua, N. H. (85.)
Nelson, K. (169.)
Nelson's Ferry, S. C. (273.)
Neuson, S. C. (255.)
Neuse River, N. C. (236.)
New Alexandria, Pa. (129.)
Newark, O. (126.)
Newark, N. J. (134.)
New Berlin, Pa. (131.)

New Berlin, N. Y. (81.)
New Bedford, Mass. (112.)
Newberne, N. C. (237.)
Newberry, S. C. (253.)
Newburr, Va. (194.)
Newburg, N. Y. (108.)
Newburyport, Mass. (86.)
Newburyport, Mich. (70.)
New Castle, Pa. (102.)
New Castle, Ind. (147.)
New Castle, K. (168.)
New Castle, D. (157.)
New Columbia, Miss. (297.)
New Geneva, Pa. (153.)

New Hampshire, (62,) is divided into eight counties. Population in 1830, 269,533. Area, 9,200 square miles. Capital, Concord. Metropolis, Portsmouth, lat. 43° 04′ N. long. 6° 11′ E. General election, second Wednesday in March. Legislature meet, first Wednesday in June. Constitution formed, 1792.

Government.—Governor, salary \$1,200. Five counsellors, all elected annually. The legislative power is vested in a senate and house of representatives, called, jointly, the General Court. The members of both are elected annually by the people, on the second Wednesday in March.

Judiciary.—Supreme court, consists of one chief justice, salary \$1,400 and two associate judges, \$1,200 each. Court

of Common Pleas, consists of 16 justices, who act in conjunc-

tion with the judges of the supreme court.

Physical Structure.—Within twenty or twenty-five miles of the coast, the land is nearly level. In the central part of the state it becomes hilly, with an occasional mountain peak or spur, from the elevated region in the north. All above is mountainous, having the White Hills, Moosehillock, Monadnuc, Kearsarge, Sunapee, Ossipee, and other mountains, which impart to the entire north half of the state, a rugged and broken aspect.

Rivers.-Connecticut, Merrimae, Androscoggin, Saco, Pis-

cataqua, &c.

Towns.—Concord, Portsmouth, Piscataqua, Exeter, Dover, Meredith, Amherst, Keene, Charleston, Claremont, Haverhill, Plymouth, Lebanon, &c.

Productions .- Wheat, rye, corn, oats, barley, flax, stock,

provisions, &c.

Internal Improvements.—Nashna and Lowell Rail Road, 15 miles long, to be extended to Concord, N. H. Concord Rail Road. Bow Canal, near Concord, around Bow falls, three quarters of a mile long. Hookset Canal, at the Hookset fall of Merrimac, 825 feet in length. Amoskeig Canal, at the falls of Amoskeig in the Merrimac. Union Canal, passes seven falls in the Merrimac; length, including pools, nine miles. Sewalls Falls Canal.

New Haven, O. (100.)

New Haven, C. (110,) one of the capitals of the state of Connecticut. Population, 10,180. On a large open square in the centre of the town, stand the public buildings, state-house, Yale College, and several very handsome churches. The other places worthy of attention are, the observatory, museum, almshouse, and various factories, and the cemetery.

ROUTES FROM NEW HAVEN.

FD 27 TT 1 1 0					
To New York, by S	ltage		Stamford,	9	44
Milford,		11	West Greenwich,	7	51
Stratford,	5	16	Rye,	4	55
Black Rock,	6	22	Mamaronec,	6	61
Southport,	5	27	West Chester,	8	69
Saugatuck,			New York,	15	84
Norwalk,	4	35			

A	~ .		A	0.00
To New York, by	Stear	n	Southington,	6 22
Boat.		1	Farmington,	11 33
Black Rock,		23	Northington,	7 40
Southpost,	5	28	Simsbury,	7 47
Oldwell,	8	36	Granby,	5 52
Stamford Harb.	8	44	A340000000	
West Greenwich,	8	52	To Hartford, by S	Stage.
New York.	35	87	North Haven,	5
			Wallingford,	9 14
To Providence, by	Stea	m.	Meriden,	4 18
Boat.			Worthington,	6 24
Faulkner's Island,		16	Newington,	6 30
Connecticut R.,	19	35	Hartford,	6 36
New London Harb.	14	49	Harnord,	0,00
		43	To Hautford mig 1	Middle .
(Thence to N. Londo)11		To Hartford, via 1	muute-
4 miles)	20	0.4	town.	10
Point Judith,	35		Northford,	8 18
Newport,	14	98	Durham,	
Pawtuxet,	20	118	Middletown,	7 25
Providence,	5	123	Stepney,	8 33
			Hartford,	8 41
To Danbury, by A	Stage			
Derby,		10	To Newport, by S	Stage.
Honsatonic Ferry,		3 13	Branford,	8
New Strafford,		4 17	Guilford,	10 18
Newton,	;	8 25	E. Guilford,	4 22
Danbury,	9	9 34	Westbrook,	9 31
			Connecticut R.,	6 37
To Granby, by C	anal		New London,	17 54
East Plains,		6	Mystic,	8 62
Hamden,		$2\overset{\circ}{8}$	Newport,	39 101
Cheshire,		8 16	Trowport	00 232
Ozobini o,		0.10		

New Hope, Pa. (134.) New Ipswich, N. H. (85.)

New Inlet, N. C. (239.) New Iberia, Lou. (322.)

New Jersey, state of, (134,) is divided into 17 counties. Population in 1830, 320,779, including 2,446 slaves. Area, 7,500 square miles. Capital, Trenton; Metropolis, Newark, lat. 40° 44′ N. long. 2° 45′ E. General election, second Tuesday in October. Legislature meets, fourth Tuesday in October. Constitution formed, 1776.

Government.—Governor, chosen annually, by a joint vote of the council and assembly; salary, \$2,000 per annum; he is president of the council. The governor, in conjunction with the council, form a court of appeals. Legislature is composed of a legislative council, consisting of 14 members, and general assembly 50 members; the members of both houses are elected annually.

Judiciary.—Supreme court, composed of a chief justice, salary \$1200 per annum, and two associate judges, \$1100 per annum each. The judges are appointed by the legislature; those of the supreme court for a term of seven years, and those

of the inferior courts for five years.

Physical Structure.—All that part of the state which lies south of a line extending from Bordentown to Amboy, is level, partly composed of sea sand, which is entirely destitute of vegetation. Immediately north of this line, an improvement in the surface and general character of the soil becomes visible; hills appear in rapid succession, forming steps up to the elevated region in Morris and Sussex counties. These, and the adjoining counties are much broken by the ridges of the Allegheny mountains, which intersect this part of the state, ranging in a direction from north-east to south-west.

Rivers.—Delaware, Hudson, Passaic, Raritan, Millstone, Hackensack, Schencks, G. Egg Harbor, L. Egg Harbor, Maurice, Rancocus, Musconecung, Pawlings, &c.

Productions.—Wheat, rye, corn, buckwheat, &c.

Towns.—Newark, Paterson, New Brunswick, Trenton, Elizabethtown, Belvidere, Bridgetown, Salem, Camden, Mount

Holly, Perth Amboy, Morristown, &c.

Internal Improvements.—Delaware and Raritan Canal, commences at Bordentown, and extends through Trenton, and along the valleys of the Millstone and Raritan, to New Brunswick. Length 43 miles. A navigable feeder 24 miles long has been constructed along the east bank of the Delaware, intersecting the main trunk in the city of Trenton.—Morris Canal, commences at Jersey City, opposite New York, and terminates on the Delaware at Phillipsburg, opposite Easton. Length 101 miles.—Salem Canal, extends from Salem creek to the Delaware. Length, four miles.—Manasquam and Barnegat Canal, (proposed).—Washington Canal, cuts off a considerable bend in Manolapan creek, and lessens the distance from Washington to the Raritan river. Length, one mile.-Camden and Amboy Rail Road, commences at Camden, opposite Philadelphia, and terminates at South Amboy. Length 61 miles.—Paterson and Hudson River Rail Road, from Jersey city opposite New York, to Paterson, on the Passiac. Length

16 30-100 miles. It is proposed to extend this road to the Morris canal. New Jersey Rail Road, commences on the last mentioned rail-road, about two miles from Jersey City, and terminates at New Brunswick; length, 31 miles. Camden and Woodbury Rail Road, completed and in use, 9 miles. Elizabeth and Somerville Rail Road, in progress. New Jersey and Hudson Rail Road. Delaware and Atlantic Rail Road. And the Morris and Essex, Burlington and Mt. Holly, Belvidere and Delaware, Camden and Mt. Holly Rail Roads, are proposed, and the necessary measures have been taken to ensure their execution.

New Echota, G. (249.)	New Milford, Con. (109.)
New London, Con. (110.)	Newmarket, Va. (175.)
New London, Mo. (141.)	New Madrid, Mo. (205.)
New Lexington, Ind. (168.)	New Mexico, Miss. (279.)
New Lisbon, O. (128.)	New Portland, M. (39.)
New Lebanon, N. C. (218.)	New Richmond, O. (150.)

New Orleans, L. (324,) the great commercial emporium of the Mississippi valley, was founded in 1719, and has about 60,000 inhabitants. The chief objects of interest are the cathedral in Chartres street, College in St. Cloude street, Ursuline Convent in Ursuline street, Orleans theatre, St. Anne street, theatre of St. Philip in St. Philip street, City Hall, Conde street, churches, alms-house, &c. Five miles below the centre of the city is the ground, rendered memorable by the battle of the 8th of January, 1815.

ROUTES FROM NEW ORLEANS.

To Louisville by Steam Boat. St. Francisville and Pt.				
Arnauds Point,		13	Coupee,	10 159
Red Church,	9	22	Tunica,	27 186
Destretchens Pt.	12	34	Red River,	22 208
Bonnet Q. Bend,	2	36	Fort Adams,	9 217
B. Quarre Church,	5	41	Homochitto R.	10 227
Cantrels Do.	19	60	White Cliffs,	27 254
Bringiers,	8	68	Natchez,	17 271
Hamptons,	5	73	Coles Creek,	22 293
Donaldsonville,	5	78	Rodney,	19 312
St. Gabriels,	24	102	Bruinsburg,	4 316
Plaquemine,	6	108	Grand Gulf, and Big	
Baton Rouge,	18	126	Black River,	14 330
Thomas Pt.	11	137	Pt. Pleasant,	10 340
Thompson's Cr.	12	149	Palmyra,	13 353

Warrenton,	14	367	To St. Louis, by Stee	ım Boat.
Vicksburg,	10		Mouth of Ohio, as ab	
Yazoo River,	12		Tyawappita B.	29 950
Tompkins,	32		Cape Girardeau,	13 963
Providence,	26		Bainbridge,	9 972
Princeton,	8	455	Muddy R.	13 985
Old River,	48	503	Kaskaskia R.	31 1016
Pt. Chicot,	12	515	St. Genevieve,	17 1033
Arkansas River,	59	574	Chartier I.	11 1044
White R.	9	583	Herculaneum,	19 1063
Helena,	60	643	Maramee R.	11 1074
St. Francis I.	14	657	Carondelet,	12 1086
35° N. Lat.	48	705	St. Louis.	6 1090
Noncona R.	10	715		
Memphis,	4	719	To Balize and Gulf of	f Mexico.
Greenock,	12	731	by Steam Boo	
3rd Chickasaw Bluff	,18	749	Battle Ground,	5
Randolph,	12	761	English Turn,	6 11
Fulton,	6	767	Fort St. Leon,	5 16
Plum Pt.	11	778	Poverty Pt.	18 34
Needhams Cut-off,	26	804	Grand Prairie,	27 61
Little Prairie,	20	824	Fort St. Philip,	9 70
Riddle's Pt.	23	847	S. W. Pass,	9 79
New Madrid,	13	860	South Pass,	2 81
Mills Pt.	28	888	Pass a' Loutre,	2 83
Columbus,	16	904	Balize,	4 87
Mouth of Ohio,	17	921	Gulf	5 92
America,	11	932		
Tennessee R.	36	968	To Natchitoches, by	Steam
Cumberland R.	11	979	Boat.	
Rock Cave,	41	1020	Red River, as above,	208
Shawneetown,	20	1040	Ouaehita,	36 244
Carthage,	19	1059	Bayou Saline,	20 264
Mt. Vernon,		1071	Alexandria,	54 318
Hendersonville,	22	1093	Bayou Cane,	60 378
Evansville,		1104	Natchitoches,	24 402
Owensburg,		1139		
Rockport,		1147	To Little Rock, by	Steam
Stephensport,		1200	Boat.	
Leavenworth,		1233	Arkansas R. as abov	e, 574
Northampton,		1250	Arkansas,	27 601
Louisville,		1292	Harrington's,	43 644
(For continuation to	Cin	-	Vaugines,	23 667
cinnati, Pittsburg,	&c		Little Rock,	81 748
See "Louisville."				

To Mobile, by Steam Boat			at	To Berwick's Bay, an	nd thence
and Stage.				to Opelousas.	
T. 1	Ponchartrain, by 1	Rail		Donaldsonville,	78
	Road,	· Cuar	5	Veret Canal,	14 92
	Pt. Aux Herbes.	15	20	S. end Canal,	7 99
	Ft. Coquilles,	7	27	Lake Palourde,	13 112
	L. Borgne,	11	38	Berwick's Bay,	$10 \ 122$
43	Grand Island,	9	-	Franklin,	21 143
Steam Boat.	St. Joseph's Isl.	4		Fausse Pt.	27 170
m	W. Marianne,	6	57	St. Martinsville,	8 178
H (E. Marianne,	5		Opelousas,	36 214
te	Cat Island,		72		
_Q	Deer Island,	17	89	To Nashville, by St.	age, via
	Krebsville Har.		107	Florence, Ala	
			123	L. Pontchartrain,	5
3/1-	Portersville,	30	153	Madisonville,	27 32
IATO	bile, by stage,	30	193	Covington,	7 39
				Jacksonville,	33 72
7	To St. Stephens, by	Stag	re.	Columbia,	30 102
	disonville,	0	32	Ellisville,	48 150
	ksonville,	40		Old Church,	47 197
	kesville,		138		45 242
			155	Columbus,	68 310
	ckasawhay R.		179	Pikeville,	64 374
ы.	Stephens,	24	119	Russelville,	30 404
				Florence,	22 426
	To Natchez			Lawrenceburg,	41 467
Ma	disonville, by St.	Bt.	32	Mt. Pleasant,	22 489
	erty, by Stage,	69	101		11 500
	tchez, "	50		Columbia,	23 523
Lva	.0110219	- 53	101	Franklin,	18 541
				Nashville,	10 041

New Orleans and Lake Pontchartrain Canal, see Louisiana, (309.)

New Orleans and Pontchartrain Rail Road, See Louisiana, (309.)

New Philadelphia, O. (127.)

Newport, N. Y. (55.)

Newport, N. H. (61.)

Newport, Ind. (145.)

Newport, R. I. (111.) Newport, Mo. (162.) Newport, O. (151.) Newport, T. (231.) N. Paltz, N. Y. (108.) Newtown, Mich. (48.) Newtown, N. Y. (80.) Newtown, N. J. (108.) Newtown, II. (143.) Newville, Pa. (131.) New York, Va. (175.) New York, state of, (78,) is divided into 56 counties. Population in 1830, 1,913,508, including 46 slaves. Area, 49,000 square miles. Capital, Albany; metropolis, New York; lat. 40° 43′ N., long. 2° 55′ E.: general election at such time in October or November, as the legislature may provide. Legisture meet, first Tuesday in January; Constitution formed, 1821.

Government.—Governor, term of office two years, salary \$4,000. Lieutenant-governor and president of the senate, pay, \$6 a day during the session. Legislature—senate consisting of 32 members, who are elected for four years, one-fourth being chosen annually. House of representatives, consists of 128 members, elected annually. Pay, \$3 a day.

Judiciary.—Court of chancery, one chancellor, \$2,500 per annum; register, &c. The eight circuit judges are vice-chancellors for their respective circuits. Supreme court—chief justice, \$2,500 a year, and two associate judges, each 2,500 per annum. There are eight circuit courts, with eight judges, salary of each, \$1,600.

Supreme court of the city of New York, chief justice and

two associate judges, pay of each, \$2,500 per annum.

Physical Structure.—The eastern part of the state is greatly diversified: the Allegheny mountains pass through this section about 70 miles above the city of New York, cross the Hudson below Newburg, and pass in a north-east direction into the state of Massachusetts. Somewhat farther north, the Catskill mountains may be seen in the distance; these are the most elevated mountains in the state. There are mountains of great elevation west of lake Champlain, some of which are 3000 feet above the lake. The western part of the state is merely undulating, being entirely destitute of such mountains as mark its eastern section.

Rivers.—Hudson, St. Lawrence, Mohawk, Delaware, Susquehanna, Allegheny, Genesee, Oswego, Black, Oswegatchie, Raquette, Saranac, &c.

Productions.—Wheat, corn, rye, oats, flax, hemp, several kinds of grasses, vegetables and fruit. Iron is found in great abundance, gypsum, limestone, marble, slate, and lead occur in many places. In the centre of the state, salt is made in immense quantities. The mineral springs of New York are well known, the chief of which, those at Saratoga, are resorted to by people from all quarters.



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Cities and Towns.—New York, (city); Albany, the capital, Troy, Utica, Rochester, Buffalo, Schenectady, Hudson, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Catskill, together with a large number of incorporated villages, and others not incorporated, having names different from their respective townships.

Internal Improvements.—Erie Canal, from Albany to Buffalo, length, 363 miles. Navigable feeder, 8 miles.—Champlain Canal, from the Erie Canal to Whitehall, length including feeders and river navigation, 79 miles.—Hudson and Delaware Canal, from Hudson river near Kingston, to the mouth of the Lackawaxen, length, 82½ miles.—Oswego Canal, from Salina to Oswego, length 38 miles.—Seneca Canal, from Montezuma to Geneva, length 21 miles.—Chemung Canal, from Elmyra to Seneca lake, 23 miles; feeder 16 miles.—Crooked Lake Canal, from Penyan-to Seneca lake, 8 miles.—Tonnawanta Canal, from the Erie Canal, near Wrightsville, to Tonnawanta creek, length 13 miles. Harlaem Canal, on Manhattan Island, from the Hudson to East River, length 1½ miles.

Chenanga Canal, from Binghamton to Erie Canal length 97 miles.—Black River Canal, from Rome to the falls of Black river, 35 miles, and feeders 11 miles.—Sodus Canal, from Sodus Bay to Seneca river. Genesee Valley Canal, 107, and feeders 15 miles.

Rail-Roads.—Mohawk and Hudson Rail-Road, from Albany to Schenectady, 15 miles.—Schenectady and Suratoga Rail-Road, from Schenectady to Saratoga Springs, 211 miles.-Cutskill and Canajoharie Rail-Road, from Catskill to Canajoharie (now in progress,) 70 miles.—Ithaca and Owego Rail. Road, 29 miles.—Harlaem Rail-Road, on Manhattan Island, 5 miles.—Rochester Rail-Road, (now in progress,) from Rochester to a point below the falls of Genesee 3 miles.—Schenectady and Utica Rail-Road, length 78 miles.—Bath Rail-Road, from Bath to Crooked lake, 5 miles.—Rochester and Batavia Rail-Road, (in progress) 28 miles.—Troy and Ballston Rail-Road, 24½ miles.—Brooklyn and Jamaica Rail-Road, 12 miles.— Buffalo and Black Rock Rail-Road, 3 miles.—Buffalo and Niagara Falls Rail-Road, 23 miles.—Lockport and Niagara Falls Rail-Road, 20 miles.—Hudson and Stockbridge Rail-Road. Several other rail-roads are proposed in various parts of the state, portions of some are now in use.

New York city, (134.) The commercial emporium of the United States, and metropolis of the state of New York, is





situated at the point of junction of the Hudson and East rivers in N. lat. 40° 42′ and E. long. 0° 55′ 30″ from Washington.

The city proper, or that portion where the population is mostly concentrated, occupies the southern quarter of Manhattan island, the whole of which, including Harlaem, Yorkville, and some other villages, is under the jurisdiction of the city corporation, and is identical with the county of New York. The city, together with the suburbs just mentioned, contained in 1830, upwards of 30,000 buildings, and 213,470 inhabitants. The population at this time (1839) may be estimated at 288,000. The densely settled part of the island, or what is called "the city," has an outline of 50,000 feet or ten miles, nearly. Its principal streets are Broadway, in which most of the retail business is transacted, Greenwich street, Pearl street, Broad, Wall and Chatham streets, the Bowery, Maiden-Lane, &c. &c.

The public buildings, and objects of curiosity, are the city hall, in the park, exchange buildings* in Wall street, college, hospital, Clinton hall, in Broadway; battery, castle garden, N. Y. Institution, academy of fine arts, alms-house, three theatres, medical college, baths, rooms of the National Academy of Design, masonic hall, in Broadway, house of refuge, orphan's asylum, lunatic asylum, besides many others, and about 100 churches, some of which are very splendid and capacious.

The city government consists of a mayor, ten aldermen, and ten assistants, with an able and effective body of police officers. Steam boats, packets and stages, arrive at and depart from the city, at almost every hour, and for every part of the United States.

ROUTES FROM NEW YORK.

To Albany, by Steam I	Boat.	Nyack, on Tappan sea,	3 29
Fort Ganeswort,	2	Sparta & State Prison,	3 32
Hamilton's Monument,	2 4	Tellers Point,	2 34
Manhattanville,	3 7	Haverstraw & Croton,	1 35
Fort Lee,	3 10	Stony Point,	3 38
Spuyten Duyvel Cr.	2 12	Verplank's Point,	1 39
Phillipsburg,	4 16	Peekskill,	2 41
Dobb's Ferry,	6 22	St. Anthony's nose,	2 43
Tappan Landing,	3 25	Fort Clinton,	1 44
Tarrytown,	1 26	West Point,	7 51

^{*} Since the first edition of this work was issued, the Exchange, and 470 other buildings, have been destroyed by fire.

	m 70 : 4 0 10
ਦੂੰ Crows Nest Mt. 4 55	Throgs Point, 3 16
Butter Hill, 1 56	Cow Neck, 2 18
Caldwell, 1 57	New Rochelle L. 6 24
CII I	West Greenwich, 11 35
E Canterbury, 1 58	Stamford, 8 43
New Windsor, 1 59	Oldwell, 8 51
Nowham Wort side	Southport, 8 59
Fiskill landing, E. S. 2 61	Black rock, 5 64
Hamburg, 6 67	Stratford Point, 7 71
	1001411111
Barnegat, 2 70	(Thence to N. Haven,
Poukeepsie, 5 75	4 miles.)
Hyde Park, 5 80	
Pelham, 3 83	Hammonasset Pt., 8 103
Walkill Cr. 6 89	Connecticut River, 11 114
Rhinebeck, 1 90	New London harb., 14 128
Redhook, L. L. 6 96	(Thence to N. London,
Glasgow, 3 99	4 miles,)
Redhook, U. L. 1 100	Fishers Is. 5 133
Saugerties, 1 101	Point Judith, 30 163
Bristol, 1 102	Beaver Tail, (Narragan-
Catskill 9 111	
	7
(Thence to Pine Orchard, 14	
miles.)	
Hudson and Athens, 5 116	Pawtuxet, 10 197
Columbiaville, 5 121	Providence, 5 202
Coxackie, 3 124	Boston, by land, 43 245
Kinderhook Landing, 1 125	
New Baltimore, 5 130	To Philadephia, via South
Coeymans, 2 132	Amboy, &c.
Schodack, 2 134	Castle Williams, 1
Castleton, 1 135	Bedlow's Is. 1 2 Kills, 3 5
Albany, 10 145	Hills,35
For routes from Albany,	Kills, 3 5 Ryers Ferry, 2 7 Newark bay, 1 8 Elizabethtown pt., 4 12 Rahway River, 4 16
see article "Albany."	Ryers Ferry, 2 7 Newark bay, 1 8
The stage route from N.	Elizabethtown pt., 4 12
	Rahway River. 4 16
York to Albany, does not	Rahway River, 4 16 Perth Ambov, 9 25
differ materially from the	
above.	South Amboy, 2 27
	Spotswood, 9 36
To Boston, by Steam Boat.	West's, 4 40 Rocky Brook, 8 48
Newtown Creek, 4	Rocky Brook, 8 48
Hell Gate, 5 9	73 Centreville, 4 52
Flushing Bay, 4 13	≃ Bordentown, 9 61

Bristol,	10 71	Kingston,	13 47
Burlington.	1 72	Princeton,	3 50
Point no point.	14 86	Trenton,	10 60
Point no point, Philadelphia,	5 91		11 71
<u>.</u>		Holmsburg,	11 82
To Philadelphia by R	ail Road	Frankford,	4 86
via Trenton.		Philadelphia,	5 91
Jersey City,	1		
Hackensack river,	4 5	To Easton, Pa. by	Stage.
Newark,	5 10	Newark,	10
Bound Brook,	3 13	Morristown,	19 29
Elizabethtown,	3 16	Chester,	13 42
Rahway,	3 19	Schooley's mt. Sprin	gs, 8 50
Matauchin,	6 25	Mansfield,	11 61
New Brunswick,	5 30	Easton,	15 76
Sand Hills,	9 39		
Williamsburg,	7 46	To Ithaca, N	. Y.
Clarks,	3 49 8 57	Newark,	10
Trenton,	8 57	Pompton,	21 31
Tyburn,	3 60	Snufftown,	12 43
Tullytown,	3 60 3 63	Deckertown,	12 55
Bristol,	4 67	Milford,	17 72
Dunksville,	4 71	Wilsonville,	24 96
Pennepack Cr.	4 75	Rixes Gap, Pa.	15 111
Frankford,	4 79	Montrose,	34 145
R. R. Depot,	43 833	≥ \ Owego,	32 177
State H. Phila.	$2 85\frac{3}{4}$	Ithaca,	30 207
To Philadelphia, vi		To New Haven C	Con., by
Brunswick, &		Stage.	
Perth Amboy, S. Bt.	25		15
New Brunswick,"	12 37		8 23
Kingston, Princeton,	14 51		6 29
ਲੂੰ ⟨ Princeton,	3 54		2 31
of Trenton,	10 64		7 38
Bordentown,	6 70		9 47
Philadelphia,	30 100		4 51
	-	Southport,	4 55
To Philadelphia, by		Fairfield,	3 58
Newark,	10	8 1 1	4 62
Elizabethtown,	6 16		4 66
Rahway,	5 21	Milford,	5 71
New Brunswick,	13 34	New Haven,	11 82

To Montauk	Pt., by Stag	re.	Morriches,	10	68
Jamaica,			Quag,	9	77
Dix Hills,	18	29	S. Hampton,	14	91
Smithtown,			B. Hampton,	7	98
Carman,	18	58	Montauk Pt.	23	121

Niagara, U. C. (54.)

Niagara Falls, N. Y. (54.) This stupendous and unequalled work of nature, is formed by a ridge of lime-stone rocks, which is here broken and torn asunder by the waters from the great lakes above. This ridge, as it is improperly called, is a mere shelf, or a succession of steps, from the basin of lake Ontario, up to that of Erie, the difference of level being about 334 feet. The elevation of the great cataract from its brow at the crescent, to the surface of the strait is 158 feet, hence it will be seen that the rapids above the falls have a greater actual descent than the falls themselves. The rapids commence near the Burning Spring, about a mile above the precipice.

The inclination of the plane over which the waters pass, increases as it approaches the chute, and thus augments the velocity of the current and the turbulence of its troubled waters. No spectacle can be more sublime, than is presented by the great falls, when viewed in connexion with the rapids above. The high grounds in the rear of Forsyth's hotel, affords such

a view.

In addition to the falls, there are several interesting objects in their vicinity, which deserve attention; among them may be mentioned the Burning Spring, near the outlet of Chippewa creek; whirlpool, two miles below the falls; the bridge and platform at Goat Island; the sorcerer's cave just below the falls; mineral spring ½ mile below; the battle fields of Chippewa, Lundy's lane, and Queenston, Broek's monument, Welland canal, and the villages of Chippewa, Manchester, Lewistown, Queenston, Tuscarora indians, &c.

ROUTES FROM NIAGARA.

To Montreal, via 1	ake Onta-	Oswego,	74 219
rio, by Steam Bo	at. &c.	Duck's Island,	23 242
Queenston,		Kingston,	35 277
Niagara Vil.,	7 13	Elizabethtown,	48 325
Toronto, (York,)	30 43	Prescot,	14 339
Port Hope,	66 109	Hamilton,	18 357
Coburg,		Long Saut I.,	18 375
G.	8	*	

	40.005	~	1
Cornwall,	10 385	Gainesville,	7 54
Lake St. Francis,	6 391	Clarkson,	16 69
Foot of do.	22 413	Parma,	7 76
Coteau du Lac.	4 417	Rochester,	11 87
Les Cedres,	7 424	***************************************	
Cascades,	7 431	To Buffalo, by Stag	ge, Canada
La Chine,	16 447	side.	
Montreal,	8 455	Chippawa,	2
-		Waterloo,	15 17
To Lockport, by Ra	il Road.	Black rock,	1 18
Cayuga Cr.	11	Buffalo,	1 19
Cambria,	3 14		
Lockport,	6 20	To Buffalo Am. si	de by Rail
-		Road.	
To Rochester, by	Stage.	Schlosser,	2
Lewistown,	7	Tonnewanta,	11 13
Cambria,	15 22	Black Rock,	9 22
Hartland,	11 33	Buffalo,	1 23
Oak Orchard,	14 47		
		•	

Nicholasburg, Pa. (129.)
Nicholasville, K. (190.)
Nickojack, G. (249.)
Noblesboro, Pa. (128.)
Noblesville, Ind. (123.)
Norfolk, Va. (218.)
Norridgewock, Me. (40.)
Norristown, Pa. (133.)

Northampton, Mass. (84.)
Northampton, C. H., Va.
(199.)
Norfield, Mass. (84.)
Northwood, N. H. (62.)
North West Canal, see N.
Carolina, (218.)
Northumberland, Pa. (132.)

North Carolina, state of, (232,) is divided into 65 counties. Population in 1830, 738,470, including 246,462 slaves. Area, 49,500 square miles; capital, Raleigh; metropolis, Newburn, in N. Lat. 35° 06′, Long. 0° 6′. General election, no fixed day. Constitution formed, 1776, amended, 1835.

Government.—Governor, term of office, two years, salary \$2,000; is chosen by the qualified voters biennially; is not eligible more than four years in any term of six years. Secretary of state, salary, \$800 and fees. Treasurer \$1500 per annum: and council of state, who are to continue in office two years.

Legislature,—consists of a senate composed of 50 members, and a house of commons, of 120 members; all chosen biennially; meet every two years.

Judiciary.—Supreme court, composed of a chief justice, salary \$2,500, and two associate judges, each \$2,500, per

annum. Circuit Court consists of seven judges. All the judges are appointed by a joint vote of the senate and house of commons. The members of these bodies are elected by the people.

Physical Structure.—The state of N. Carolina presents almost every variety of surface. In the east, we find immense flats of sea-sand marsh, swamp and other alluvious matter, but little elevated above their common parent, the Atlantic ocean. In the centre, hills of nearly all sizes and heights present themselves. These increase in magnitude and number in approaching the western section of the state, which is in every respect a mountain region. Some of the most elevated peaks of the Allegheny system, occur in the counties of Macon, Buncombe, Haywood, Yaney, &c.

Rivers.—Meherrin, Roanoke, Tar, Pamplico, Neuse, Cape Fear, Lumber, Yadkin, Catawba, Tennessee, French, Broad,

&c.

Productions—Cotton, rice, wheat, corn, tobacco, tar, pitch,

turpentine, lumber, and recently gold.

Towns.—Raleigh, the capital; Newburn, Salisbury, Wilmington, Fayetteville, Edenton, Salem, Charlotte, Hillsboro,

Halifax, Milton, &c.

Internal Improvements.—Dismal Swamp Canal, (see Virginia.) Lake Drummond Canal, a navigable feeder of the preceding, extends from lake Drummond to the summit level of the Dismal Swamp Canal, length 5 miles. North West Canal, connects N. W. river with the Dismal Swamp Canal, length 6 miles. Weldon Canal, forms the commencement of the Roanoke Navigation. It extends around the falls of Roanoke, above the towns of Welden and Blakely, length 12 miles. Clubfoot and Harlow Canal, extends from the head waters of Clubfoot to those of Harlow creek, near Beaufort, length 1½ miles. The navigation of the Roanoke from the Weldon Canal, to the town of Salem in Virginia, a distance of 232 miles. The Cape Fear, the Yadkin, the Tar, New and Catawba rivers have been greatly improved by joint stock companies.

The Rail Roads are,—One from Raleigh to Gaston on the Roanoke 86 miles in length. One from Weldon on the Roanoke

to Wilmington on Cape Fear river, length 170 miles.

The proposed Louisville, Cincinnati and Charleston Rail Road, will pass through the western part of this state.

Several other rail-roads, are proposed, and surveys for some

have been made.

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(For an account of the Rail-road extending from Blakely to Petersburg and Norfolk, respectively, see Virginia.)

Norton, O. (125.) Norway, N. Y. (59.) Norwich, N. Y. (81.) Norwich, Conn. (110.) Nottoway, Va. (196.) Nunen, G. (269.)

0.

Oakfuskee, Ala. (285.) Oakfuscoonene, G. (285.) Obion R., T. (205.) Occacock Inlet, N. C. (239.) Ocklawaha R., F. (329.) Oconee Station, S. C. (252.)

Oconce R., G. (288.) Ocmulgee R., G. (303.) Oewooha, Ala. (284.) Ogdensburg, N. Y. (34.) Ohio R., Pa. (128.) Ohio R., K. (168.)

Ohio, state of, (171,) is divided into 76 counties; population in 1830, 937,903. Area, 39,750 square miles. Capital, Columbus; metropolis, Cincinnati, in lat. 39° 06′ N. long. 7° 31′ W. General election second Tuesday in October. Legislature meets first Monday in December. Constitution formed in 1802.

Government.—Governor, term of office two years, salary \$1,500; secretary of state; treasurer, and auditor. Senate consists of 36 members, elected biennially; house of represen-

tatives consists of 72 members, elected annually.

Judiciary.—Supreme court consists of a chief judge and three associate judges—salary, \$1,500 each. Courts of Common Pleas. The state is divided into 12 districts, in each of which there is a presiding judge, salary \$1,200; and two associates in each county, who receive each \$2 50 per day,

during their attendance at court.

All the judges of the supreme court and the courts of common pleas are elected by the house of representatives for the term of seven years. The supreme court sits once a year in each county, and the court of common pleas three times a year. The only capital crime in Ohio is murder in the first degree. There is no imprisonment for debt, except in cases of fraudulent withholding of property.

Physical Structure.—The eastern part of the state which borders on Fennsylvania is hilly, but gradually becomes more level as you advance westward. Along the whole course of the Ohio river, there is, in this state, a strip of land, of from 10 to 15 miles, and in some places more, in width, which is broken and hilly. These hills, especially in the immediate vicinity of

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the river, are very high and often of quite a mountainous

aspect.

The western half of the state is in general remarkably level. On the immediate borders of Indiana, it is so much so, as to assume a very monotonous appearance. The central parts of the state, from the neighbourhood of the Ohio river up to lake Erie, may be compared, as regards level character, not with entire accuracy, to the country around Philadelphia, or rather that portion of Pennsylvania which is seen by the traveller as he passes from that city to Lancaster by the main turnpike road.

Rivers.—Ohio, Mahoning, Little Beaver, Muskingum, Hock-hocking, Scioto, Little Miami, Great Miami, Maumee, Portage,

Cuyahoga, Grand, Ashtabula, &c.

Productions.—Wheat, ryc, oats, buckwheat, Indian corn, garden vegetables and fruits, are produced in great abundance.

Towns.—Cincinnati, Columbus, Ripley, Fortsmouth, Marietta, New Lisbon, Canton, Wooster, Massillon, New Philadelphia, Coshocton, Newark, Zanesville, Lancaster, Chillicothe, Circlesville, Dayton, Springfield, St. Clairville, Hillsboro, Ra-

venna, Athens, and many others.

Internal Improvements.—Ohio and Eric Canal, extends from Portsmouth on the Ohio river, to Cleveland on Lake Erie. length 307 miles. Miami Canal, from Cincinnati to Dayton. 68 miles; the extension of this canal to the Maumee is in progress; entire length when completed, 268 miles. Sandy and Beaver Canal, unites the Ohio Canal with the Pennsylvania Canal. Pennsylvania and Ohio Canal, 89 miles. Columbus Canal, from the Ohio and Erie Canal to Columbus, 10 miles. Lancaster Canal, from the Ohio and Erie Canal to Lancaster, 9 miles; and the Zanesville Canal, from the same to Zanesville. 14 miles. Wabash and Erie Canal, an extension of the Indiana Canal, which intersects the Miami Canal at Defiance. Chippe. Billeville and Bolivar Canal. Franklin and way Canal. New Lisbon Canal. Walhonding Canal, 28 miles. county Canal.

Though a vast number of rail-roads are proposed in this state, but little progress has yet been made towards their exe-

cution.

Portions of the Sandusky City and Monroeville Rail Road, and Mad River and Lake Erie Rail Road, are completed and in use. The legislature, at its session in 1837, incorporated eleven Rail-road Companies, which with those previously incorporated, make upwards of fifty, for the construction of as many rail-roads in various parts of the state. Some of these

projects have been abandoned and others suspended, owing to the pecuniary difficulties of the times. Others however, are progressing and will speedily be completed.

Ohio and Erie Canal, see Ohio, (171.) Old Agency, Miss. (282.) Oneida L., N. Y. (57.) Onslow, N. C. (257.) Onslow Bay, N. C. (257.) Opelousas, Lou. (307.) Opilacloy, F. (329.) Orange, C. H., Va. (175.) Orangeburg, S. C. (273.) Orwigsburg, Pa. (132.) Osage, Mo. (162.) Osborn, Va. (197.) Ossipec, N. H. (62.) Ossabaw Sound, G. (305.) Oswego, N. Y. (57.)

Painesville, O. (101.) Painesville, Va. (196.) Painted Post, N. Y. (79.) Palatine, N. Y. (59.) Palestine, Il. (145.) Palestine, Ind. (167.) Palermo, Me. (40.) Pallachuchee, Ala. (285.) Palmyra, Me. (40.) Palmyra, N. Y. (56.) Palmyra, Mo. (141.) Palmyra, Miss. (279.) Paoli, Ind. (167.) Pamlico Sound, N. C. (238.) Pamlico R., N. C. (238.) Papakunk, N. Y. (82.) Paris, K. (169.) Paris, Me. (39.) Paris, T. (206.) Parkman, O. (101.) Parker, N. C. (218.) Parkers, S. C. (210.)

Oswego Canal, see N. Y. (57.)
Ottawa, Il. (94.)
Ottawa, or Grand R., L. C.
(13.)
Ottsville, Pa. (133.)
Ovid, Il. (185.)
Ovid, N. Y. (80.)
Owego, N. Y. (80.)
Owenton, K. (169.)
Owenboro, K. (187.)
Owingsville, K. (170.)
Oxford, N. H. (61.)
Oxford, N. Y. (81.)
Oxford, Il. (166.)
Oxford, N. C. (216.)
Oyster Bay, N. Y. (135.)

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Parkers, Miss. (264.) Parkersburg, Va. (151.) Parrishville, N. Y. (35.) Parryville, Il. (164.) Parrots, S. C. (254.) Parsonfield, Me. (63.) Pascagoola R., Miss. (311.) Pascagoola Bay, Miss. (311.) Pass Marian, Lou. (311.) Paterson and Hudson River R. Road, see N. J. (134.) Patterson, N. Y. (109.) Paterson, N. J. (134.) Patesville, K. (188.) Pattonsburg, Va. (195.) Patton, N. C. (236.) Pawtucket Canal, see Mass. (85.)Peaces, Ala. (248.) Pearl R., Miss. (296.) Pearlington, Miss. (310.) Peedee R., S. C. (255.)

Peekskill, N. Y. (109.) Pellicers, Fl. (330.) Pembroke, Mass. (86.) Pemmaquid Pt., Me. (64.) Pennsboro, Pa. (106.) Penobscot R., Me. (20.) Penobscot Bay, Me. (64.) Pensacola, F. (312.) Pensacola Bay, F. (312.)

Pennsylvania, state of, (132,) is divided into 54 counties. Population in 1830, 1,347,672, including 386 slaves. Area, 47,500 square miles. Capital, Harrisburg; metropolis, Philadelphia, in N. lat. 39° 57′ E. long. 1° 47′. General election, second Tuesday in October; legislature meet first Tuesday in January. Constitution formed, 1790. Amended, 1838.

Government.—Governor, term of office three years, salary \$4,000; ineligible after an official term of nine years; secretary of state; treasurer; auditor-general; surveyor-general; and

attorney-general.

Legislature.—Senate, members elected for three years,—one-third chosen annually. House of Representatives, mem-

bers elected annually.

Judiciary—There is a supreme court, consisting of a chief justice and four associate judges, appointed by the governor and senate for a term of 15 years. This court holds its sessions in five places in the state, which is divided into five districts for that purpose. The state is also divided into 16 districts, for the sessions of the courts of common pleas. Each of these circuits has a presiding judge, and two associates from each county. The judges of the supreme court receive a salary of \$2,000 per annum; the judges of the common pleas, \$1,600; and the associates, \$200. The latter hold their offices for five

Physical Structure.—The Allegheny mountains pass obliquely across the central part of the state, ranging, generally, from north-east to south-west. The several ridges which constitute the system here are known by local names, differing in many cases, from those generally adopted by writers on geography. In passing along the great road from Philadelphia to Pittsburg, the traveller 'crosses, successively, the following ridges: Mine Hill; South Mountain; Blue Mountain; Cove; Sideling Hill; Tussey's Mountain; Dunning's Mountain; Will's Mountain; Allegheny Mountain; Laurel Hill, and Chesnut ridge. The Allegheny is by far the most elevated among the group; it is here that the waters which run eastward and those flowing into the Ohio, have their sources. The

ridges on either side of the great Allegheny, are little else than

mere steps from the plains below, up to the main ridge; the valleys as well as the ridges, becoming more and more elevated, as they approach the dividing ridge. Some of the peaks attain an elevation of 3,000 feet; the mean altitude of the Allegheny system, is about 2,500 feet above tide water.

Islands.—With the exception of a few small islands in the Delaware and Susquehannah, there is none within the borders of the state. Those in the Susquehanna are, Duncan's island, at the mouth of the Juniata; Hill island, near Middletown; Fishing island, a few miles below, and some others. And in the Delaware, Tinicum, Hog, League, Pettys, Biles, &c.

Lakes.—Erie, which borders the N.W. part of the state, and Conneaut, are the only lakes in the state, which is remarkably destitute of such aggregations of waters, as deserve the name

of lakes.

Rivers.—Delaware, Schuylkill, Lehigh, Susquehanna, Swatara, Juniata, West Branch, Ohio, Beaver, Allegheny, Conemaugh, Clarion, French creek, Monongahela, Youghiogeny, &c.

Productions.—Wheat, rye, Indian corn, barley, oats, flax,

lumber, live stock, iron, &c. &c.

Cities and Towns.—Philadelphia, the metropolis; Harrisburg, the capital; Pittsburg, Erie, Lancaster, York, Reading, Bethlehem, Easton, Pottsville, Chester, West Chester, Carlisle, Bedford, Washington, &c. &c.

Internal Improvements:

State Canals.—Central division, Pennsylvania Canal, extends from Columbia to Hollidaysburg, length 171 3-4 miles. Western division, Pennsylvania Canal, from Johnstown to Pittsburg, length 104 miles. Susquehanna division, Pennsylvania Canal, extends from the central division on Duncan's island, to Northumberland, 39 miles. West Branch division, Pennsylvania Canal, from Northumberland to Dunnstown, 65 3-4 miles. North Branch division, Pennsylvania Canal, from Northumberland to Nanticoke falls, 60½ miles. An extension of this canal, 14 98-100 miles, is now in progress. Delaware division, Pennsylvania Canal, extends from Bristol to Easton, 59 3-4 miles. Pittsburg and Erie Canal, is to extend from Pittsburg to Erie, 73-40 miles of this work is completed.

Canals constructed by joint stock companies.—Schuylkill Navigation, extends from Philadelphia to Port Carbon, 108 miles. Union Canal, extends from the Schuylkill near Reading to Middletown on the Susquehanna, 82 08 miles. Pine

Grove Canal, a branch of the preceding, 6-75 miles in length. Lehigh Navigation, from Easton to Mauch Chunk, 46-75 miles. Lackawaxen Canal, from M'Carty's point to Honesdale, 25 miles. Conestoga Navigation, from Lancaster to Safe Harbor, on the Susquehanna, 18 miles. Codorus Navigation, from York to the Susquehanna, 11 miles. West Philadelphia Canal, around the western abutment of the permanent bridge, over the Schuylkill, about 500 yards in length. Columbia and Tide Canal, 45 miles. Bald Eagle Navigation, 25 miles. Mauch Chunk and Wright's Creek Canal, 26 miles.

State Rail Roads.—Columbia Rail Road, extends from Philadelphia to Columbia, on the Susquehanna, length 81-60 miles. Allegheny Portage Rail Road, from Hollidaysburg to Johnstown, forms the connecting link between the central and western divisions of the Pennsylvania Canal, length 36-69

miles.

Rail Roads constructed by joint stock companies:—Mauch Chunk Rail Road, from Mauch Chunk to the coal mines, 9 miles. Room Run Rail Road, from Mauch Chunk to the coal mine on Room Run, 5-26 miles. Mount Carbon Rail Road, from Mount Carbon to Norwegian valley, 7-24 miles. Schuylkill Valley Rail Road, from Port Carbon to Tuscarora, 10 miles. Branches of the preceding, 15 miles. Schuylkill Rail Road, 13 miles. Mill Creek Rail Road, from Port Carbon to the coal mines, near Mill Creek, length, including branches, 7 ms. Mine Hill and Schuylkill Haven Rail Road, from Schuylkill Haven to the coal mines at Mine Hill, length including 2 branches, 20 miles. Pine Grove Rail Road, 4 miles in length. Little Schuylkill Rail Road, from Port Clinton to Tamaqua, 23 miles. Beaver Meadow Rail Road, 261 miles. Lackawaxen Rail Road, from Honesdale to Carbondale, 16¹/₂ miles. West Chester Rail Road, from the Columbia Rail Road to West Chester, 9 miles. Philadelphia, Germantown and Norristown Rail Road, from Philadelphia to Norristown, with a branch to Germantown. Lyken's Valley Rail Road, from Broad Mountain to Millersburg. Philadelphia and Trenton Rail Road, 26 1-4 miles in length. Central Rail Road, from the vicinity of Pottsville to Sunbury, 44-54 miles. Danville branch, 7 miles long, whole length, 51-54. Oxford R. Road, now in progress, extends from the Columbia Rail Road. Reading Rail Road to extend to Port Clinton. Philadelphia and Reading Rail Road, 54 miles. Philadelphia and Wilmington Rail Road, 27 miles. Catawissa and Tamaqua Rail Road, 381 miles. Williamsport and Elmira Rail Road, 731 miles. Lancaster and

Harrisburg Rail Road.—Harrisburg and Chambersburg Rail Road, 50 miles. Downingtown and Norristown Rail Road, 20 miles. Marietta and Columbia Rail Road, 3 miles. Strasburg Rail Road, 5 miles.

Pennsylvania Canals and Rail Roads, see Pennsylvania, (132.) Penyan, N. Y. (79.) Peoria, Il. (119.) Perdido R., F. (317.) Perrysburg, O. (99.) Perry, G. (287.) Perrysville, O. (126.) Perrysville, P. (128.) Perrysville, Mo. (185.) Perrysville, Il. (164.)
Perrysville, T. (227.)
Person C. H., N. C. (215.)
Petersburg, P. (131.)
Petersburg, P. (153.)
Petersburg, Ind. (166.)
Petersburg, Va. (197.)
Petersburg and Roanoke Rail
Road, see Virginia, (217.)
Peters T., Va. (194.)

Philadelphia, P. (137.) The metropolis of the state of Pennsylvania, and, after New York, the largest city in the U.S. Present pop. about 220,000. It is favorably situated between the Delaware and Schuylkill rivers, about 5 miles from the junction of the latter with the Delaware. The city proper, or that portion of it which is limited by the Delaware on the east, the Schuylkill on the west, Vine st. on the north, and South or Cedar st. on the south, is under the jurisdiction of the corpora-The adjoining districts have each separate and distinct municipal authorities and regulations, wholly unconnected, in a legal point of view, with the others, or either of them. These regulations, being merely local in their operation, are unimportant in reference to the city, as it is generally understood, which, for all practical purposes, may be regarded as embracing the adjoining districts of Kensington, the Northern Liberties, Spring Garden, Southwark, Moyamensing, &c.

The densely built parts of the city and districts, have an outline of about 8½ miles. The principal streets of the city proper, are Market or High, Arch or Mulberry, Race or Sassafras, Vine, Chesnut, Walnut, Dock, Spruce, Lombard, South or Cedar, Front, Second, Third, &c. up to Thirteenth, which is succeeded by Broad street, &c. Those of the Northern Liberties, are Callowhill, Noble, Green, Coates, Brown, Front, Budd, Second, St. Johns, Third sts., Old York Road, &c. Those of Kensington, Beach, Queen, Maiden, Shackamaxon, Marlboro, Hanover street, &c. In Spring Garden, are Marshall, Laws

rence, Eighth, Ninth, &c. Callowhill, James, Buttonwood, Spring-Garden, Washington streets, &c. In Southwark, Shippen, Plum, German, Catharine, Queen, Christian, Carpenter, Prime street, &c. And in Moyamensing, Shippen, Fitzwater, Catharine, Tidmarsh, Prime and Federal streets. In addition to the above, each district has several cross streets

and avenues, most of which are well built. Public buildings, and other interesting objects in or near the city are: Independence Hall or State-house, in which the various courts are held, Bank of the United States, Philadelphia Bank and contiguous buildings, Theatre, Arcade, Masonic Hall, Academy of the Fine Arts, United States Mint; all the above are in Chesnut street. Pennsylvania Hospital, in Pine street; Alms-house, in Blockley Township; Orphans' Asylum, in Cherry street; Wills's Hospital for the Lame and Blind, in Race street; Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind, Race street; Orphan's (Catholic) Asylum of St. Joseph's, in Spruce street; Widow's Asylum, in Cherry street; Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, on Broad and Pine streets; Merchants' Exchange and Post Office, on Dock, Third and Walnut streets; Custom-house, in Second street; City Library, and Philosophical Hall and Atheneum, in Fifth street near Chesnut; Hall of the Franklin (mechanics') Institute, in Seventh street; Academy of Natural Sciences, in Twelfth street; University buildings, in Ninth street; Jefferson College, in Tenth street; Musical Fund Hall, in Locust street; Adelphi, in Fifth street; Washington Hall, in Third street; Theatre, in Walnut street; Theatre, in Arch street; Museum, Ninth and Sansom streets; Prisons, on Passyunk Road; Eastern Penitentiary, and House of Refuge, in Coates' street; Fair Mount Water Works, on the Schuylkill, N. W. of the State-house; Marine Asylum, and United States Arsenal, on the Schuylkill, S. W. of the State-house; Navy Yard on the Delaware; Friends' Lunatic Asylum, near Frankford; about 80 churches, 16 banks; Alms-house, west side of the Schuylkill; Girard College, N. W. of the State-house, &c. &c.

ROUTES FROM PHILADELPHIA.

To Pittsburg.			Spread Eagle,	5	16
Fair Mount,		1	Paoli,	5	21
Fair Mount, Viaduct over the			≥ { Warren,	1	22
Schuylkill,	2	3	Walley Creek,	7	29
Buck Tavern,	8	11	Downingtown,	3	32

	. ~	_	40.1				
{	Coatesville,	8	40		Newport,	10	135
i	Gap Tavern,	11	51		Thompsontown,	11	146
rj	Mine ridge,	1	52		Mexico,	7	153
Sa	Mill Creek,	5	57		Mifflintown,		157
\mathbb{Z}	•	9					
Rail Road	Soudersburg,	3	60		Lewistown,	14	
, a	Lancaster,	9	69	-:	Waynesburg,		185
~	Mt. Pleasant,	8	77	ี กล	Aughwich F's,	12.	197
į	Columbia,	5	82	Canal	Huntingdon,		214
	York,	11	93	_	Petersburg,		221
	Abbotstown,	15	108		Alexandria,		228
		14	122				
ļ	Gettysburg,				Williamsburg,		240
	Chambersburg,		147		Frankstown,		250
Stage.	M'Connelstown,	19	166		Hollidaysburg,	3	253
_કું" {	Bedford,	31	197	Joh	nstown, by R. R.	37	290
ν̄Ω į	Shellsburg,	9	206		(Laurel Hill,	7	297
	Stoystown,	19	225		Loekport,		307
			241		Chesnut Hill,		312
	Laughlintown,						
	Greensburg,		264	-:	Blairsville,		320
	Pittsburg,	33	296	ns	J Saltzburg,		336
				Canal	Warrentown,	12	348
7	o Pittsburg, via I	Harri	s-		Leechburg,	10	358
	burg.				Allegheny aqua.	3	361
	Lancaster,		6 9		Logan's Ferry,		376
		10	81				
	Mountjoy,	12			(Pittsburg,	18	394
gg	Middletown,	. 15	96		<u> </u>		
Ö	Harrisburg,	9	105		To Erie, Pa. by S	Stage	2.
Rail Road.	Carlisle,	18	123,	Ma	nyunk,	_	7
ai	Stough's T.	13	136		rristown,	9	16
2	Shippensburg,	7	143	Tr	ap,	9	25
	Chambarahara		154	Pot	totorm	10	35
	Chambersburg,				tstown,		40
Pitt	sburg, as above,	147	301		arrensburg,	5	
					etertown,	5	45
To	Pittsburg, by Pe	ennsy	ylva-		ading,	7	52
n	ia Rail Road and	l Car	nal.	Ha	mburg,	15	67
Col	umbia, as above,		82		wigsburg,	11	78
C.01	(Marietta,	3	85		ttsville,	8	86
	Bainbridge,	6	91		nbury,	36	122
		$\frac{3}{4}$				11	133
	Falmouth,				w Berlin,	25	158
-i	Middletown,	4			lheim,		
na,	{ Highspire,		102	Be.	llefonte,	21	179
S.	Harrisburg,	6	108	Ph	illipsburg,	27	
	Blue Mt. Gap,	5	113		rwinville,	19	225
	Port Dauphin,		116		ookville,	37	262
	Duncan's Isd.	9	125	4	ippensville,	27	289
	C Danouit o Tor.	U	2.40	. ~11	-Phormanna		

oat

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Rail Road.

Stage.

2

Pit Rail Road.

Canal.

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	11	
-	v	A

ROUTES FROM PHILADELPHIA.

ROULES	L IV	OM.	HILADELFHIA.	4.	U #
17 1.11	10	20%	D1-4		OA
Franklin,		307	Doylestown,	_	24
Meadville,		332	Ottsville,	15	
Waterford,		355	Easton,	17	56
Erie,	15	370			
-			To New York, by S	Stage	,
To Pottsville, by Sch	uuli	kill	Frankford,		5
Canal.			Holmsburg,	4	9
Manyunk,		7	Bristol,	11	20
Flat Rock,	1	8	Trenton,	. 11	
	3	11	Princeton,		41
Spring Mills,			Kingston,		44
Norristown,	5	16		13	
Phenixville,	12	28	New Brunswick,	13	
Pottstown,	15	43	Milton,		
Unionville,	3	46	Elizabethtown,		75
Birdsboro,	6	52	Newark,		81
Reading,	12	64	New York,	10	91
Hamburg,	23	87			
Port Clinton,	4	91	To New York, by Stee	am B	oat
Tunnel,	7	98	and Stage.		
Schuylkill Haven,	3	101	Burlington, by S. Boa	+	19
Mount Carbon,		105	Bristol, do.	1	20
Pottsville,	ī	106		10	30
Port Carbon,		108	Bordentown, do	6	36
2 ort cur bon,	~	100	Trenton, by S. B.	10	46
	~		Princeton, by Stage,		63
To Bethlehem, Pa. by	Sta		New Brunswick, do.	17	03
Sunville,		3	Perth Amboy, by S.	12	75
Germantown,	3	6	Boat,		
Flowertown,	5	11	New York, do.	25	100
Spring,	6	17			
Montgomery,	4	21	To New York, by Stee	am B	oat
Lexington,	4	25	and Rail Road	l.	
Sellersville,	7	32	Bordentown, by S. Bo	at.	30
Quakertown,	5	37	Centreville, by Rail R		
Fryburg,	6	43	Spotswood,	16	
Bethlehem,	8	51	South Amboy,		64
,			Perth Amboy, by S.		0.2
-			Boat,	2	66
To Easton, by Sto	ıge.		New York,	25	
Shoemakertown,		9	LION LOINS		
Jenkintown,	1		m n 1.: / n	·7 TD	
Abington,	1		To Baltimore by Rai		d
Willowgrove,	2		via Wilmington,		
Newville,		20	Wilmington Rail-Road	l,	1
		91	*		

Gray's Ferry viaduct,	4 5	Bohemia, do.	5 55
Chester,	9 14	Turkey Point, by S.	
Marcus H. Road,	4 18	Boat,	10 65
Wilmington,	9 27	Baltimore, do.	48 113
Newport,	4 31	-	
Newark Road,	8 39	To Cape May, by Stee	m Roat.
Elkton,	6 45		
Northeast,	6 51	Delaware City, as abo	
Charleston,	3 54	Reedy Island,	5 46
Havre De Grace,	6 60	Allaways Creek,	5 51
Bush River,	12 72	Bombay Hook,	12 63
Gunpowder R.	7 79	Egg Island,	17 80
Back River,	11 90	Light Ho. C. May,	20 100
Depot,	4 94	Cape Island,	2 102
Baltimore P. O.	1 95		
To Dulain and los Stan	D	To Cape May, by	Stage.
To Baltimore, by Stea ond Rail-Road,		Woodbury,	9
		Jonesboro,	10 19
Fort Mifflin,	8	Malaga,	10 29
E Lazaretto,	5 13 5 18	Millville,	13 42
Chester,	5 18	Port Elizabeth,	6 48
Frenchtown by R. R.	4 22	Dennis Creek,	14 62
g Christiana Cr.	8 30	Goshen,	4 66
New Castle,	5 35	Cape May, C. H.	4 70
Trenentown, by it. it.	16 51	Cold Spring,	9 79
Baltimore, by S. B.	69 120	Cape Island,	2 81
To Baltimore, by St	_	To Tuckerton, N	Ter bu
Darby,	6	Stage.	renog
Chester,	9 15		0
Wilmington,	13 28	Pensauken Crcck,	17 00
Elkton,	20 48	Hampton, F.	17 26
Havre De Grace,	16 64	Washington,	9 35
Baltimore,	34 98	Tuckerton,	14 49
To Baltimore, by Stea	m Boat	To Long Bran	ch.
and Canal.		Bordentown, by S. B.	
New Castle, as above,		Allentown, by Stage,	7 37
by Steam Boat,	35	Monmouth, do	18 55
Delaware City,	6 41	Eaton, do.	10 65
St. George's, by Canal	, 5 46	Long Branch, do	4 69
Deep Cut do.	4 50		

Philadelphia (West) Canal,	Pineville, S. C. (273.)
see Pennsylvania, (157.)	Pine Grove Rail-Road, see
Philadelphia, Germantown &	Pennsylvania, (132.)
Norristown Rail Road, see	Pine Orchard, N. Y. (83.)
Pennsylvania, (133.)	Pinthocco, Ala. (284.)
Philadelphia, K. (188.)	Piscataway, Md. (177.)
Phillipsburg, L. C. (16.)	Piqua, O. (124.)
Phillipsburg, P. (130.)	Point Au Tremble, L. C. (15.)
Pickensville, S. C. (252.)	Pt. Pyrites, Mich. (69.)
Pickensville, Miss. (280.)	Pt. au Pins, U. C. (75.)
Picolata, F. (330.)	Pt. au Playe, U. C. (100.)
Pierces, Ga. (289.)	Pt. Pleasant, Va. (171.)
Pike, N. Y. (78.)	P. Du Rocher, Il. (164.)
Pikeville, K. (192.)	P. Frederick. Md. (177.)
Pikeville, T. (229.)	Pt. Tobacco, Md. (177.)
Pikeville, Ala. (246)	Pt. Comfort, Ala. (285.)
Piketon, O. (150.)	Pt. au Fer, Lou. (322.)
Pickneyville, S. C. (253.)	Pt. of Pines, Fl. (328.)
Pine Bluff, Ark. (242.)	Pt. Chico, Lou. (324.)
Pine Log, Ga. (250.)	Pittsfield, Mass. (83.)
Pittston, Pa. (107.)	

Pittsburg, Pa. (128.) The city of Pittsburg was founded in 1765; and now contains a population of about 38,000 including the adjoining villages of Allegheny, Birmingham, &c. It is a place of great trade, and has extensive manufactories. The public buildings are, a court-house, exchange, college, monitorial school house, several hotels, museum, banks, markethouse, many foundries, and 16 or 18 churches of various denominations.

ROUTES FROM PITTSBURG.

To Cincinnati, O. Boat.	by Stee	ım	Elizabethtown, Sistersville,	13 104 35 139
Middletown,		11	Newport,	17 156
Beavertown,	18	29	Marietta,	16 172
Fawcetstown,	19	48	Parkersburg,	13 185
Steubenville,	22	70	Bellville,	17 202
Wellsburg,	7	. 77	Letart's rapids,	30 232
Warrenton,	6	83	Point Pleasant,	29 261
Wheeling,		91	Gallipolis,	3 264

<i>a</i>		000		~ 4
Guyandot,		298	To Philadelphia, by	
Burlington,	7	305	and Rail Road	l _a
Portsmouth,	41	346	Allegheny Aqueduct,	23
Manchester,		382	Blairsville,	41 74
Maysville,		392	Johnstown,	30 104
		399		
Ripley,	7		Hollidaysburg, R. R.	37 141
Augusta,	9	408	Huntingdon,	39 180
Point Pleasant,	15	423	Huntingdon, Lewistown, Duncan Island,	43 223
Cincinnati,	26	449	O d Duncan Island,	46 269
(See Cincinnati.)			Middletown,	26 295
,			Columbia,	17 312
To Philadelphia	Pess		Philadelphia, by R. R.	
	, 09		I imadeipina, by it. It	02 004
Stage, &c.		-	TO TO TO SO	
East Liberty,		5	To Erie, Pa. by S	tagę,
Wilkinsburg,	3	8	Woodville,	18
Howardsville,	3	11	Butler,	9 27
Stewartsville,	8	19	Centreville,	18 45
Adamsburg,	6	25	Mercer,	15 60
Greensburg,	7	32	Georgetown,	15 75
Youngstown,	10	42	Meadville,	15 90
Laughlin,	13	55	Waterford,	23 113
Stoystown,	16	71		15 128
	$\frac{10}{28}$	99	Erie,	13 120
Bedford,				~ .
M'Connels T.	31	130	To Wheeling, by S	stage.
Chambersburg,	19	149	Findlaysville,	13
e Gettysburg,	25	174	Washington,	11 24
	29	203	Martinsburg,	5 29
York, Columbia,	11	214	Claysville,	4 31
Lancaster,		227	W. Alexander,	6 39
Lancaster, Downingtown,		264	Wheeling,	16 55
Philadelphi-		296	White High	10 00
Philadelphia,	32	290		

Pittsboro, N. C. (235.)
Plattsburg, N. Y. (36.)
Pleasant Valley, N. Y. (36.)
Pleasant Grove, Va. (216.)
Pleasant River Bay, Me. (42.)
Plymouth, N. H. (62.)
Plymouth, Mass. (112.)
Plymouth, N. C. (238.)
Pocomoke Bay, Va. (199.)
Pogoi Is., Fl. (328.)
Point Alderton, Mass. (86.)

Pokanaweethty, Fl. (314.)
Pompion, N. J. (108.)
Pontiac, Mich. (73.)
Poplar Spring, Md. (155.)
Portage, N. Y. (57.)
Portage, O. (101.)
Port Deposit Canal, see
Maryland, (156.)
Port Genesee, N. Y. (56.)
Port Glasgow, N. Y. (57.)
Port Barnet, Pa. (103.)

Port Allegheny, Pa. (104.) Port Williams, K. (168.) Port Royal, Va. (176.)

Portland, (63,) the metropolis of Maine, has a population of 12,600. Several handsome public and private buildings, among the former are a court-house, custom-house, 10 churches, 6 banks, &c.

ROUTES FROM PORTLAND.

Saco, Kennebunk port, 10 26 26 26 26 27 26 27 27					-	
Kennebunk port, 10 26 Wells, 6 32 York, 15 47 Portsmouth, 9 56 Hampton Falls, 13 69 Newburyport, 9 78 Rowley, 5 83 Topsfield, 8 91 Danvers, 6 96 Sangus, 7 104 Boston, via Salem, by Stage. Rowley, as above, 83 Ipswich, 5 88 Hamilton, 5 93 Wenham, 2 95 Beverly, 8 3lem, 10 117 Moscow, 13 12 Imports 11 Imports 11 Imports 12 Imports 13 Imports 14 Imp	To Boston, by	Stage.	1	Warren,	9	76
Kennebunk port, 10 26 Camden, 11 9 Wells, 6 32 Belfast, 18 10 York, 15 47 Castine, (by water,) 9 11: 9 Portsmouth, 9 56 Bluehill, 10 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 14 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 11 12 15 16 16 16 16 16 18 12 18 18 10 16 19 18 16 19 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	Saco		16	Thomastown,	4	80
Wells, 6 32 Belfast, 18 10 York, 15 47 Castine, (by water.) 9 11 Portsmouth, 9 56 Bluehill, 10 12 Hampton Falls, 13 69 Elsworth, 14 14 Newburyport, 9 78 Cherryfield, 20 17 Rowley, 5 83 Cherryfield, 20 17 Columbia, 12 18 18 10 Columbia, 12 18 18 10 Machias, 12 18 18 10 10 11 12 15 15 20 10 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 12 15 15 20 15 21 15 23 14 15 24 15 24 15 24 15 24 15 24 12 12 15		10		Camden,	11	91
York, 15 47 Castine, (by water,) 9 11 Portsmouth, 9 56 Bluehill, 10 12 Hampton Falls, 13 69 Elsworth, 14 14 Newburyport, 9 78 Cherryfield, 20 17 Rowley, 5 83 Columbia, 12 18 Machias, 15 20 Whiting, 15 21 Machias, 15 20 Whiting, 15 23 To Boston, via Salem, by Stage. To Quebec, by Stage. Brunswick, 2 Stage. Brunswick, 2 3 4 Hamilton, 5 93 Hallowell, 4 5 Wenham, 2 95 Augusta, 3 5 Salem, 3 102 Norridgwock, 16 9 Iynn, 5 107 Solon, 20 11 Moscow, 13 12<				Belfast,	18	109
Portsmouth, 9 56 Hampton Falls, 13 69 Newburyport, 9 78 Rowley, 5 83 Topsfield, 8 91 Danvers, 6 96 Sangus, 7 104 Boston, 10 114 To Boston, via Salem, by Stage. Rowley, as above, 63 Ipswich, 5 88 Hamilton, 5 93 Wenham, 2 95 Beverly, 4 99 Salem, 3 102 Lynn, 5 107 Boston, 10 117 Bluehill, 10 12 Elsworth, 14 14 Columbia, 12 18 Machias, 15 20 Whiting, 15 21 Eastport, 15 23 To Quebec, by Stage. Brunswick, 2 Brunswick, 2 Brunswick, 2 Brunswick, 3 Bodoinham, 13 4 Gardner, 11 5 Augusta, 3 5 Waterville, 17 7 Norridgwock, 16 9 Solon, 20 11 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne-		_		Castine, (by water,)	9	118
Hampton Falls, 13 69 Newburyport, 9 78 Rowley, 5 83 Topsfield, 8 91 Danvers, 6 96 Sangus, 7 104 Boston, via Salem, by Stage. Rowley, as above, 63 Ipswich, 5 88 Hamilton, 5 93 Wenham, 2 95 Reverly, 4 99 Salem, 3 102 Lynn, 5 107 Boston, 10 117 High Selem, 14 14 Franklin, 12 15 Cherryfield, 20 17 Columbia, 12 18 Machias, 15 20 Whiting, 15 21 Esworth, franklin, 12 15 Cherryfield, 20 17 Columbia, 12 18 Machias, 15 20 Whiting, 15 21 Gardner, 15 23 To Quebec, by Stage. Brunswick, 2 Brunswick, 2 Gardner, 11 5 Hallowell, 4 5 Waterville, 17 7 Solon, 20 11 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne-	· ·				10	128
Newburyport, 9 78 Franklin, 12 15 Rowley, 5 83 Cherryfield, 20 17 Topsfield, 8 91 Columbia, 12 18 Danvers, 6 96 Machias, 15 20 Sangus, 7 104 Whiting, 15 21 Boston, 10 114 Eastport, 15 23 To Roston, via Salem, by Stage. To Quebec, by Stage. Brunswick, 2 Bodoinham, 13 4 Gardner, 11 5 Hamilton, 5 93 Hallowell, 4 5 Wenham, 2 95 Augusta, 3 5 Beverly, 4 99 Waterville, 17 7 Salem, 3 102 Norridgwock, 16 9 Lynn, 5 107 Solon, 20 11 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne-		_		Elsworth,	14	142
Rowley, 5 83 Cherryfield, 20 17 Topsfield, 8 91 Columbia, 12 18 Bangus, 7 104 Machias, 15 20 Whiting, 15 21 Eastport, 15 23 To Boston, via Salem, by Stage. To Quebec, by Stage. Brunswick, Bodoinham, 13 4 Ipswich, 5 88 Bodoinham, 13 4 Gardner, 11 5 3 Augusta, 3 5 Beverly, 4 99 Waterville, 17 7 Salem, 3 102 Norridgwock, 16 9 Lynn, 5 107 Moscow, 13 12 Boston, 10 117 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne-				Franklin,	12	154
Topsfield, 8 91				Cherryfield,	20	174
Danvers, 6 96 Sangus, 7 104 Boston, via Salem, by Slage. Rowley, as above, 83 Hamilton, 5 93 Wenham, 2 95 Beverly, 4 99 Salem, 3 102 Lynn, 5 107 Boston, 10 117 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne-				Columbia,	12	186
Sangus, Boston, 7 104 10 114 Whiting, Eastport, 15 21 15 23 To Boston, via Salem, by Stage. To Quebec, by Stage. Brunswick, 2 Rowley, as above, Ipswich, Stage, Hamilton, Stage, Hamilton, Stage, Hamilton, Stage, Hamilton, Salem, Solon, Solon				Machias,	15	201
To Boston, via Salem, by Stage. To Quebec, by Stage.				Whiting,	15	216
To Boston, via Salem, by Stage. Rowley, as above, 83 Bodoinham, 13 4 Gardner, 11 5 Hamilton, 5 93 Hallowell, 4 5 Wenham, 2 95 Werly, 4 99 Waterville, 17 7 Salem, 3 102 Norridgwock, 16 9 Lynn, 5 107 Boston, 10 117 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne-		•		Eastport,	15	231
Stage. Brunswick, 2 Rowley, as above, 83 Bodoinham, 13 4 Ipswich, 5 88 Gardner, 11 5 Hamilton, 5 93 Hallowell, 4 5 Wenham, 2 95 Augusta, 3 5 Beverly, 4 99 Waterville, 17 7 Salem, 3 102 Norridgwock, 16 9 Lynn, 5 107 Solon, 20 11 Boston, 10 117 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne- 12 12 13 12	Doston,	10	***			
Stage. Brunswick, 2 Rowley, as above, 83 Bodoinham, 13 4 Ipswich, 5 88 Gardner, 11 5 Hamilton, 5 93 Hallowell, 4 5 Wenham, 2 95 Augusta, 3 5 Beverly, 4 99 Waterville, 17 7 Salem, 3 102 Norridgwock, 16 9 Lynn, 5 107 Solon, 20 11 Boston, 10 117 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne- 12 12 13 12	777 79	α		To Ourhor In St.		
Rowley, as above, Ipswich, Ipswich, Hamilton, Solom, Wenham, Severly, Salem, Isoston, Solom, Solo		saiem, u	'y		lage.	
Ipswich, 5 88 Gardner, 11 5 Hamilton, 5 93 Hallowell, 4 5 Wenham, 2 95 Augusta, 3 5 Beverly, 4 99 Waterville, 17 7 Salem, 3 102 Norridgwock, 16 9 Lynn, 5 107 Solon, 20 11 Boston, 10 117 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne- 12 12 13 12	Stage.		!			27
Hamilton, 5 93 Hallowell, 4 5 Wenham, 2 95 Augusta, 3 5 Beverly, 4 99 Waterville, 17 7 Salem, 3 102 Norridgwock, 16 9 Lynn, 5 107 Solon, 20 11 Boston, 10 117 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne- 12 Ferry over Kenne- 10 11 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10	Rowley, as above,					40
Wenham, 2 95 Augusta, 3 5 Beverly, 4 99 Waterville, 17 7 Salem, 3 102 Norridgwock, 16 9 Lynn, 5 107 Solon, 20 11 Boston, 10 117 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne- 12 12 12 13 12		_				51
Beverly, 4 99 Waterville, 17 7 Salem, 3 102 Norridgwock, 16 9 Lynn, 5 107 Solon, 20 11 Boston, 10 117 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne-	Hamilton,					
Salem, 3 102 Norridgwock, 16 9 Lynn, 5 107 Solon, 20 11 Boston, 10 117 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne-	Wenham,			Augusta,		
Lynn, 5 107 Solon, 20 11 Boston, 10 117 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne-	Beverly,					75
Boston, 10 117 Moscow, 13 12 Ferry over Kenne-	Salem,	_		Norridgwock,	16	
Ferry over Kenne-		_				
	Boston,	10	117	Moscow,	13	124
To Eastnort, by Stage. beck river. 17 14				Ferry over Kenne-		
	To Eastport, b	ny Stage		beck river,		
Freeport, 18 Monument, 48 18	Freenort		18			
Brunswick. 9 27 St. Joseph, 54 24		9			-	
Rath 7 34 St. Henry, 28 27				St. Henry,		
Wiscasset, 15 49 Quebec, 12 28				Quebec,	12	283
Waldoboro, 18 67				-		

To Alfred,	Mt. Washington, 47 88
Buxton, 15	Tr. Dunia
Alfred, 14 29	To Paris. Windham. 15
To White Hills.	
	Raymond, 11 26 Otisfield, 11 37
Standish, 17 Hiram, 14 31	Paris, 13 50
Boundary line, 10 41	1 4113,
Doundary me,	1
D (1 1 N W (77)	Prostantana V (100)
Portland, N. Y. (77.)	Prestonburg, K. (192.)
Portland, Ala. (283.) Portersville, Ind. (167.)	Prescott, U. S. (34.) Presque I., U. C. (56.)
Ports, S. C. (274.)	Presque Is., Pa. (76.)
Portsmouth, N. H. (63.)	Princeton, N. J. (134.)
Portsmouth and Roanoke Rail	Princeton, Ind. (166.)
Road, see Va. (218.)	Princeton, K. (187.)
Portsmouth, O. (171.)	Princess Anne, Md., (178.)
Potatoe F., S. C. (274.)	Prophetstown, Ind. (122.)
Potomac, Md. (154.)	Providence, R. I. (111.)
Potomac R., Md. (177.)	Providence and Norwich Rail
Potomac Navigation, see	Road, see R. I. (111.)
Virginia, (155.)	Provincetown, Mass. (86.)
Potosi, Mo. (184.)	Prudhomme, Lou. (293.)
Pottsdam, N. Y. (35.)	Prunty, Va. (152.)
Pottstown, Pa. (133.)	Puckna, Ala. (267.)
Pottersville, Pa. (102.)	Pughtown, Va. (154.)
Poukeepsie, N. Y. (109.)	Pulaski, T. (227.)
Powelton, Ga. (271.)	Pultneyville, N. Y. (56.)
Prairie du Chien, Wis. (66.)	Purdy, T. (226.)
Prairie Bluff, Ala. (283.)	Paris, S. C. (289.)
Prattsville, Md. (154.)	Putnam, Ind. (146.)
	Q.
Quapaw Villages, Ark. (242.)	Quincy, Il. (141.)
Queenstown, Md. (177.)	Quincy, F. (315.)
Quincy, Mass. (86.)	
I	
Racoon Spring, K. (191.)	Raleigh, T. (225.)
Reasville, Ga. (271.)	realergh, r. (coo.)
recusyino, ou. (211.)	

Raleigh, N. C. (236.) Capital of North Carolina, contained in 1830, 1,700 inhabitants. The public houses are, a state-

house, court house, jail, market-house, theatre, two or three banks, two churches, &c.

ROUTES FROM RALEIGH.

4.			
To Richmond, Va. b	y Stage.	Wilmington,	61 158
Louisburg;	35		
Warrenton,	23 58	To Columbia, S	S. C.
Lawrenceville,	38 96	Fayetteville,	58
Petersburg,	50 146	Laurel Hill,	33 91
Richmond,	21 167	Cheraw,	28 119
Acicininona,	21 101	Evans Ford,	22 141
To Edenton by S			21 162
To Edenton, by S.		Lit. Lynches Cr.	12 174
Wakefield,	20	Camden,	
Tarboro,	46 66	Columbia;	32 206
Williamston,	34 100		
Jamestown,	11 111	To Knoxville, T. by	y Stage.
Plymouth,	13 124	Branthys,	16
Edenton,	14 138	Pittboro,	20 36
		Ashboro.	34 70
To Newbern, by S	tare.	Salisbury,	32 102
Smithfield,	30	Statesville,	27 129
Waynesboro,	24 54	Morgantown	38 167
Kingston,	26 80	Ashville,	62 229
	47 127		36 265
Newbern,	4/ 12/	Warm Springs,	28 293
FD 7771/ 1 /	α.	Newport, T.	
To Wilmington, by		Dandridge, T.	15 308
Fayetteville,	58	Knoxville, T.	32 340
Elizabeth,	39 97		

Raleigh's Bay, N. C. (258.)
Rantales, S. C. (290.)
Rappahannock R., Va. (198.)
Reading, N. Y. (80.)

Reading, Pa. (133.) Seat of justice of Berks county. Population in 1830, 5,859. The public buildings consist of a court house, two banks, county offices, 7 or 8 churches, &c. The inhabitants are mostly Germans, or descendants of Germans.

ROUTES FROM READING.

To Philadelphia, by	Stag	re.	Trap,	10	27
Exetertown,	_	7	Norristown,	9	36
Warrenburg,	5	12	Manayunk,	9	45
Pottstown,	5	17	Philadelphia,	7	52

m 707 · / 7 1 / · /	~ 7		75	~ 00
To Philadelphia, by	Schu	yı-	Myerstown,	5 33
kill Canal.			Lebanon,	8 41
Birdsboro,		12	Tunnel,	1 42
Unionville,	6	18	Swatara river,	7 49
Pottstown,	3	21	Quittapahilla R.	11 60
Phenixville,	15	36	Middletown,	19 79
Norristown,	12	48		
Manayunk,	9	57	To Lancaster, by	Stage.
Philadelphia,	7	64	Adamstown,	9
			Reamstown,	5 14
To Pottsville, by S	chuni	lkill	Ephrata,	4 18
Canal.			Lancaster,	13 31
Hamburg,		23		10 01
Port Clinton,	Δ	27	To Harrisburg, by	Stage
Schuylkill Haven,		37	Sinking Spring,	A 4
Pottsville,		42	Womelsdorf,	9 13
Port Carbon,		44		7 20
Tort Carbon,	~	44	Mycrstown,	6 26
T. D 21 1 6	Ya		Lebanon,	
To Pottsville, by S	stage		Millerstown,	5 31
Maiden Creek,	_	7	Palmyra,	6 37
Hamburg,	8	15	Hummelstown,	6 43
Port Clinton,	5	20	Harrisburg,	9 52
Orwigsburg,	6	26		
Pottsville,	8	34	To Easton, by S	Stage.
			Kutztown,	17
To Middletown, by	Unic	n	Trexlerstown,	9 26
Canal.			Allentown,	8 34
Berneville,		15	Bethlehem,	5 40
Womelsdorf,	10	25	Easton,	10 50
Stouchstown,	:	3 28		
,				

Reading, O. (148.) Red River, Lou. (294.) Red Church, Lou. (323.) Redheimers, S. C. (273.) Reister, Md. (156.) Renssellaerville, N. Y. (82.) Reynoldsburg, T. (207.)

Rhode Island, state of, (111,) is divided into five counties. Population in 1830, 97,212. Area, 1,300 square miles. Capitals, Providence and Newport; metropolis, Providence; lat. 41° 49′ N. long. 5° 28′ E. General election, April and August. Legislature meets, first Wednesday in May and last Wednesday in October. Date of Charter (from Charles II.) 1663.

Officers of the government for one year; governor, salary

\$400; lieutenant-governor, \$200; sccretary of state, fees and \$750; state treasurer, \$450; attorney-general, fees.

General Assembly.—Senate consists of the governor, licutenant-governor, and eight senators. House of representatives

consists of 72 members, elected semi-annually.

Judiciary,—is vested in a Supreme Court, composed of a chief justice (\$650 per annum,) and two associate judges (\$550 each,) and a court of common pleas, composed of five judges for each county of the state. All the judges are

appointed annually by the general assembly.

Physical Structure.—No mountains of great elevation exist in this state. In the north-west quarter, hills of considerable magnitude occur, at frequent intervals; the substratum being composed almost entirely of rocks which frequently exhibit themselves not only on the hills, but in the valleys also. These give to this part of the state a rugged and exceedingly broken surface. The other three quarters may be regarded as level, with slight interruptions occasioned by low hills; these, however, diminish in number and importance as the sea board is approached, and within a few miles of which they terminate altogether.

Lakes.-Watchogg and Charles in the south-west. Paw-

tuxet and several smaller lakes on the north-west.

Rivers and Bays.—Narraganset Bay; Taunton, Pawtucket, Pawtuxet, Paweatuck, Charles rivers, &c.

awtusci, lawcatack, charles livers, co.

Islands.—Rhode, Connanicut, Prudence and some smaller islands.

Productions.—Wheat, rye, corn, oats, barley, garden vegetables, cattle, &c. &c.

Towns .- Providence, Newport, Bristol, S. Kingston, Paw-

tucket, Burrelville, Slatersville, Pawtuxet, &c.

Internal Improvements.—Blackstone Canal, (see Massachusetts.) Stonington Rail Road, extends from Stonington in Connecticut, to Providence, 46 miles in length. A company has been incorporated to construct a Rail Road from Providence to Norwich, in Connecticut.

Rhodes, T. (228.) Rhinebeck, N. Y. (109.) Riceboro, G. (305.) Richardsonville, S. C. (272.) Richfield, N. Y. (81.) Richland, N. Y. (57.) Richmond, N. Y. (134.) Richmond, Ind. (148.) Richmond, C. H., Va. (177.)

Richmond, Va. (197,) capital and metropolis of Virginia. Population in 1830, 16,085. Public buildings, state-house,

penitentiary, court house, Virginia armory, theatre, and 8 or 10 handsome churches.

ROUTES FROM RICHMOND.

To Norfolk by Stea	m Boat.		To Raleigh N. C. b	y Sta	ge.
Warwick,	00	7	Petersburg,	,	21
Osborn,	10	17	Notoway R.	32	53
Eppes Island,	22	3 9	Lawrenceville,	18	71
Windmill point,	11 3	50	Roanoke R.	19	90
Jamestown,	24 '	74	Warrenton,	19	109
Burrell's Bay,	13	87	Louisburg,	23	132
Newport News,	15 10	02	Raleigh,	25	167
Carney Island,	9 1	11			
Norfolk,	6 1.	17	To Norfolk, by S	Stage.	
			Petersburg,		21
To Baltimore, by St	team Boo	at.	Cabin Point,	26	47
Newport News, as a	bove, 1	02	Surrey, C. H.	14	61
Fort Calhoun,	8 1	10	Smithfield,	18	79
Old Pt. Comfort,	1 1	11	Nansemond R.	11	90
New ditto,	23 1		Norfolk,	25	115
Rappahannoc R.	22 1				
Light Boat,	21 1		To Knoxville, Ten.	by Ste	age.
Cedar Point,	32 20		Powhatan C. H.		32
Sharp's Island,	25 23		Cumberland C. H.	25	57
Herring Bay,	10 2		Lynchburg,		113
Thomas' Point,	12 2		New London,	11	124
Bodkin Pt.	20 2		Liberty,	15	139
North Pt.	3 2		Big Lick,		167
Fort M'Henry,	7 2		Salem,	7	174
Baltimore,	3 2	89	Christiansburg,	27	201
			Newbern,	17	
To Washington	City by		Evansham,	28	
Stuge.			Mt. Airy,		161
Hanover, C. H.		19	Abingdon,	41	
Bowlinggreen,		42	Blountsville,		326
Fredericksburg,		64	Kingsport,		343
Stafford C. H.		73	Rogersville,		369
Aquia,		78	Rutledge,		400
Dumfries,		87	Knoxville,	32	432
Occoquan,		96		-	
Alexandria,		13	To Guyandot, via		m
Washington,	9 13	22	Springs, by Sto	ige.	
Mercuran		,	Goochland C. H.		29

Columbia,	19	48	To Winchester, via H	arris	son-
Monticello,	17	65	burg, by Stage		
Charlottesville, and	3	78	So. Anna R.		21
University of Va.	>	10	Louisa C. H.	30	51
York,	19	97	Gordonsville,	15	66
Waynesboro,	6	103	Barboursville,	6	72
Staunton,	12	115	Stannardsville,	15	87
Gap,	17	132	Magaughey T.	23	110
Warm Springs,	36	168	Harrisonburg,	11	121
Hot do.	5	173	Mt. Pleasant,	25	146
White Sulphur Sp.	38	211	Woodstock,	13	159
Lewisburg,	10	221	Strasburg,	31	170
Salt Works,	82	303	Newtown,	11	181
Charleston,	4	307	Winchester,	8	189
Guyandot,	40	348	,		

Richmond, K. (190.)
Ridgefield, N. Y. (58.)
Ridgeville, Pa. (131.)
Ridge, S. C. (272.)
R. des Moines, (90.)
R. St. Croix, Me. (21.)
R. St. Francis, L. C. (16.)
R. St. Lawrence, U. C. (33.)
River St. Clair, U. C. (51.)
River Head, N. Y. (136.)
Rivers, S. C. (272.)
Roanoke R., Va. (216.)
Roanoke Inlet, N. C. (239.)
Robbinston, Me. (42.)
Robertsville, S. C. (289.)

Rochester Rail Road, see N. York, (56.)
Rochester and Batavia R. Road, see N. York, (56.)
Roanoke Navigation, see N. Carolina & Va. (216.)
Room Run Rail Road, see Pennsylvania, (133.)
Reading R. R. see Pa. (133.)
Rappahannock Navigation, see Virginia, (176.)
Richmond and Petersburg Rail Road, see Va. (197.)
Richmond and Fredericksburg Rail Road, see Va. (197.)

Rochester, N. Y. (56,) a large commercial and manufacturing city, in Monroe county, situate on the Genesse river, above the great falls, and six miles from its entrance into Lake Ontario; founded in 1812; population is about 24,000. Public buildings, &c.—court-house, jail, twelve churches, two banks, arcade and observatory, a splendid aqueduct, 804 feet long, and five or six excellent hotels, bath house, &c. &c.

ROUTES FROM ROCHESTER.

To Albany, by Erie Canal.	Palmyra	19	99
10 mounty, by Live Cunus.	I aminyra,	10	20
Pittsford, 10	Newark,	8	37

~				
Lyons,	7	44	To Niagara F	alls.
Clyde,	9	53	Parma, by ridge roa	d, 11
Montezuma,	11	64	Clarkson,	7 18
Jordan,	15	79	Gainesville,	15 33
Syracuse,	20	99	Oak Orchard,	7 40
Manlius,	9	108	Hartland,	14 54
Canistota,	16	124	Cambria,	. 12 66
Rome,	21	145	Lewistown,	15 81
Utica,		160	Ningara Falla	6 87
Little Falls,		182	Niagara Falls,	0 01
Canajoharic,		201	Tr. This	
		224	To Utica.	′0
Amsterdam,			Pittsford,	8
Schencctady,		240	Mendon,	7 15
Albany,	28	268	Bloomfield,	5 20
			Canandaigua,	9 29
T. D. Cal. L. Tai	C	7	Gencva,	16 45
To Buffalo, by Erie	Can		Cayuga,	14 59
Ogden,	_	12	Auburn,	9 68
Adams's Basin,	3	15	West Hills,	21 89
Brockport,	5	20	Lenox,	26 115
Holly,	5	25	Utica,	26 141
Albion,	10	35		
Wrightsville,	11	46	To Buffalo, by S	Stare
Middleport,	9	55	Bergen,	17
Lockport,	9	64	Batavia,	13 30
Pendleton,	9	73	Danahada	14 44
Tonnewanta,	10	83	Pembroke,	
Buffalo,	12	95	Ransom's Grove,	8 52
			Williamsville,	8 60
-			Buffalo,	10 70
	_			

Rock R. II. (93.)
Rock Pt., Lou. (279.)
Rockaway, N. Y. (135.)
Rock Haven, II. (186.)
Rockford, N. C. (214.)
Rockport, Ind. (188.)
Rockville Ind. (145.)
Rockville Md. (155.)
Rockingham, N. C. (235)
Rockymount, Va. (215.)
Rogers, Pa. (106.)
Rome, N. Y. (58.)
Rome, N. Y. (108.)

Rome, Ind. (167.)
Romney, Va. (154.)
Rossville, T. (229.)
Rotterdam, N. Y. (58.)
Rouse's Point, L. C. (15.)
Rowlando, (255.)
Royalton, Vt. (61.)
Rumford, Me. (39.)
Rushville, Il. (118.)
Rushville, Ind. (147.)
Russel, N. Y. (34.)
Russelville, K. (208.)
Russelville, Ala. (247.)

Rutland, Vt. (61.) Rutledge, T. (211.) Rutherfordton, N. C. (233.) Ryegate, Vt. (37.)

S.

Saluda Canal, see S. Carolina, (253.)Savannah and Ogechee Canal, see Ga. (289.) Seneca Canal, see N. Y. (80.) Schenectady and Saratoga Rail-Road, see N. Y. (83.) Schenectady and Utica Rail. Road, see N. Y. (82.) Schuylkill Navigation, see Pa. (134.)Schuylkill Valley R. Road, sce Pa. (132.) Schuylkill Rail-Road, see Pa. (132.)Schuylkill (Little) R. Road, see Pa. (133.) Rail-Road, see Stonington Rhode Island, (111.) Salem Canal, see New Jersey, (157.)South Carolina Rail-Road, see S. Carolina, (273.) Santee Canal, see S. Carolina, (273.)Sabine Lake, Lou. (319.) Sabine R. Lou. (306.)

Sacket's Harbor, N. Y. (57.)

Sagharbor, N. Y. (136.)

Saco, Me. (63.)

Salem, Mass. (86.)

Salem O. (148.) Salem, N. J. (157.) Salisbury, N. H. (62.) Salem, Il. (165.) Salt Works, Il. (121.) Salt Licks, Lou. (278.) Salt River, Mo. (141.) Salubria, N. Y. (80.) Saltzburg, Pa. (129.) Sandersville, Ga. (288.) Sandusky Bay, O. (100.) Sandusky C. O. (100.) Sandwich, U. C. (74.) Sandwich, Mass. (112.) Sandy Point, Mass. (112.) Sandy Hook, N. J. (135.) Sandy Hill, N. Y. (60.) Sangamon R. Il. (144.) Sangerfield, N. Y. (81.) Santa Rosa I., F. (312.) Santa Rosa Bay, F. (313.) Sautaffe Bay, Fl. (328.) Santee R. S. C. (273.) Santilla R. Ga. (304.) Sapelo Sound, Ga. (305.) Sauk Village, Il. (92.) Slate Navigation, see Virginia, (196.) Shenandoah Navigation, see Virginia, (175.)

Saratoga Springs, N. Y. (60.) The most celebrated of these springs, 7 in number, occupy the central part of Saratoga county, and are about equi-distant from Schenectady and Glenn's falls. Every accommodation is afforded the visiters, by the spacious and elegant hotels, which abound here. The most noted of these are, Congress Hall, near the Congress Springs, United States Hotel, in the centre of the village, the

10*

Pavilion, near Flat Rock Spring, Union Hall, opposite Congress Hall, Columbian Hotel, near the Pavilion, Washington Hall, in the north end of the village, together with some other hotels and boarding houses. There are also commodious bathing houses, circulating library, reading rooms, mineralogical cabinet, &c. &c.

ROUTES FROM SARATOGA SPRINGS.

To Albany, by	Rail-Road.	Albany,	8 40
Ballston Spa,	6		
Schencetady,	14 20	To Whitehall,	by Stage.
Albany,	16 36	Northumberland,	4
	•	Glenn's falls, an	d Sandy
To Albany, via	Waterford.	hill,	15 19
Ballston Spa,	6	Fort Ann,	10 29
Waterford,	22 28	Whitehall,	12 41
Troy,	4 32		

Savannah, Ga. (289,) metropolis of Georgia. Population in 1830, 7,303. Public buildings, &c.—exchange, banks, academy, several bandsome churches, public squares, &c.

ROUTES FROM SAVANNAH.

	eston, by Steam	
Argyle Island, 7	Boat.	
Isla I. 8 15 Fort Jackson	n,	3
Purisburg, 16 31 Elba Island,	5	8
Beek's Ferry, 5 36 Long I.	3 1	1
Ebenezer, 10 46 Bloody Poin	t, 6 1	7
Sisters' Ferry, 19 65 Hilton Head		35
Hudson's Ferry, 25 90 Traneard's 1	Inlet, 4 3	39
Blanket Point, 5 95 Fripp's Inlet	12 5	1
Brier Creek, 16 111 St. Helena S	Sound, 9 6	0
Burton's Ferry, 24 135 S. Edisto In	let, 3 6	3
Lower 3 runs, 11 146 N. do. do.	o. 13 7	6
Steel Creek, 12 158 Stono Inlet,	14 9	0
Limestone Bluff, 13 171 Coffin I. L.	House, 11 10	1
Dog Ferry, 3 174 Fort Moultri	ie, 6 10	17
Demaries Ferry, 11 185 Charleston,	4 11	1
Gray's Landing, 10 195		
Wallicon's Ferry, 29 224 To Augu	usta, by Stage.	
Augusta, 7 231 Abercorn,		7
Ebenezer,	8 2	5

Jacksonboro,	45	70	Jefferson,	20 98
Augusta,	65	135	St. Mary's,	20 118
To Milledgeville	, by		To Darien, by St	age.
Stage.			Sunbury,	20
Gr. Ogechee R.		20	Sapelo,	16 36
Statesboro,	29	49	Darien,	12 48
Sandersville,	86	135		
Milledgeville,	28	163	To Charleston, by	Stage.
			New River,	14
To St. Mary's, by S	Stage	g.	Hogtown,	9 23
Bryan, old C. H.		17	Coosawatchie,	17 40
Riceboro,	17	34	Pocotaligo,	6 46
Barrington,	20	54	Parker's Ferry,	32 78
Buffalo Cr.	14	68	Guerin's Ferry,	17 95
Scilla R.	10	78	Charleston,	11 106
	-			
Savannah R., Ga. (290).)	- 1	Shoal R., Il. (118.)	
Schenectady, N. Y. (8	33.)		Shullsburg, Mich. (66	.)
Scodic Pt., Me. (41.)			Sidney, Me. (40.)	
Seawright, S. C. (273.	.)		Simpsons, Il. (186.)	
Sellers, Pa. (133.)			Sistersville, Va. (151.)	
Selma, Ala. (283.)			Three Sisters' Island	s, Mich.
Seneca Ind., U. C. (77			(99.)	
Seneca L., N. Y. (80.))		Skeneateles, N. Y. (8	U .)
Shakers, (61.)			Small Pt., Me. (54.)	
Shallow Lakes, N. H.		.)	Smith's, Il. (186.)	
Shandecan, N. Y. (82			Smithport, Pa. (104.)	
Shawncetown, Il. (186	j.)		Smithfield, Va. (152.)	
Sheffield, Mass. (83.)			Smyrna, Del. (157.)	
Shelbyville, Il. (144.)			Solon, N. Y. (81.)	
Shelbyville, Ind. (147.			Somerset, Pa. (129.)	
Sherbourne, N. Y. (81			Somerset, O. (150.)	
Shieldsboro, Miss. (31			Somerville, N. J. (134	.)
Shippensburg, Pa. (13	31.)		Sorel, Lou. (322.)	
Shippingport, Il. (94.)			Sorrel R., L. C. (15.)	
Shinersville, (106.)			So. Bend, Ind. (96.)	
Shirleyburg, Pa. (131.)		Sotos, Lou. (277.)	
Shoreham, Vt. (60.)				

South Carolina, state of, (253,) is divided into 29 districts. Population 1830, 581,458, including 315,665 slaves; area, 31,750 square miles; capital, Columbia; metropolis, Charleston; lat. 32° 45' N. long. 2° 53' W. General election, second

Monday in October, biennally. Legislature meet, fourth Monday in November; constitution formed 1790, since amended.

Government.—Governor—term of office two years, salary \$3,500, chosen by the general assembly—lieutenant governor,

&c.

Legislature.—The legislative power is vested in a senate, having 45 members, elected for four years, one-half being chosen biennially; and a house of representatives, composed of 124 members, elected for two years; these bodies are styled

the General Assembly.

Judiciary.—Consists of a court of appeals, composed of three judges, who receive \$3,500 per annum, each; a court of equity, with two judges, styled chancellors, each of whom receives \$3,500 per annum; and a court of general sessions and common pleas, six judges, with a salary to each of \$3,500 per annum.

Physical Structure.—The entire sea coast and for several miles inland, the surface is remarkably level. The soil consists of swamps and marshes, interspersed with ridges sufficiently elevated merely to escape submersion, some of which are quite inaccessible, and are thus rendered useless. After passing the alluvial border, which is marked by the great road leading from Fayetteville to Augusta, the country assumes a more undulating appearance; the hills increase in number and magnitude, until they become so numerous as to form continuous ridges; these continue to enlarge in proceeding westward, and ultimately form the spurs and flanks of the great blue ridge, which here forms a part of the boundary of the state.

Rivers.—Pedee, Waccamaw, Little Pedee, Lynches Creek, Santce, Wateree, Catawba, Congaree, Broad, Tyger, Ennorce, Saluda, Cooper, Ashley, Edisto, Combahee, and Savannah.

Islands.—North I., Murphey, Cape Roman, Bulls, Dewees, Sullivans, Holly, Johns, Wadmelaw, Edisto, Reynolds, Hunting, St. Helena, Ladies, Port Royal, Hilton Head, &c. &c.

Productions.—Cotton, rice, tobacco, fruits, &c. &c.

Towns.—Charleston, Columbia, Georgetown, Cheraw, Camden, Yorkville, Spartanburg, Pendleton, Abbeville, Edgeville,

Hamburg, Beaufort, &c. &c.

Internal Improvements.—South Carolina Rail Road, commences at Charleston, and terminates in the town of Hamburg, opposite Augusta, entire length, 135-75 miles. It is proposed to construct a branch to Orangeburg, and thence to Columbia, &c., and another to Barnwell C. H. Santee Canal connects the harbour of Charleston with the Santee, length 22 miles.

SPA ST. LOUIS. 117

Winyaw Canal, extends from Winyaw Bay to Kinlock Creek, a branch of Santee river, length 7-40 miles. The navigation of the Catawba has been improved by the construction of several small canals. Saluda Canal, extends from the head of Saluda shoals to Granby Ferry on the Congaree, 6-20 miles in length. Drehr's Canal, is designed to overcome a fall of 120 feet in Saluda river, length 1 1-3 miles. Lorick's Canal, on Broad river, 1½ miles above Columbia, 1 mile long. Lockhart's Canal, in Union District, around Lockhart's shoals, in Broad river, 2 3-4 miles long. A rail-road from Charleston to Cincinnati and Louisville, about 600 miles in length, is proposed.

Spains, Ga. (286.)
Sparta, Lou. (279.)
Sparta, Ala. (299.)
Spencer, N. Y. (80.)
Spencer, Ind. (146.)
Spillers, Lou. (309.)
Springfield, Mass. (84.)
Springfield, II. (143.)
Springfield, C. (149.)
Springfield, Lou. (309.)
Springfield, Va. (154.)
Springs, Schooley's Mt., N.
J. (134.)
Squam Beach, N. J. (134.)
St. Albans, Vt. (36.)

St. Amand, L. C. (16.)

St. Andrew's Bay, Fl. (314.)
St. Andrew's Sd., Ga. (318.)
St. Augustine, Fl. (330.)
St. Catharine's Sound, Ga. (305.)
St. Charles, Mo. (163.)
St. Clairsville, O. (128.)
St. Clair, Mich. (74.)
St. Dennis, L. C. (15.)
St. Francisville, Lou. (308.)
St. Gabriel, Lou. (308.)
St. Helena Sound, S. C. (290.)
St. Helena, Lou. (309.)
St. Joseph's R., Ind. (97.)
St. John's R., Fl. (318.)

St. Louis, Mo. (163,) the metropolis of the state, and seat of justice for St. Louis county, situated on the right bank of the Mississippi, 20 miles below the confluence of that river and the Missouri. Its chief buildings are, a court-house, orphans' asylum, hospital, eight or ten churches, a nunnery, theatre, museum, and a depot of the American Fur Company.

The position of St. Louis is admirably adapted for commercial operations, and the numerous facilities of intercourse with the interior afforded by steam-boats and other means of conveyance, must ensure to St. Louis a continuance of that prosperity which has marked its rapid progress thus far. The present population of the city, according to a late census, is 16,207, including, of course, a large proportion of blacks.

ROUTES FROM ST. LOUIS.

To New Orleans,	by Steam	Wisconsin R.,	24 444
Boat.	-	Prairie du Chien,	4 448
Carondelet,	6		
Harrison,	23 29	To Peru, by Stee	am Boat.
Herculaneum,	1 30	Mouth of Illinois R	., 37
Fort Chartres,	1 9 49	Macoupin R.,	19 56
St. Genevieve,	12 61	Apple Cr.,	16 72
Bainbridge,	61 122	Montezuma,	14 86
Cape Girardeau,	10 132	Augusta,	5 91
Mouth of Ohio,	41 173	Naples,	10 101
New Madrid,	65 238	Meredosin,	7 108
Little Prairie,	30 268	Lagrange,	9 117
Memphis,	119 387	Beardstown,	7 124
Arkansas river,	172 559	Sangamon R.,	7 131
Vieksburg,	284 843	Havana,	25 156
Natchez,	103 946	Pekin,	31 187
St. Francisville,	139 1085	Peoria,	9 196
Baton Rouge,	34 1119	Little Detroit,	5 201
New Orleans,	131 1250	Rome,	11 212
		Columbia,	14 226
To Prairie du C	hien, by	Henry,	5 231
Steam Boo		Hennepin,	12 243
Mouth of Missouri	. 20	Peru,	14 257
Alton,	3 23		
Mouth of Illinois R	., 14 37	To Louisville, l	by Steam
Dardenne R.,	10 47	Boat.	3
Ramsay's Cr.,	38 85		above, 173
Clarksville,	8 93		11 184
Louisiana,	12 105		36 220
Saverton,	18 123		52 272
Hannibal,	7 130		20 292
Marion City,	9 139		19 311
Wyaconda,	19 158		12 323
Fort Edwards,	13 171	;	22 345
R. des Moines,	9 180		11 356
Henderson's R.,	52 232		35 391
Copper Cr.,	39 271		8 399
Fort Armstrong,	26 297	,	53 452
Fever R.,	66 363		33 485
Platte R.,	34 397	,,	17 502
Cassville,	23 420		42 546
		,	

To Indone dance	7/10	hai	To Dotosi bu St		
To Independence, Steam Boat		oy	To Potosi, by St. Merrimec R.,	age.	c
Mouth of Illinois R.,		37	Herculaneum,	14 30	_
	3		Potosi,	33 63	-
Belle Fontaine,	19		1 otosi,	20 00	J
St. Charles,	28		To Wandalia II ha	Stamo	
Pt. Look-off,	19		To Vandalia, Il. by	Stage.	A
Newport,			Collinsville,		
Griswold & Pinkney	, 0 22		Troy,		_
Gasconade,		162	Hickory Grove,		-
Osage,			Greenville,		
City of Jefferson,	1.5		Mulberry Grove,		-
Marion,	15		Vandalia,	10 70	J
Mount Vernon,	15		T- C 1	0	
Rocheport,	9		To Carrollton, by	stage.	4
Franklin & Boonevil	ie, 9	218	Alton,	24	
Chariton,	30		Linton's,	13 37	
Jefferson,		253	Jerseyville,	7 44	
Brunswick,		271	Kane P. O.,	6 50	
Lexington,		323	Carrollton,	9 59	3
Camden,		337	m c . 4714	~.	
Napoleon,	-	342	To Springfield, by		
Sibley,		349	Alton,	24	
Independence,	22	371	Woodburn,	16 40	
			Carlinville,	21 61	_
To City of Jeffers	on, b	y	Girard,	12 73	
Stage.			Springfield,	26 99	•
Pt. Look-off,		35	(-		
Newport,	20	55	To Carlisle, by S.	tage.	
Griswold,	5	60	Illinois Town,	2	
Gasconade R.,	20	80	French Village,	5 7	
Osage R.,		106	Rock Spring,	13 20	
City of Jefferson,	9	115	Lebanon,	4 24	_
			Shoal Cr. P. O.,	19 43	
To Wyaconda,	by		Carlisle,	9 52	?
Stage.	•				
St. Charles,		20	To Shawneetown, by	Stage.	
Troy,	34	54	Belleville,	14	
Alexandria,	6	60	Middleton Ferry,	20 34	
Tenton's,	- 4	64	Nashville,	18 52	?
Bowling Green,	22	86	Lit. Muddy R. P. O.,	33 85	
New London,	21	107	Frankfort,	15 100	
Palmyra,	18	125	Fancy Farm P.O.,	9 109	
Wyaconda,	20	145	Equality,	27 136	
			Shawneetown,	15 151	

St. Marks, Fl. (315.)	Stockport, Pa. (107.)
St. Martin, Lou. (308.)	Stoystown, Pa. (130.)
St. Mary's R., Ga. (317.)	Strasburg, Pa., (156.)
St. Mary's, Ga. (318.)	Strawberry Ferry, S. C. (274.)
St. Regis, L. C. (14.)	Stuart T., N. H. (38.)
St. Simons I., Ga. (305.)	Sturbridge, Mass. (84.)
St. Stephens, Ala. (298.)	Sturgeon Pt., N. Y. (77.)
St. Sulpice, L. C. (15.)	Sullivan's I., S. C. (291.)
Stafford, Ct. (110.)	Sunbury, Pa. (132.)
Statesboro, Ga. (289.)	Susquehanna R., Pa. (105.)
Stedham, Pl. (314.)	Suwanee R., Ga. (316.)
Sterling, Il. (145.)	Suwanee, Fl. (328)
Steubenville, O. (128.)	Swansboro, Ga. (288.)
Stillwater, N. Y. (83.)	Sweatz, Lou. (307.)
Stoddardsville, Pa. (107.)	Swedesboro, N. J. (157.)
Stockbridge, Mass. (83.)	Syracuse, N. Y. (57.)
m	

T.

Tallapoosa R. Ala. (278.) Talbot Ft. U. C. (76.)

Tallahassee, Fl. (315,) capital of Florida, founded and immediately incorporated as a city, in 1825. Population, about 1500. The public buildings are the capital, some churches, &c.

ROUTES FROM TALLAHASSEE.

To Pensacola	•	Richardson,	29 45
Salubrity,	10	Suwanee Ferry,	30 75
Aspalaga,	34 44	Dells P., O.	54 129
Chipola,	16 6 0	Picolati,	65 184
Choctawhatchee R.	47 107	St. Augustine,	22 206
Anderson's,	58 165		
Pensacola,	37 202	To Lake Iamony,	9
		- Lake Jackson,	4
To St. Augustine.		- St. Marks,	21
Gadsden,	16		

Taney T., Md., (155.)
Tappahannock, Va. (198.)
Tarboro, N. C. (237.)
Tarleton, O. (150.)
Tatesville, Ala. (299.)
Tattnall, C. H., Ga. (288.)
Taunton, Mass. (111.)

Taylorsville, Va. (214.) Taylor, Ga. (289.) Tecumsch, Mich. (73.) Tolland, Ct. (110.) Tennessee R., T. (206.) Tennessee R. Ala. (248.) Tennessee, state of, (226,) is divided into 67 counties. Population in 1830, 681,903, including 141,603 slaves. Area, 40,200 square miles. Capital and metropolis, Nashville; lat. 36° 07′ N. long. 9° 44′ W. General election, first Thursday and Friday in August, biennially. Legislature meet, third Monday in September, every second year; date of constitution, 1796.

Government.—Governor, term of office, two years, salary \$2,000 per annum; legislature is composed of a senate (25 members) and house of representatives, (75 members) styled the General Assembly. The members of both are elected biennially, and receive each \$4 a day during the session of the

legislature.

Judiciary.—The supreme court of errors and appeals consists of three judges, salary of each \$1,800 per annum, three chancellors, \$1,500 each. There are eleven circuits, and a like number of judges, salary of each \$1,300 per annum. The judges of the supreme and inferior courts are elected by a joint vote of the two houses of the general assembly. The former for a term of twelve years, and the latter for eight years.

Physical Structure.—The most elevated portion of this state is a ridge of mountains which divides it from the state of North Carolina, to which several local names have been applied. The most noted of these are Unika, Iron, Smoky, Bald, and Stone mountains. These several mountains form a single ridge of the Alleghenies, which, next to the blue ridge on the east, is the most elevated in the series. In descending the ridge just mentioned, westward, several inferior mountains occur at frequent intervals, from which spurs issue in all directions, and thus modify and establish the hydrography of this portion of the state.

The same, or nearly a similar configuration, marks the country in the west of the Tennessee river, whose bed, though in a deep valley, is greatly elevated above the level of tide

water.

A few miles west from and nearly parallel with the Tennessee the Cumberland mountain attains its greatest height, and presents a remarkable feature in the geology of this part of the state. The Cumberland mountain, so called, assumes the appearance and is in fact an extensive plateau, elevated, probably, from 1,200 to 1,500 feet above the ocean. The mean width of this table land is not less than 40 miles; the western shelf of the Cumberland plateau, forms, with the exception of

some hills, the last of the numerous elevations which distinguish the whole of the eastern part of the state, which is

emphatically a " mountain region."

Immediately west of the Cumberland but few hills are seen. and the country generally begins to assume a level aspect; further west, the surface continues to decline until it is again broken by the Tennessee, which here intersects the state from south to north; all beyond is comparatively level, no elevation deserving the name of mountain, existing in the entire space between the Tennessec and Mississippi rivers.

Rivers.—Mississippi, Obion, Forked-Decr, Hatchy and Wolf, branches of the Mississippi; Tennessee, French, Broad, Holston, Clinch, Hiwassee, Elk, Duck, &c., branches of the Tennessee; Cumberland; Clear fork, Obeys, Caney, and

Stones, branches of the Cumberland.

Productions.-Wheat, rye, oats, barley, buckwheat, corn, cotton, tobacco, hemp, garden vegetables, and fruits of many

sorts.

Towns.—Knoxville, Kingston, Washington, Clinton, Rutledge, Newport, Blountsville, &c., in east Tennessee. Nashville, Franklin, Columbia, Murfreesboro, M'Minnville, Fayetteville, &c., in the centre; and Memphis, Bolivar, Brownsville, Lexington, Jackson, Trenton, Dresden and Reynoldsburg in west Tennessee.

Internal Improvements.—None yet completed. Navigable communication between the waters of the Tennessee and those of the Coosa, are contemplated. A rail-road from the town of Randolph, on the Mississippi, to Jackson in Madison county, 65 miles, and one from Nashville to New Orleans, are proposed, and measures for insuring their early completion, A rail-road extending eastward from have been adopted. Memphis is now in progress.

Terre Haute, Ind. (145.) Tazewell, T. (211.) Tessuntee, N. C. (231.) Texas, Mex. (274.) Theobald, K. (169.) Thomasville, Ga. (316.) Thompson, Ct. (111.) Thompson's, S. C. (290.) Thornton, N. H. (62.) Thorntown, Ind. (122.) Thurlow, U. C. (32.)

Ticonderoga, N. Y. (60.) Timballier Bay, Lou. (323.) Tioga R., N. Y. (79.) Tolosa, Fl. (329.) Tombecbee R., Ala. (282.) Tomkinsville, K. (209.) Towanda, Pa. (106.) Towson, Ark. (260.) Trenton, Mc. (41.) Trenton, N. Y. (58.)

Trenton, N. J. (134,) capital of New Jersey. Population about 5,000. The public buildings are, a state-house, two banks, several large cotton factories, &c.

ROUTES FROM TRENTON.

Rail-Road Depot, 4\frac{3}{4} 26\frac{3}{4} \ State H. Philadelphia, 2 28\frac{3}{4} \ To Philadelphia, by Stage. Tullytown, 7 Bristol, 4 11 Holmsburg, 11 22 Frankford, 4 26 Philadelphia, 5 31 Mew York, 13 26 Milton, 13 39 Elizabethtown, 5 44 New York, 10 60 To Philadelphia, by S. Boat. Lamberton, 2 Bordentown, 4 6 Bristol, 9 15 Burlington, 1 16 Bridesburg, 16 32 Philadelphia, 3 35 To Easton, Pa. by Stage. To Easton, Pa. by Stage. Penington, 9 Ringoes, 10 19 Flemington, 6 25 Pittstown, 9 34 Hickorytown, 19 Riomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New York, by Rail Road. To New York, by Stage. To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, 1 White Horse, 3 4 Rail Road, 2 6 Crosswicks, 3 9 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 1 Williamsburg, 10 11	noc	TES TRO	M IRENION.	
New Brunswick, 9 27	To Philadelphia.	by Rail-	Sand Hills.	7 18
Tyburn, Tullytown, Sristol, Tullytown, To Philadelphia, by Stage. To Philadelphia, Tullytown, Tullytow		3		
Tullytown, 3 6 Bristol, 4 10 Dunksville, 4 14 Boundbrook, 3 44 Pennepack Cr. 4 18 Frankford, 4 22 Frankford, 4 22 Rail-Road Depot, 4\frac{3}{4} 26\frac{3}{4} State H. Philadelphia, by Stage. To Philadelphia, by Stage. Tullytown, 7 Bristol, 4 11 Holmsburg, 11 22 Frankford, 4 26 Philadelphia, 5 31 New Brunswick, 13 26 Philadelphia, by S. Boat. Lamberton, 2 Bordentown, 4 6 Bristol, 9 15 Burlington, 1 16 Bridesburg, 16 32 Philadelphia, 3 35 To Easton, Pa. by Stage. Penington, 9 Ringoes, 10 19 Flemington, 6 25 Pittstown, 9 34 Hickorytown, 4 38 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New York, by Rail Road. Clarks, 8 Williamsburg, 10 11	Tyburn,	3		
Bristol, 4 10 Dunksville, 4 14 Pennepack Cr. 4 18 Frankford, 4 22 Rail-Road Depot, 4\frac{3}{4} 26\frac{3}{4} State H. Philadelphia, by Stage. To Philadelphia, by Stage. Tollytown, 7 Bristol, 4 11 Holmsburg, 11 22 Frankford, 4 26 Philadelphia, 5 31 To Philadelphia, by S. Boat. Lamberton, 2 Bordentown, 4 6 Bristol, 9 15 Burlington, 1 16 Bridesburg, 16 32 Philadelphia, 3 35 To Easton, Pa. by Stage. Penington, 9 Ringoes, 10 19 Flemington, 6 25 Pittstown, 9 34 Hickorytown, 4 38 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New York, by Rail Road. Clarks, 8 Williamsburg, 10 11		3 6		6 38
Dunksville, 4 14 Pennepack Cr. 4 18 Frankford, 4 22 Rail-Road Depot, 4\frac{3}{4} 26\frac{3}{4} State H. Philadelphia, by Stage. To Philadelphia, by Stage. Tullytown, 7 Bristol, 4 11 Holmsburg, 11 22 Frankford, 4 26 Philadelphia, by S. Boat. Lamberton, 2 Bordentown, 4 6 Bristol, 9 15 Burlington, 1 16 Bridesburg, 16 32 Philadelphia, 3 35 To Easton, Pa. by Stage. Penington, 9 Ringoes, 10 19 Flemington, 6 25 Pittstown, 9 34 Hickorytown, 4 38 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New York, by Stage. Princeton, 3 47 Frankford, 4 26 Princeton, 1 57 To New York, by Stage. Princeton, 1 10 Kingston, 3 13 New Brunswick, 13 26 New York, 6 50 New York, 6 50 New York, by Stage and Steam Boat. New Brunswick, as above, 26 Perth Amboy, 12 38 New York, 25 63 To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, 1 White Horse, 3 4 Rail Road, 2 6 Crosswicks, 3 9 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 1 Williamsburg, 10 11			Elizabethtown.	3 41
Pennepack Cr. 4 18 Newark, 3 47 3 47 Frankford, 4 4 22 Rail-Road Depot, 4½ 26½ 36½ 36½ 36½ 36½ 36½ 36½ 36½ 36½ 36½ 3	Dunksville,	4 14		3 44
Rail-Road Depot, 4\frac{3}{4} 26\frac{3}{4}\$ State H. Philadelphia, 2 28\frac{3}{4}\$ To Philadelphia, by Stage. Tullytown, 7 Bristol, 4 11 Holmsburg, 11 22 Frankford, 4 26 Philadelphia, 5 31 To Philadelphia, by S. Boat. Lamberton, 2 Bordentown, 4 6 Bristol, 9 15 Burlington, 1 16 Bridesburg, 16 32 Philadelphia, 3 35 To Easton, Pa. by Stage. Penington, 9 Ringoes, 10 19 Flemington, 6 25 Pittstown, 9 34 Hickorytown, 4 38 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New York, by Stage. To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, 1 White Horse, 3 4 Rail Road, 2 6 Crosswicks, 3 9 Bloomsbury, 5 43 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 1 Williamsburg, 10 11	Pennepack Cr.	4 18		3 47
Rail-Road Depot, State H. Philadelphia, 2 283 4 263 New York, by Stage. To Philadelphia, by Stage. 7 New York, by Stage. Tullytown, Bristol, 4 11 4 11 New Brunswick, 13 26 Holmsburg, 11 22 Milton, 13 39 Frankford, 4 26 Elizabethtown, 5 44 Philadelphia, by S. Boat. Elizabethtown, 5 44 Lamberton, 2 New York, by Stage and Steam Boat. Bordentown, 4 6 9 15 Bristol, 9 15 16 32 Burlington, 1 16 16 32 Bridesburg, 16 32 Perth Amboy, 12 38 Philadelphia, 3 35 New York, by Stage and Steam Boat. New York, by Stage and Steam Boat. New York, by Stage and Steam Boat. New York, by Stage. Perth Amboy, 12 38 Perth Amboy, 12 38 New York, 25 63 To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, 1 Flemington, 6 25 Sand Hills, on C. & A. Rail Road, 2 6 Pittstown, 9 34 Sand Hills, on C. & A. Rail Road, 2 6 Princeton, 10 Kingston, 13 39 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 10 11	Frankford,	4 22	Jersey City,	9 56
State H. Philadelphia, 2 28½ To Philadelphia, by Stage. To New York, by Stage. Tullytown, 7 Bristol, 4 11 Holmsburg, 11 22 Frankford, 4 26 Philadelphia, 5 31 To Philadelphia, by S. Boat. Elizabethtown, 5 44 Lamberton, 2 Bordentown, 4 6 Bristol, 9 15 Burlington, 1 16 Bridesburg, 16 32 Philadelphia, 3 35 New Brunswick, as above, 26 Perth Amboy, 12 38 New York, 25 63 To Crosswicks, by Stage. Perth Amboy, 12 38 Perth Amboy, 12 38 New York, 25 63 To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, 1 Pittstown, 9 34 Sand Hills, on C. & A. Rail Road, 2 6 Crosswicks, 3 9 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 <	Rail-Road Depot,	43 263	New York,	1 57
To Philadelphia, by Stage. Tullytown, Bristol, To Philadelphia, To New York, by Stage. To New York, by Stage and Steam Boat. New Brunswick, as above, Perth Amboy, To Raston, To Philadelphia, To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, To Crosswicks, by Stage. To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, To Rail Road, Crosswicks, To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, Williamsburg, To New York, by Delaware and Raritan Canal.			·	
To Philadelphia, by Stage. Tullytown, Bristol, Holmsburg, 11 22 Frankford, Philadelphia, To New York, by Stage and Steam Boat. New York, by Stage and Steam Boat. New Brunswick, as above, Perth Amboy, To Raston, To Pa. by Stage. Penington, To Philadelphia, To Philadelphia, To Philadelphia, To New York, by Stage and Steam Boat. New York, by Stage and Steam Boat. New York, by Stage. Perth Amboy, To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, To Rail Road, Crosswicks, To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, Williamsburg, To New Stage. To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal.			To New York, by	Stage.
Tullytown, Bristol, Bristol, Holmsburg, Frankford, Philadelphia, To Philadelphia, by S. Boat. Lamberton, Bordentown, Bristol, Burlington, Bridesburg, Philadelphia, To Easton, Pa. by Stage. Penington, Ringoes, Pittstown, Hickorytown, Bloomsbury, B	To Philadelphia,	by Stage.		
Holmsburg, 11 22	Tullytown,	7		3 13
Holmsburg, 11 22 Milton, 13 39 Frankford, 4 26 Philadelphia, 5 31 To Philadelphia, by S. Boat. Lamberton, 2 Bordentown, 4 6 Bristol, 9 15 Burlington, 1 16 Bridesburg, 16 32 Philadelphia, 3 35 To Easton, Pa. by Stage. Penington, 9 Ringoes, 10 19 Flemington, 6 25 Pittstown, 9 34 Hickorytown, 4 38 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New York, by Stage. Pointstown, 9 34 Hickorytown, 4 38 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New Brunswick, by Stage. Rail Road, 2 6 Crosswicks, by Stage. Rail Road, 2 6 Crosswicks, 3 9 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 1 Williamsburg, 10 11	Bristol,	4 11		13 26
Frankford, 4 26 Philadelphia, 5 31 To Philadelphia, by S. Boat. Lamberton, 2 Bordentown, 4 6 Bristol, 9 15 Burlington, 1 16 Bridesburg, 16 32 Philadelphia, 3 35 To Easton, Pa. by Stage. Penington, 9 Ringoes, 10 19 Flemington, 6 25 Pittstown, 9 34 Hickorytown, 4 38 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New York, by Stage and Steam Boat. New Brunswick, as above, 26 Perth Amboy, 12 38 New York, 25 63 To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, 1 Rail Road, 2 6 Rail Road, 2 6 Rail Road, 2 6 Rail Road, 2 6 Rosswicks, 3 9 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 1 Williamsburg, 10 11	Holmsburg,	11 22		13 39
To Philadelphia, by S. Boat. Lamberton, Bordentown, Bristol, Burlington, Bridesburg, Philadelphia, Bridesburg, Philadelphia, Bridesburg, Philadelphia, Bridesburg, Philadelphia, Bridesburg, Bridesburg, Perth Amboy, Perth Amboy, Perth Amboy, Perth Amboy, Stage. Perth Amboy, Perth Amboy, Perth Amboy, Perth Amboy, Stage. Perth Amboy, Stage. Perth Amboy, Perth Amboy, Stage. Porth Amboy, Stage. Proreswicks, by Stage. Porth Amboy, Stage. Porth Amboy	Frankford,		Elizabethtown,	5 44
To Philadelphia, by S. Boat. Lamberton, Bordentown, Bristol, Burlington, Bridesburg, Philadelphia, Bridesburg, Philadelphia, Bridesburg, Philadelphia, Bridesburg, Philadelphia, Bridesburg, Bridesburg, Perth Amboy, Perth Amboy, Perth Amboy, Services, by Stage. Perth Amboy, Perth Amboy, Services, Perth Amboy, Services, Services, Services, Bloomsbury, White Horse, Services, Se		5 31	Newark,	6 50
Lamberton, Bordentown, Bordentown, Bristol, Burlington, Bridesburg, Philadelphia, Bridesburg, Penington, Ringoes, Penington, Ringoes, Plemington, Ringoes, Plemington, Ringoes, Plemington, Bloomsbury, Pittstown, Hickorytown, Bloomsbury, Bloomsbury			New York,	10 60
Lamberton, Bordentown, Bordentown, Bristol, Burlington, Bridesburg, Philadelphia, Bridesburg, Penington, Ringoes, Penington, Ringoes, Plemington, Ringoes, Plemington, Ringoes, Plemington, Bloomsbury, Pittstown, Hickorytown, Bloomsbury, Bloomsbury	To Philadelphia, b	y S. Boat.		
Bordentown, Bristol, 4 6 Bristol, Steam Boat. Burlington, 1 16 Bridesburg, 16 32 Burlington, 16 32 Bridesburg, 16 32 Brith Amboy, 12 38 Brit	Lamberton,	2	To New York, by S	tage and
Bristol, 9 15 New Brunswick, as above, 26 Burlington, 1 16 32 Perth Amboy, 12 38 Philadelphia, 3 35 New York, 25 63 To Easton, Pa. by Stage. 9 New York, 25 63 Penth Amboy, 12 38 New York, 25 63 To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, 1 Pittstown, 6 25 Sand Hills, on C. & A. Pittstown, 4 38 Rail Road, 2 6 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Crosswicks, 3 9 Easton, 8 51 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 1 To New York, by Rail Road. Nillham, 1 Nillham, 1	Bordentown,	4 6	Steam Boat	
Bridesburg, 16 32 Philadelphia, 3 35 To Easton, Pa. by Stage. Penington, 9 Ringoes, 10 19 Flemington, 6 25 Pittstown, 9 34 Hickorytown, 4 38 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New York, by Rail Road. Clarks, 8 Perth Amboy, 12 38 Perth Amboy, 12 38 New York, by Stage. To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, 1 White Horse, 3 4 Rail Road, 2 6 Crosswicks, 3 9 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 1 Williamsburg, 10 11	Bristol,	9 15	New Brunswick, as	
Philadelphia, 3 35 To Easton, Pa. by Stage. Penington, 9 Ringoes, 10 19 Flemington, 6 25 Pittstown, 9 34 Hickorytown, 4 38 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New York, by Rail Road. Clarks, 8 New York, 25 63 To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, 1 White Horse, 3 4 Sand Hills, on C. & A. Rail Road, 2 6 Crosswicks, 3 9 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 1 Williamsburg, 10 11	Burlington,		above,	26
Philadelphia, 3 35 To Easton, Pa. by Stage. Penington, 9 Ringoes, 10 19 Flemington, 6 25 Pittstown, 9 34 Hickorytown, 4 38 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New York, by Rail Road. Clarks, 8 New York, 25 63 To Crosswicks, by Stage. Bloomsbury, 1 White Horse, 3 4 Rail Road, 2 6 Crosswicks, 3 9 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 1 Williamsburg, 10 11	Bridesburg,	16 32	Perth Amboy,	12 38
Penington, 9 Bloomsbury, 1 Ringoes, 10 19 White Horse, 3 4 Flemington, 6 25 Sand Hills, on C. & A. Rail Road, 2 6 Pittstown, 9 34 Crosswicks, 3 9 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 1 Clarks, 8 Williamsburg, 10 11	Philadelphia,	3 35		25 63
Penington, 9 Bloomsbury, 1 Ringoes, 10 19 White Horse, 3 4 Flemington, 6 25 Sand Hills, on C. & A. Rail Road, 2 6 Pittstown, 9 34 Crosswicks, 3 9 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 1 Clarks, 8 Williamsburg, 10 11				
Penington, 9 Bloomsbury, 1 Ringoes, 10 19 White Horse, 3 4 Flemington, 6 25 Sand Hills, on C. & A. Rail Road, 2 6 Pittstown, 9 34 Crosswicks, 3 9 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 1 Clarks, 8 Williamsburg, 10 11	To Easton, Pa. b	y Stage.	To Crosswicks, by	Stage.
Flemington, Pittstown,	Penington,	9		
Pittstown, 9 34 Rail Road, 2 6 Hickorytown, 4 38 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New York, by Rail Road. Clarks, 8 Rail Road, 2 6 Crosswicks, 3 9 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. Millham, 1 Williamsburg, 10 11	Ringoes,	10 19	White Horse,	3 4
Hickorytown, 4 38 Crosswicks, 3 9 Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. To New York, by Rail Road. Millham, 1 Williamsburg, 10 11	Flemington, -	6 25	Sand Hills, on C. &	z A.
Bloomsbury, 5 43 Easton, 8 51 To New Brunswick, by Delaware and Raritan Canal. To New York, by Rail Road. Clarks, 8 Williamsburg, 10 11	Pittstown,	9 34	Rail Road,	26
Easton, 8 51 To New Brunswick, by Del- aware and Raritan Canal. To New York, by Rail Road. Clarks, 8 Williamsburg, 10 11	Hickorytown,		Crosswicks,	3 9
Easton, 8 51 To New Brunswick, by Del- aware and Raritan Canal. To New York, by Rail Road. Clarks, 8 Williamsburg, 10 11	Bloomsbury,			
To New York, by Rail Road. Millham, 1 Clarks, 8 Williamsburg, 10 11	Easton,	8 51	To New Brunswick	, by Del-
To New York, by Rail Road. Millham, 1 Clarks, 8 Williamsburg, . 10 11			aware and Raritan	Canal.
Clarks, 8 Williamsburg, 10 11	To New York, by R	ail Road.	Millham,	
Williamsburg, 3 11 Kingston, 3 14	Clarks,		Williamsburg, .	10 11
	Williamsburg,	3 11	Kingston,	3 14

Rocky Hill	2 16	Bordentown,	4 6
Griggstown,	2 18		
Blackwells,	4 22	To Saxtonville by C	Canal.
Millstone,	3 25	Yardleyville Ferry,	5
Boundbrook,	5 30	Jacobs Creek,	2 7
New Brunswick,	7 37	Titusville,	3 10
		Belle Mt.	3 13
To Bordentown, by	Dela-	Lambertville and	
ware and Raritan C	anal.	New Hope,	3 16
Bloomsbury,	1	Prattsville,	5 21
Lamberton,	1 2	Saxtonville,	3 24

Trenton, T. (226.) Trenton, N. C. (237.) Troupsville, N. Y. (56.)

Troy, N. Y. (83,) a large and flourishing city, and seat of justice for Renssellaer county. Its population is about 15,000, with numerous elegant public buildings and private dwellings. Among the former are four banks, seven churches, a courthouse, &c.

ROUTES FROM TROY.

To Whitehall, by Ch	ample	ain	Whitehall,	12	70
Lansingburg,		4	To Saratoga, by Rail	Ro	ad.
Anthony's Kill,	10	14	Waterford,		4
Stillwater,	3	17	Anthony's Kill,	8	12
Bemis' Heights,	4	21	Round lake,	4	16
Fort Miller,	12	43	Ballston,	81/2	241
Fort Edward,	5	48	Saratoga,	6	301
Sandy Hill,	2	50	(For routes to Montre	al,	Uti-
Kingsbury,	4	54	ca, Buffalo, &c. see	· Ro	utes
Fort Ann,	4	5 8	from Albany.")		

Tannewanta Canal, see N. York.

Troy and Ballston Rail Road, see N. York, (83.)

Troy, O. (124.)

Troy, Ind. (167.)

Troy, Ten. (205.)

Truxtun, N. Y. (80.)

Truxville, O. (125.)

Tuckerton, N. J. (158.)

Tuckersville, Ga. (305.)

Tulins, Lou. (277.)
Tunkhannock, Pa. (107)
Turner, N. C. (217.)
Tuscaloosa, Ala. (266.) Capital of the state.
Tuscaloosa R., Ala. (266.)
Tuscumbia, Ala. (247.)
Tuscumbia Rail Road, see Alabama, (246.)
Tushcacuta, Miss. (246.)

Ufallah, Ga. (301.) Underwood, Ala. (246.) Underwoods, Miss. (264.) Union, N. Y. (83.) Union Canal, (132.) see Pa. Union, Pa. (153.)

Unadilla, N. Y. (81.) Union Canal, (85.) see N. H. Union, Mo. (163.) Union, S. C. (253.) Union T., Va. (194.) Unity, Me. (40.)

United States of North America, or "America," as they are termed by foreigners, consist of the following States, Territories and Districts.

States.—Maine; New Hampshire; Vermont; Massachusetts; Rhode Island; Connecticut; New York; New Jersey; Pennsylvania; Delaware; Maryland; Virginia; North Carolina; South Carolina; Georgia; Alabama; Mississippi; Louisiana; Tennessee; Kentucky; Missouri; Illinois; Indiana; Ohio; Arkansas and Michigan.

Territories .- Florida, Wisconsin and Iowa.

Districts.—Columbia; Mandan; Oregon; Osage and Ozark. The Districts of Oregon, Mandan, and Ozark, comprehend the entire region lying west of the states of Missouri, Illinois, Arkansas, Michigan, and the territory of Iowa. A large portion of Mandan, and nearly the whole of Osage and Ozark districts have been assigned to the emigrating Indians, and are known as "the Indian territory."

The whole having a population according to the census of 1830, of 12,835,106, and an area of 2,037,165 square miles.

(A more detailed account of the States, &c. will be found

under the head of each.)

Capital, Washington, lat. 38° 53′ N. Metropolis, New York, lat. 40° 43′ N., long. 2° 55′ E. Congress meet, first Monday in December. Date of Constitution, September 17th, 1787. The elections for President, and members of the Senate and House of Representatives, are determined by the state governments respectively, and occur at different periods. The president is elected for four years; the members of the senate for six, and those of the house of representatives, for two years.

Government.—The executive department consists of a President, who receives \$25,000, and a Vice-President, \$5,000 per annum. Four Secretaries, who are respectively charged with the duties of the various departments of state, the treasury, war, and the navy. Each of the secretaries receive a salary of \$6,000 per annum; one post master general, \$6,000; and the attorney general, \$3,500. These hold their offices at the will

of the President.

Department of State.—The Secretary of this branch of the government, conducts the diplomatic correspondence at home and abroad; negotiates treaties with foreign powers; disseminates the acts of Congress and all treaties; grants passports; has charge of the patent-office, and of the seal of the United States, &c. &c.

The Secretary of the Treasury, superintends all fiscal concerns of the government, and, upon his own responsibility, recommends to Congress measures for improving the condition of the revenue, and settles all government accounts, in which he is aided by two comptrollers, five auditors, a treasurer and a register. The General Land Office is a subordinate branch of this department.

The secretary of war has the superintendence of military affairs generally; the erection of fortifications; of making topographical surveys; surveying and leasing the national lead

mines, and of the intercourse with Indian tribes.

The secretary of the navy issues all orders to the navy of the United States, and superintends the concerns of the navy establishment generally. The board of navy commissioners consisting of three officers of the navy, is attached to the office of the secretary of the navy. This board discharges all the ministerial duties of that office.

General Post Office.—This department is under the superintendence of the post master general, who has two assistants. The post master general has the sole appointment of all the post-masters throughout the United States, and the direction

of every thing relating to this department.

The Legislature,—Consists of a Senate and House of Representatives, styled the Congress of the United States; meet once every year. The Senate is composed of 52 members; two from each state. They are chosen by the legislatures of the several states, for the term of six years, one third of them being elected biennially.

The vice-president of the United States is president of the Senate. In his absence a president pro-tempore is chosen by

the Senate.

The House of Representatives is composed of members from each of the states, elected by the people for a term of two years. The present number of representatives is 235, and three delegates, one from each of the territories.

The Judiciary.—The Supreme Court consists of a Chief Justice, with a salary of \$5000 per annum, and six associate justices, who receive annually \$4500 each; one attorney-gen-

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eral, clerk, marshal, &c. The Supreme Court meets once a

year, on the second Monday in January.

Circuit Courts. Each of the justices of the Supreme Court, attends also in a certain circuit, consisting of two or more districts, appropriated to each, and, in conjunction with the judge of the district, compose a circuit court, which is held in each district of the circuit twice a year. The district courts are held respectively by the district judge alone. They are composed of twenty eight judges, to each of whom a certain district is assigned. Each of these districts embraces an entire state, except those of New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Alabama, Louisiana and Tennessee, which are divided into two districts each.

(For information on the physical structure, productions, &c.

of the United States, see the individual states.)

University, N. C. (235.) Upper Canada, U. C. (54.) Upper Marlboro, Md. (177.) Upper Sandusky, O. (125.) Upperville, Va. (155.) Urbanna, O. (125.) Urbanna, Va. (198.)

Utica, N. Y. (58.) On the right bank of the Mohawk, 96 miles by rail-road, W. N. W. of Albany. Population about 15,000. Utica, like most of the towns in middle and western New York, presents an air of uncommon neatness, which viewed in connection with the vast amount of its business, does not fail to arrest the notice of strangers. The Erie Canal, and the rail road from Albany, westward, pass through the heart of the city, giving life and animation to all its parts. Several hundred persons, chiefly emigrants, daily arrive at and depart from the city, by means of the canals, rail and turnpike roads, which diverge as from a centre, to every quarter of the state. The Trenton Falls, about 14 miles north of Utica, deserve notice. They consist of a succession of cascades formed by the passage over a limestone ridge of the West Canada Creek, a tributary of the Mohawk. The principal fall has a descent of about 70 feet, none of the others exceed 30 feet in perpendicular height. The aggregate fall of the entire series, is about 400 feet, extending in a direction from north to south, nearly four miles. The rock, a slaty limestone, has every appearance of having been abraided by the action of the water, to its topmost stratum. In some places, the sides of the narrow ravine are nearly two hundred feet above the surface of the stream, which is constantly encroaching upon its bcd, and sinking deeper and deeper into the solid rock.

ROUTES FROM UTICA.

To Albany by C	anal.		To Rochester, by	Canal	
Frankfort,		10	Whitesboro,		4
Herkimer,	5	15	Rome,	11	15
Little Falls,	7	22	New London,	7	22
Canajoharie,	19	41	Canistota,	14	36
Caughnawaga,	12	53	New Boston,	4	40
Amsterdam,	11	64	Chitteningo,	4	44
Schenectady,	18	82	Manlius,	8	52
Troy,	21	103	Syracuse,	9	61
Albany,	7	110	Geddesburg,	2	63
			Canton,	12	75
To Albany, by Ra	il Roa	d.	Jordan,	6	81
Herkimer,		17	Montezuma,	15	96
Little Falls,	7	24	Clyde,	11	107
Palatine Bridge,	20	44	Lyons,	9	116
Caughnawaga,	12	56	Palmyra,	15	131
Amsterdam,	9	65	Pittsford,	19	150
Schenectady,	15	80	Rochester,	10	160
Albany,	16	96			
,					

v.

Vacasausa B., Fl. (328.) Vance, G. (250.)

Vandalia, Il. (164,) capital of the state of Illinois. Population, 1,500.

STAGE ROUTES FROM VANDALIA.

To Terre Haute.	Vincennes, 10 97
Ewington, 31 Embarras R. 28 59	To Shawneetown.
Terre Haute, 46 105	Mt. Vernon, 24 49
To St. Louis, Mo.	M'Leansboro, 30 79 Shawneetown, 28 107
Greenville, 16	
Edwardsville, 33 49 St. Louis, 20 69	To America. 25
To Vincennes.	Mt. Vernon, 24 49
Maysville, 45	Frankfort, 30 79 Vienna, 36 115
Lawrenceville, 42 87	America, 25 140

To Kaskaskia		1	Elk Hart Grove,	8	78
Carlyle,			Athens,	. 10	88
Covington,	10	38	Pekin,	40	128
New Nashville,	8	46	Little Prairie,	9	137
Kaskaskia,	40	86	Peoria, Rock River,	1	138
			Rock River,	76	214
To Galena.		1	Galena,	63	277
Springfield,		70			

Vansville, Md. (156.)	Venus, Il. (117.)
Vareens, S. C. (275.)	Vergennes, Vt. (36.)
Varennes, S. C. (252.)	Vermillion R. Il. (120.)
Vassalboro, Me. (40.)	Vermillion Bay, Fl. (321.)

Vermont, state of, (84,) is divided into 13 counties. Population in 1830, 280,679. Area, 9,800 square miles. Capital, Montpelier. Metropolis, Bennington, lat. 42° 53′ N. long. 3° 45′ E. General election, first Tuesday in September. Legislature meet, second Thursday in October. Constitution formed, 1777.

Government.—Governor, salary \$750 per annum. Lieutenant-governor, and a council of 12 persons, who are all chosen annually. Legislature consists of a single body, a house of representatives, the members of which are elected annually,

and are styled the General Assembly.

Judiciary:—consists of a supreme court, having a chief justice and four associate judges, and a county court for each county, composed of one of the judges of the supreme court and two assistant judges, all elected annually by the general assembly. A council of censors, (13 persons,) is chosen every seven years, for the purpose of inquiring whether the laws

have been faithfully executed, &c.

Physical Structure.—Vermont, as its name implies, is a mountainous region, the great Allegheny mountains pass through the entire length of the state, separating the waters of the Connecticut, from those running into Lake Champlain. A few miles east from Middlebury, a spur leaves the main ridge, and passing in a north-eastern course, is successively broken by Onion, Lamcelle and Misisque rivers. The space intervening between the primary and secondary ranges, forms a table-land, having a mean altitude of not less than 800 feet above the surface of Lake Champlain. This plateau, in its turn, supports a multitude of hills and mountain peaks,

in some places insulated, and in others forming continuous ranges of several miles in extent. Besides the ridges just mentioned, other mountains of great elevation, occur in the southwestern part of the state, altogether presenting a surface exceedingly rough and uneven.

Lakes.—Champlain, Memphramagog, Seymour, Westmore,

Trout, Bombazine, &c.

Rivers.—Connecticut, White, Passumsick, Missisque, La Moelle, Onion, Otter, &c.

Islands .- North Hero, South Hero, La Motte, &c.

Productions.—Wheat, rye, barley, indian corn, oats, pot and

pearl ashes, provisions. &c.

Towns.—Montpelier, Bennington, Burlington, Middlebury, Windsor, Woodstock, Rutland, Danville, Fayetteville, Vergen-

nes, St. Albans, &c. &c.

Internal Improvements.—Bellows Falls Canal, around those falls, half a mile long. Waterquechy Canal. White River Canal. All the preceding canals are designed to overcome falls in the Connecticut river.

Vernon, N. Y. (58.) Vernon, O. (102.) Vernon, N. J. (108.) Vernon, Ind. (147.) Vernon, T. (227.) Vernon, Ga. (288.) Versailles, Ind. (147.) Versailles, K. (169.) Vevay, Ind, (168.) Vicksburg, Miss. (279.) Victor, N. Y. (79.) Vienna, Md. (178.) Vienna, Il. (186.) Vincennes, Ind. (166.)

Virginia state of, (193,) is divided into 123 counties. Population, in 1830, 1,211,272, including 469,724 slaves. Area, 66,624 square miles. Capital and metropolis, Richmond. Lat. 37° 32′ N. Long. 0° 26′ W. Constitution amended and adopted in 1830. General election, April. Legislature meet,

first Monday in December.

Government.—Governor elected by the General Assembly—term of office three years, salary \$3,333 1-3. Lieutenant-governor, \$1,000. Two counsellors, each \$1,000. Treasurer and auditor, each \$2,000. Legislature, styled the General Assembly of Virginia, consists of a senate and house of delegates. The senate consists of 32 members: and the house of delegates of 134, of which 31 are elected by the counties in western Virginia. The legislature meets annually on the first Monday in December, at Richmond, the capital of the state.

Judiciary.—The court of appeals consists of a president with a salary of \$2,750, and four other judges, whose salary is 2,500 each. This court holds two sessions annually, one at Richmond for East Virginia; the other at Lewisburg in Greenbrier county, for West Virginia, including all the counties west of the blue ridge, commencing on the first Monday in July, and continuing ninety days, if business requires it.

General court.—The state is divided into ten districts and twenty-one circuits. There are twenty-one judges,—one for each circuit. A circuit superior court of law and chancery is

held twice every year in each county and corporation.

Physical Structure.—All that portion of the state which lies east of the road leading from Fredericksburg to Petersburg, &c. comprising about 8,000 square miles, is level and but little elevated above the ocean; some parts of it are constantly, and others occasionally inundated. The country which intervenes between that just mentioned and the Blue ridge, is much broken, its ascents abrupt and rocky, and presents other characteristics of a mountainous region. West of the Blue ridge, the entire region consists of a succession of elevated ridges, between which, valleys of great fertility occur, these, although greatly depressed below the summits of the adjacent mountains, are elevated several hundred feet above the occan tides.

After passing the Allegheny mountain, the surface is much broken by the action of the waters, as they passed over the surface of that immense inclined plane, and thus formed those deep chasms and ravines, through which the streams generally flow. To this abrasion may be ascribed the mountainous appearance which the western part of the state presents. What appears to be mountains, are however nothing more than buttresses, which support the table-land in the rear. The natural geography of the state may be thus briefly defined; in the east, level; in the centre, mountainous; and in the west, hilly with extensive elevated plains.

Bays and Rivers.—Chesapeake Bay, and rivers Potomac, South Branch of Potomac, Shenandoah, Rappahanoe, York, James, Appomatox, Nottoway, Roanoke, Dan, &c. in the east; Ohio, Monongahela, Cheat, Great and Little Kanawha, Elk, Gauley, Greenbrier, New, Guyandot, Sandy, Clinch, Holston,

&c. in the western part.

Productions.—Wheat, rye, Indian corn, oats, buckwheat, tobacco, &c. Salt is manufactured in large quantities in the western part of the state, gold is found in Spotsylvania, and some of the adjacent counties.

Towns.—Richmond, Petersburg, Norfolk, Lynchburg, Fredericksburg, Williamsburg, Charlottsville, Fairfax, Wurrenton, Leesburg, east of the blue ridge. Winchester, Staunton, Harrisonburg, Warm Springs, Wheeling, Parkersburg, Charleston,

Pt. Pleasant, Abington, &c. in the west.

Internal Improvements .- James River Canal, is merely a series of 12 locks, which connects the river with a basin at Richmond 80 feet above tide water. From this basin proceeds the Richmond Canal, 25 feet wide, and 4 deep, for 21/2 miles, when it unites with the river. Three miles further is a short canal of three locks, around a fall of 34 feet. James and Jackson River Canal and Navigation, commences at the basin at Richmond, and extends to Maiden's Adventure Falls, 301 miles. Balcony Falls Canal extends along the bank of James River, through a gap of the Blue ridge, length 6-81 miles. An extension of the James River Canal, to Lynchburg, is now in course of execution, and its continuation to Covington is proposed. The Roanoke improvement consists of a slack water navigation, and extends from the Weldon Canal in N. Carolina to Salem in Virginia, 244 miles. The Dan, Chowan, Slate, Rappahanoc, Appomatox, Shenandoah, Potomac, Monongahela, and Kanawha rivers, have been similarly improved. Dismal Swamp Canal, extends from Deep Creek, a tributary of Chesapeake Bay, to Joyce's Creek, a branch of Pasquotank river of Albemarle sound, length 23 miles. Two lateral canals, one from Lake Drummond, 5 miles in length, which in addition to its uses for the purposes of navigation, serves as a feeder to the main trunk; and the other 6 miles long, opens a communication between the principal canal, and the head waters of North West river.—Rail Roads. Manchester Rail Road, extends from Manchester to the coal mines, length 13 miles. Winchester Rail Road extends from Harper's Ferry to Winchester, length 30 miles. Petersburg and Roanoke Rail-Road, extends from Petersburg in Virginia, to Blakely, at the foot of the Roanoke canal, in N. Carolina, length 59-38 miles. A branch from this road leaves the main lines about 10 miles from Blakely, which extends to the head of the rapids of Roanoke, length about 12 miles. Portsmouth and Roanoke Rail Road, commences at Portsmouth opposite Norfolk, passes in a direct course, intersects the Petersburg road 6 miles from Blakely, and terminates in the Roanoke, a short distance below the Petersburg branch, length 80 miles. Richmond and Petersburg Rail Road, length 21-50 miles. Richmond and Fredericksburg Rail-Road length 64 miles. A branch leaves this

road near Hanover court house, and extends to Gordonsville a distance of about 55 miles. Belleplain Rail-Road, extends from Fredericksburg to Belleplain, situated on a branch of the Potomac, (in progress,) length 11 miles. The Baltimore and Ohio Rail-Road, after crossing the Potomac at Harper's Ferry, will be carried through Jefferson, Berkeley, Morgan and Hampshire counties of Virginia, and thence pass into Maryland.

The Eastern shore Rail-Road of Maryland will also be extended into Virginia, passing into the peninsula of Accomac and Northampton counties. These sections are now in pro-

gress.

Rail-roads from Fredericksburg to Alexandria in the district of Columbia, with a branch to Warrenton;—From Pctersburg to Farmville;—From Richmond to Danville, via Cumberland C. H., Farmville, Maryville and Banister;—From Danville to Martinsville, thence to Evansham, Abingdon, &c. to unite with the Tennessee Rail-road from Knoxville;—From Danville to Newbern in Montgomery county;—From Lynchburg to Newbern;—From Buchannan to Salem, with a branch to Fincastle;—From Covington, the proposed western terminus of the James river canal, to Loop Shoals, on the Great Kanawha;—From Weldon, in N. Carolina, along the right bank of the Roanoke, to Danville;—From Orange C. H. to Charlottsville; and from Gordonsville to Harrison, are proposed.

Volina, F. (338.)

W.

Wabash and Erie Canal, see Indiana, (123.)
Weldon Canal, see N. Carolina, (217.)
West Chester Rail-Road, see Pennsylvania, (133.)
Waterquechy Canal, see Vermont, (61.)
White River Canal, see Vermont, (61.)
Wilmington and Downingtown Rail-Road, see Delaware, (157.)

ware, (157.)
Washington Canal, see New
Jersey, (134.)
Winyaw Canal, see South

Carolina, (274.)
Winchester Rail Road, see
Virginia, (154.)
Wabash R. Ind. (122.)
Wabash R. Il. (144.)
Wacanda, Mo. (117.)
Waddington, N. Y. (34.)
Wadesboro, K. (206.)
Wadesboro, N. C. (234.)
Wallace, Lou. (277.)
Wallingford, Ct. (110.)
Walnutgrove, K. (190.)
Walterboro, S. C. (290.)
Walton, N. Y. (81.)
Wareboro, Ga. (304.)
Warm Springs, N. C. (132.)

Warm Springs, Va. (174,) a noted watering place, situated in Bath county, on the western declivity of Spring mountain. The waters, used chiefly for bathing, are characterized by a high and uniform degree of temperature, (97½°,) and the presence of sulphuretic hydrogen, and carbonic acid gasses. (For distances between the various watering places in central Virginia, see "White Sulphur Spring.")

Warren, Me. (40.)
Warren, O. (102.)
Warren, Pa. (103.)
Warren O. (128.)
Warren, Va. (196.)
Warrenton, Va. (176.)
Warrenton, N. C. (216.)
Warrenton, Ga. (271.)
Warrington, Miss. (279.)
Warwassing, N. Y. (108.)
Warwick, R. I. (111.)
Warwick, Md. (157.)

Washington, N. H. (61.)
Washington, Pa. (128.)
Washington, O. (149.)
Washington, Ind. (166.)
Washington, Va. (175.)
Washington, T. (230.)
Washington, N. C. (237.)
Washington, N. C. (257.)
Washington, Ark. (260.)
Washington, Ga. (271.)
Washington, Ala. (284.)
Washington, Miss. (295.)

Washington, D. C. (176.) Capital of the United States. Population, 18,827.

This city is laid out on a great scale. Its avenues and principal streets, radiate from centres formed by the various public buildings, and are from 130 to 160 feet wide. Pennsylvania Avenue, which leads from the capitol to the president's house, is the principal place of business, and the great promenade of the city. Many of the other streets are wide and well built. The greater part of the city plot, however, remains unoccupied.

The public buildings, &c. are, 1. The capitol, 363 feet in length, with an open area containing 22½ acres; cost of the capitol was \$2,596,500. 2. The president's house about 1 1-4 mile from the capitol. 3. The public offices, four in number, in the immediate vicinity of the president's house: these buildings are occupied by the four departments of the government. 4. The general post office. The navy yard is situated on the eastern branch of the Potomac. In addition to the above, which belong to the United States, there are many public buildings, erected by the local authorities of the city and others, among these are; the city hall, Columbia college, catholic college, market house, theatre, several banks, 17 churches, &c.

ROUTES FROM WASHINGTON.

To Baltimore, by S		Aldie,	24 47
Bladensburg,	6	Upperville	14 61
Vansville,	8 14	Millwood,	10 71
Elkridge Landing,	15 2 9	Winchester,	13 84
Baltimore,	8 37		
		M T7: : : 0 .	
To Dover, Del		To Virginia Sprin	igs, by
Bladensburg,	6	Stage.	
Pawtuxet R.,	20 26	Alexandria,	9
Annapolis,	14 40	Fairfax C. H.	15 24
Broad Cr. (by water,)	12 52	Centreville,	8 32
Sharktown,	4 56	Bull Run,	3 35
Queenstown,	8 64	Buckland Mills,	11 46
Centreville,	7 71	New Baltimore,	4 50
Georgetown,	25 96	Warrenton,	6 56
Dover,	8 104	Lee's Sulphur Spring	s, 6 62
		Jefferson,	3 65
To Point Looko	ut.	Fairfax C. H.	12 77
Welby,	7	Cedar Mt.	6 83
Piscataway,	8 15	Rapidan,	6 89
Port Tobacco,	14 29	Orange C. H.	· 7 95
Newport,	13 42	(Thence to Montpelie	
Chaytico,	10 52	seat of Mr. Madiso	n,
Leonardtown,	5 57	5 miles.)	
Great Mills,	11 68	Gordonsville,	8 104
St. Inigoes,	7 75	Monticello,	16 120
Pt. Lookout,	10 85	Charlottesville and	3 123
		University of Va.	5
To Richmond, V	~a.	York,	19 142
Alexandria,	9	Waynesboro,	6 148
Oecoquan,	17 26	Staunton,	12 16)
Dumfries,	9 35	Jennings N. Mt.	17 177
Aquia,	9 44	Cloverdale,	12 189
Fredericksburg,	14 58	Green Valley,	11 200
Bowlinggreen,	22 80	Warm Springs,	13 213
Hanover, C. H.	23 103	Hot Springs,	5 218
Richmond,	19 122	Jackson River,	9 227
Teronimonu,	10 188	Calahan's,	11 238
To Winchester,	Va.	White Sulphur Sp.	18 256
		Sweet Sulphur Sp.	28 284
Alexandria,	9	Salt Sulphur Sp.	1 285
Fairfax C. H.	14 23	Red Sulphur Spr.	14 299

To Frederick, I	Md.		Washington's Birth		
Simonsville,		7	place,	11	76
Rockville,	7	114	Ragged Point,	15	91
		21	Point Lookout,	16	107
Seneca, Middlebrook,		26	Pawtuxent R.	20	127
		34	Sharp's Island,	22	149
Hyattstown,	-	45	Herring Bay,	10	159
Frederick,	11	. 40	Bodkin Pt.	32	191
			Baltimore,	13	204
To Baltimore, by Stee	am B	Soat.			
Alexandria,		8	To Harper's Ferry, by	Ca	nal.
Mount Vernon,	9	17	Great Falls,		13
Crane Island,	5	22	Seneca Creek,	10	23
Cook's Ferry,	13	35	Peter's Quarry,	17	40
Boyd's Hole,	15	50	Monocacy R.		45
Mathew's point,	8	58	Cotoctin, Cr.	12	57
Cedar Pt.	7	65	Harper's Ferry,	12	69

Washitta R., Ark. (241.)
Washitta R., Lou. (278.)
Waterford, Me. (39.).
Waterford, N. Y. (83.)
Waterford, Pa. (102.)
Waterford, Pa. (131.)
Waterford, O. (151.)
Waterholes, Miss. (296.)
Waterloo, Ala. (246.)
Watertown, N. Y. (58.)
Watertown, Ct. (109.)
Waynesboro, T. (227.)
Waynesboro, G. (272.)
Waynesboro, N. C. (236.)
Waynesville, N. C. (232.)
Waynesburg, Pa. (152.)
Wayne, Ind. (97.)
Wayne, Pa. (133.)
Weathersford, Ala. (284.)
Weatlotucko, Ga. (285.)

Webbville, Fl. (314.) Well, K. (189.) Welfleet, Mass. (112.) Wellsboro, Pa. (105.) Wells, Me. (63.) Wells, Pa. (156.) Wentworth, N. H. (62.) Wentworth, N. H. (215.) Westminster, Vt. (61.) Westminster, Md. (156.) Westport, Md. (153.) West Point, N. Y., seat of the United States Military Academy, (109.) Weston, Va. (152.) Westville, Miss. (296.) West Union, O. (170.) West Chester, Pa. (157.) West, N. Y. (57.) Weymouth, N. J. (158.)

Wheeling, Va. (128.) This town is not only important as it regards population, but is also the leading point in one of the great thoroughfares of this section of the United States.

Its population in 1830, was 5,221, but the number has increased considerably since that period. The national road leading from Cumberland to the western capitals, passes through Wheeling; at this point emigrants and travellers embark on board of steam boats for every part of the western country.

ROUTES FROM WHEELING.

Nati	onal	Lancaster,	10 116
		Tarlton,	14 130
	16	Kingston,	8 138
6	22		12 150
9	31		
12	43	To Wooster.	0.
11	54	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13
12	66		9 22
21	87		33 55
29	116		3 58
10	126		18 76
21	147		16 92
18	165	wooster,	10 32
27	192	(77 T) (
12	204	To Pittsburg	g.
16	220	Washington, Pa.	31
5 9	279		7 38
			17 55
by th	e		1 56
l.		·	
	10	To Pittsburg, bu	Steam
12	22		
12			0
14			6 14
7	55		$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ 14 \\ 7 \ 21 \end{array}$
15	70		•
10	80		22 43
27	107		19 62
28	135	Economy,	9 71
			9 80
e.		Pittsburg,	11 91
	80		
9	89	To Cincinnati, by	S. Boat.
9	98	Elizabethtown,	13
8		Sistersville,	35 48
	1	2*	
	6 9 12 11 12 29 10 21 18 27 12 16 59 by th l. 12 12 14 77 155 100 278 28 9 9	6 22 9 31 12 43 11 54 12 66 21 87 29 116 10 126 21 147 18 165 27 192 12 204 16 220 59 279 by the 1. 10 12 22 12 34 14 48 7 55 15 70 10 80 27 107 28 135 e. 80 9 89 9 98 8 106	Tarlton, Kingston, Chillicothe, 9 31 12 43 11 54 12 66 21 87 29 116 10 126 21 147 18 165 27 192 12 204 16 220 59 279 by the 1. 10 12 22 12 34 14 48 7 55 15 70 10 80 27 107 28 135 To Wooster, To Wooster, To Pittsburg, Washington, Pa. Canonsburg, Birmingham, Pittsburg, To Pittsburg, by Boat. To Pittsburg, by Boat. To Pittsburg, by the To Pittsburg, Birmingham, Pittsburg, Steubenville, Fawcetstown, Beaver, Economy, Middletown, Pittsburg, To Cincinnati, by Elizabethtown,

17	65 [Portsmouth,	41 255
16	81	Manchester,	36 291
			10 301
17	111	Ripley,	7 308
30	141	Augusta,	9 317
			15 332
			26 358
34	207	(For continuation to	N. Or-
	16 13 17 30 29 3	16 81 13 94 17 111 30 141 29 170 3 173 34 207	16 81 Manchester, 13 94 Maysville, 17 111 Ripley, 30 141 Augusta, 29 170 Point Pleasant, O.

White Apple, Miss. (295.)
Whitehall, N. Y. (60.)
White Hills, N. H. (38.)
White River, Ind. (123.)
White R. Ark. (201.)

White Sulphur Spring, Va. (194,) in Greenbrier county, a place of fashionable resort during the months of July, August and September, and the most celebrated among the innumerable mineral springs which abound in the central parts of Virginia. The water is highly charged with sulphuretted hydrogen gas, which affects the atmosphere at night, to a considerable distance around the spring.

ROUTES FROM THE WHITE SULPHUR SPRING.

To Washington	City.		Washington City,	9	256
Callahan's,		18			
Jackson river,	11	29	m		
Hot Springs,	9	38	To Guyandot.		
Warm Springs,	5	43	Lewisburg,		10
Green Valley,	13	56	Shrewsbury,	78	88
Cloverdale,	11	67	Charleston,	8	96
Staunton,	29	96	Barboursville,	36	132
Waynesboro,	12	108	Guyandot,	5	137
York,		114			
Charlottesville,	19	133	To Richmond.		
Monticello,		136			
Gordonsville,		152	Callahan's,		18
Orange C. H.	8	160	Covington,	7	25
Fairfax C. H.	19	179	Colliertown,	25	-
Jefferson,		191	Lexington,	8	
Lee's Sulphur Sprin	g, 3	194	Lynchburg,	40	98
Warrenton,	6	200	Planterstown,	32	
New Baltimore,	6	206	Cumberland C. H.	24	
Centreville,	-18	224	Scottsville,		179
Alexandria,	23	247	Richmond,	32	211

To Winchester.			From White Sulphur Spring
Warm Spring,		43	to
	35	78	Red Spring, S. S. E. 71 ms. Sweet Spring, S. S. E. 18 "
Spring,	7	85	Sweet Spring, S. S. E. 18 "
Harrisonburg,	22	107	Blue Sulp. do. W. N. W. 21 "
New Market,	18	125	Sweet Sul. " S. S. W. 28 "
Mt. Pleasant,	7	132	Salt Sulp. " S. S. W. 29 "
Woodstock,	13	145	Red Sulp. " S. W. 43 "
Strasburg,	11	156	Grey Sul. " S. S. W. 50 "
Winchester,	18	174	

Wilmington, Del. (157,) the metropolis of the state of Delaware. Population in 1830, 6,628; is now probably 8,000. The public buildings are a city hall, two market houses, three banks, alms house, arsenal, 13 churches, &c. There are in and about Wilmington upwards of 100 extensive manufactories, chiefly on the Brandywine creek. The Brandywine springs are situated about 5 miles west of Wilmington.

ROUTES FROM WILMINGTON.

To Philadelphia by Stage. Gray's Ferry, 9 22				
Chester, 13	Philadelphia R. R., 4 26			
Darby, 9 22	Philadelphia, 1 27			
Philadelphia, 6 28				
	To Baltimore by Rail Road.			
To Philadelphia, by Rail	Newport, 4			
Road,	Newark road, 8 12			
Marcus Hook road, 9	Elkton, 6 18			
Chester, 4 13				

Charleston,	3 27	Red Lion,	7 12
Havre de Grace,	6 33		3 15
Bush River,	12 45	Trap,	4 19
Gunpowder R.	7 52	Cantwell's,	4 23
Back River,	11 63	Smyrna,	10 33
Depot,	4 67	Hamsville,	7 40
Baltimore	1 68	Dover.	5 45
To Baltimore, by St	lage.	To Philadelphia, by	Steam
Christiana,	9	Boat.	
Elkton,	11 20	Delaware R.	3
Havre de Grace,	16 36	Marcus Hook,	8 11
Hartford,	11 47	Chester,	4 15
Gunpowder,	10 57		5 20
Baltimore,	15 72		5 25
		Gloucester Point,	5 30
To Dover, Del		Philadelphia,	3 33
New Castle,	5	•	

Wilsons, Miss. (264.)
Wilshire, O. (124.)
Winchendon, Mass. (84.)
Winchester, Ct. (109.)
Winchester, O. (124,)
Winchester, Va. (154.)
Winehester, K. (169.)
Winchester, T. (228.)
Winchester, Miss. (298.)
Wind Gap, Pa. (133.)
Windham, Me. (63.)
Windham, Ct. (110.)
Windsor, Vt. (61.)
Windsor, Ct. (110.)
Windsor, N. C. (237.)
Winsboro, S. C. (253.)
Winyaw Bay, S. C. (274.)
Wiscasset, Me. (64.)

Wisconson R., Mich. (44.)
Witamky, FI. (329.)
Womelsdorf, Pa. (132.)
Woodsford, O. (151.)
Woodsfoek, Me. (39.)
Woodstock, Wt. (61.)
Woodstock, Vt. (61.)
Woodstock, Va. (175.)
Woodville, Va. (197.)
Woodville, Miss. (295.)
Woodville, Lou. (324.)
Wooster, O. (126.)
Worcester, Mass. (85.)
Worthington, O. (125.)
Wyliesburg, Va. (216.)
Wynton, N. C. (217.)
Wyoming, Pa. (107.)

Wisconsin, Territory of, is divided into 18 counties. Population, about 30,000. Area, 90,720 square miles. Capital, Madison. Lat. 43° 51′ N., Long. 12° 27′ W.

Government.—Governor appointed by the President and Senate; and secretary, who continue in office two years.

The judicial as well as the executive officers of the Territory are chosen by the president of the U. States, by and with the

consent of the senate.

Physical Structure.—Extending from the lat. of 42° 30′ to 49° North, with an area, equal in extent, to two of the bordering states, the Territory of Wisconsin possesses almost every variety of soil—nothing deserving the name of mountain is found within its limits, and, with the exception of the innumerable lakes and swamps which abound in the northern part of the Territory, every part of its surface is susceptible of cultivation. Even in the lead districts, where fertility is scarcely looked for, the agricultural products are in no wise inferior to those of other sections of the country.

Mines of lead have for many years been worked to great advantage. Copper ore has also been recently found in great

abundance, and of superior quality.

X.

Xenia, O. (149.)

Y.

Yadkin R., N. C. (213.) Yakunnee, Miss. (282.) Yancyville, Va. (196.) Yazoo R., Miss. (263.) York, or Toronto, U. C. (54.) York, Me. (63.) York, Il. (145.) York, Pa. (156.) York, Va. (198.) York H., P. (132.) York R., Va. (198.) Yorkville, S. C. (253.) Youngs, II. (165.)

Z.

Zanesville, O. (150.)



TABLE

OF THE COMPARATIVE VALUE OF MONEY,

IN

DIFFERENT COUNTRIES OF EUROPE, ESTIMATED

IN DOLLARS AND CENTS.

The fractional parts of the cents are decimals.

GREAT BRITAIN.		Holland.		
\$	cts.		cts	
Farthing	00,46	Stiver	01,9	94
Penny	01,85	Scalin	11,6	
Groat	07,40	Guilder, or Florin	38,8	
Shilling	22,22	Rix dollar	97,0	
Crown, or 5 shillings 1		Ducat	07,8	
	44,44		3 00,0	
Guinea, 21 shillings 4			, .	
g.	,	Portugal.		
France.		Re	00,1	12
		Vinton	02,5	50
Denier	00,08	Testoon	12,5	
Sol, or 12 deniers	00,92	Crusade of ex	50,0	00
Livre Tournois, or		Milre*	25,0	00
20 sols	18,52	Moidore	00,0	00
Ecu, or crown, 6			3 00,0	
livres 1	10,00		•	
Pistole* 10 livres 1	85,17	ITALY.		
Louis d'or	44,44			
Franc	18,74	Soldi	00,8	80
Five francs	93,70	Chevelet	03,	
		Lire*	15,9	
SPAIN.		Testoon	23,8	38
		Croisade	79,0	
Maravadie*	00,30	Pezzo of ex*	92,0	
Rial	10,00		1 36,	12
Pistarine	20,00		3 20,0	
Piaster of ex*	80,00		•	
	00,00	SWITZERLAND.	1	
Ducat of ex*	10,00			
	60,00	Fenning	90,	24
	,	,		

\$	cts.	PRUSSIA.		
Cruitzer	00,92			
Sol*	02,77		\$	cts.
Gulden	55,55	Grosh		00.86
	00,00	Coustic		04,32
	. 00,00	Tinse		12,96
Austria.		Ort		15,55
Crutzer	00,86	Florin		
Grosh	03,14			25,92
Batzen	03,44	Rix dollar*		77,76
Gould	51,85	Ducat		07,40
Rix dollar	77,77	Frederick d'or	3	88,80
Ducat	2 07,40	Russia.		
Sweden.				
DWEDEN.		Atlin		03,00
Stiver	00,72	Grievener		10,00
Copper marc	02,88	Polpotin		25,00
Silver marc	08,64	Poltin		50,00
Copper dollar	11,52	Ruble	1	
Caroline	25,92	Zervonitz	2	
	03,70	Ziervomtz	~	00,00
_		TT		
Ducat 2	07,40	Turkey.		
DENMARK.		35		00.00
		Mangar		00,28
Skilling	01,04	Asper*		01,12
Duggen	06,24	Parac		03,33
Marc*	16,66	Bestic		05,55
Rix marc	20,83	Estic		11,11
Rix ort	25,00	Solata		22,22
Crown	66,66	Piaster*		88,88
Rix dollar	′	Caragrouch	1	11,10
ICIA GOIIGI	,	Xeriff		22,20
Ducat	00,04	250711		

^{*}These are merely nominal, and not represented by any real coin.











